

There's a bit of Wausau around Chicago's "Loop"



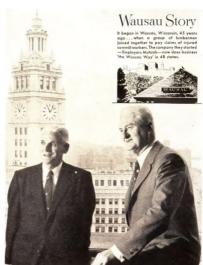
as told by WILLIAM F. MOONEY Reporter, Chicago Daily News

"Employers Mutuals, the folks who've been running that interesting series about Wausau wanted to demonstrate the way they handle workmen's compensation

"But instead of telling the story themselves, Employers Mutuals felt the fairest way would be an impartial report. So as a "curious reporter" I set out to see examples of the "Wausau personality" at work here in Chicago. Some of the unusual things I found are reported in the pictures and captions on this page."



"Recently, Henry Jolias (right), a machinia; tools this hand in a plant accident. Despite ex-cellent medical care, he sar home worrying about how he could work again. Clare Schwartz (center), an Employers Mutuali Kata, the encouraged him to try in friendly talks, the encouraged him to try in Schwartz center one of him started. Later Mis Schwartz arranged for Mr. Julian to have a chance at his old job. He's back now and doing fine. Employers Mutuals, incidentally, was the field with a personnent muring staff."



"E. J. Brach and Son, world's largest candy manufacturers, had always thought of workmen's compensation insurance as a fixed expense-subject to little variation. Particularly so, and the property of the process that resulted in an outstanding subject programs. Side process that resulted in an outstanding subject programs. Side that even under such ideal conditions accidents could be reduced considerable—and in a relatively short time. As a result, insurance costs for this company have been ent and over-all profits increased. 'Employers Mutuals' performance for us and with us has been superb,' say Frank V. and Edwin J. Beach, Executive Officers, pictured above.'

The mothine nobody would bouch "Recently, as Chicago firm had a severe injury at an embossing press. From that moment workers hesitated to use it, fearing injury, a production bottleneck developed. But the company got in touch with Employers Mutuals Frank Hausman (right), a safety engineer specializing in press accident prevention. Mr. Hausman was able to design—on the spot a guard which prevented further accidents and increased production."

Employers Mutuals writes all lines of fire and casualty insurance. We are one of the largest in workmen's compensation. For further information see your nearest representative or call us in Wisconsin on our special line, at Wausau2-1112.



Employers Mutuals of Wausau



"Good people to do business with"



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Creative packaging for better sales enters a new era as Olin Film Division's giant new plant nears completion,

In the aerial photogrash above you see the Olin Film Division's new plant now being rushed to completion in Olin, Indiana. Soon, ever 600 technicians and production men will be gathered here to create more high quality Olin Cellophane. Scheduled for initial production this Fall, this mey plant in full operation will quial the output of our plant in Pisgah Forest, North Carolina.

Whether you are concerned with



can change the course
of a business

cost reduction, new markets, greater per unit sales, or any of a dozen other sales or production problems, investigate the advantages of new and improved packaging in Olin Cellophane and Olin Polyethylene now. Our research, technical service and visual merchandising staff welcomes the opportunity to help you plan today the better packaging that will change the course of your business. Olin Film Division, 655 Madison Ave., New York.



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Architects and builders are invited to write for the new Universal-Rundle Catalog showing the complete line. Home-owners, send 10c in coin for the new U/R full color book, "Planning and Decorating your Dream Bathroom." It's filled with helpful ideas

and illustrates 18 bathrooms in color. Universal-Rundle Corp., 393 River Road, New Castle, Pennsylvania.

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Enigmatic Actor

CONGRATULATIONS ON TIME'S FEB. 27 ASTUTE AND KEENLY OBSERVANT ARTICLE ON BILL HOLDEN, BUT HE IS STILL AN ENIGMA, ISN'T

The Trouble with Harry

The Feb. 13 picture of "Mr. Democrat" was most appropriate. It used to be Pendergast peering over Truman's shoulder; it's Tammany Hall's Boss De Sapio. All are of the same ilk and bilk. When Truman millions of uncommitted people in Asia," he seems to have forgotten under whose administration it was that the Chinese Commies were called "merely agrarian reformers." There are thousands of American casualties of Korea who weren't nearly so happy on "Harry's Night Out."

CARROLL WILLIS Wichita, Kans.

Judging from snatches of his memoirs and recent remarks, Mr. Truman is apparently convinced that he didn't say what he said, or do what he did.

ELIZABETH HAMM

Capital Punishment

They do not often have free votes in the House of Commons; usually the whips are difference compelled to support their party of Parliament and for those who have kept their faith in it. It is a first sign of a real young Conservatives have deserved well of the country by their courage. CHRISTOPHER HOLLIS

(Tory M.P. for Devizes 1945-55) Punch

Moving Mountain

As the long-suffering driver of Adlai Stevenson's plunging Sno-Cat, I have in the past few days been called everything from assas-Subscription Rates: Continental U.S., 1 yr., \$6.00;



OREGON'S LOSS . . .

sin to near hero and perpetrator of overambitious publicity stunts. Now, I have further been taunted by having my beloved Mt Hood spirited across the river to Washington on the pages of Time, Feb. 27. Please, sir, desist from this journalistic gerrymander ing; give us back our mountain and let scare Adlai with such common threats as airplane trouble.

IOHN C. MACONE Timberline, Ore.

Maybe faith can move mountains, but you hoods can only steal them. STEWART HOLBROOK



... IS REPAID HEREWITH, -ED Experiment & Accomplishment

It is refreshing to come across a commentary on contemporary painting by a mag-azine that is neither cowed nor won over by the flood of inanity, (antasy and "uglifica-tion" now so widely acclaimed as art of

Letters to the Editor should be addressed to TIME & LIFE Building, 9 Rockefeller Plaza, New York 20, N.Y.

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Volume LXVII

New Hartford low-cost plan ends worry about really big medical bills

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Never before has there been a plan with so many advantages! New Major Medical Expense Insurance-

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tion - or more, if you choose' - for you and each member of your family. Many advantages. Of course, you'll want to know about every feature of Hartford's Major Medical Expense Insurance, It has many, For example, rates are especially low for younger people. Hospital confinement is not required. Normally healthy people are eligible without a medical examination. Benefits up to the policy

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maximum (\$5,000 or more) apply to each accident and each unrelated illness. And the policy pays you in addition to other insurance benefits you may receive (except Workmen's Compensation).

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TIME, MARCH 12, 1956

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Don't just wish you could die! Do something about the humidity and heat! Call Carrier.

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Carrier Room Air Conditioners cool a bedroom or living room. Carrier Weathermakers air condition a whole house. (See the column at the right.)

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FIRST NAME IN AIR CONDITIONING

importance and value. Your critic appears to be one of the few reviewers who have manexperiment and accomplishment between painting as a manifestation of skill, taste, to the accidental drippings, smearings and daubings of the abstract expressionists.

JAY LAVENSON

Philadelphia

That anyone can take these ravings and doodlings seriously is symptomatic of our morally degenerate and neurotic generation. DAVID WEISE

Los Angeles

TIME should be congratulated for allowing so much space to be devoted to an important subject. In addition to the fine color reproductions, the writing is penetrating and fair. HAL W. METZGER

You know full well that abstract art is the biggest racket since astroi

L. K. CHESTER Mayo, Yukon Territory

It suddenly dawned why these paintings give me no "expression" or "impression." These men have nothing to say, and then like their "works." The only reaction I get is: Who do they think they are kidding? LENNA M. RASMUSSENS

Torrance, Calif.

I thought you did a good job in presenting why some of the abstractions should be enjoyed. But then you go back to your high we should wait around until art becomes meaningful. If Art—literature, drama, art, lic gets some meaning out of it, then the artist might as well resign; possibly he must anticipate the public reaction by a number of years, and not get bogged down in the current trivia of semantics. PETER NEW

Des Moines

I was delighted to behold the reproduction of Pollock's Scent; it is an almost exact replica of the pattern of the linoleum on my kitchen floor. I had no idea I was possessing and single-mindes EARLE GOODRICH LEE

St. Paul

You have done the public a distinguished service in your exposition of modern abstract painting. I particularly like the gallery of inwhat uneasy omniscience of Mark Rothko. W. S. CROLLY

Cassadaga, Fla. Scorpion Tip

While expressing the great satisfaction we derived from your remarkably discerning Feb. 13 analysis of Ransom!, we must in henesty take some exception to its scorpion tail-tip. We find you a little illogical in saying first that "The ransom that is intended to

AGAIN! FOR THE 7TH YEAR AVORITE



Once more Titleist led all other balls as the choice of the Pros and Amateurs in the Big Money Tournaments of 1955.

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purchase the life of a kidnaped child is more likely to buy his death," and then accusing us of having gone on "to make the usual by a sense of responsibility in urging our vast and general audience; but does Truth Isn't this attitude merely one of the many

CYRIL HUMF RICHARD MAIBAUM

20th Century-Fox Beverly Hills, Calif.

The Lonely One (Contd.)

Your Feb. 20 story on Frank Lausche conpray that neither he nor his ilk ever gets into the White House.

CAROLINE APPLETON Oak Park III

What a continuing tragedy that Roman from its Dark Age practices, with its mysticism, Latin mumbo-jumbo, and a blatant intolerance (along religious lines, not racial), calities where such is possible. My humble purpose in writing the above is to call attention to the tragedy wherein our ablest the people of this country H. S. SMITH

Fairmont, S.C.

The suavely conventional Mr. Stevenson opportunistic Mr. Lausche. The Democrats will be much better off running a paper doll that they can call their own than a Cellophane pol whose flirty-flirty eyes wink faith-lessly at gods, men and political orthodoxy. DONALD RALBOVSKY

Washington, D.C. Mails in the Red

The attitude of TIME. Feb. 20, toward Postmaster General Arthur Summerfield's re-port to the President and Congress for a more realistic approach to postal costs is commendable. Postal operations require consire. I know-I have been at it for over 32 years, but you can't expect \$5 service for 50¢.

VINCENT E. CARMICHAEL Scranton, Pa.

Postage rates should not be raised-they county agent's to the farmer. If we are going on the theory that a service department of the Governadmission charge should be placed on all

JOHN L. ANDERSON Glen Gardner, N.1

The postman was scarcely out of the door postmen and, most of all, the Post Office

Department. They have to handle it and run up a deficit doing it. But this could never SIMONE BROCATO, M.D.

East Marion, N.Y.

Looking for Bridey

Your reviewer was flippant in his Feb. 20 and indicated that he was afraid to face the issues involved. Although they have not had

F. M. B. MORTON

A newspaperman from Denver was being interviewed here in connection with his recent visit to "locate" the birthplace etc. of Bridey. He had visited Cork and Belfast he said they were "laughing up their sleeves at his research.

JOE KEANE Limerick, Ireland

Promoting Christianity

Anent Mr. David P. Leas' letter [about the five missionaries killed by the Auca In-dians in Ecuador—Feb. 13]: "Why go into I answer in the words my husband wrote in his last letter to his parents: "Ours is to preach the gospel to every creature . . " Mr. Leas is sure that every creature . . " Mr. Leas is sure that the Lord must be interested in the Aucas "just as they are." God is interested in all mankind just as he is—so interested, in fact, that He sent His Son to die for him. The only trouble is that the Auca doesn't know that yet. The five men intended that they should, "Stay out of the jungles of Ecuador?" Not until every creature has had the chance MRS. P. JAMES ELLIOT

Shandia, Ecuador Neuberger & Nosedives

Your Feb. 6 "Two Nosedives" on Senator Oregon's reactionary G.O.P.s. Possibly Neuberger's comments on the President's health in connection with the forthcoming campaign were ill-advised, but they hardly justified the crocodile tears of William Knowland TIME's resume of the Al Sarena investigation, however, constitutes, if not a nosedive, least a pratfall. Those of us who were familiar with the mine before it was glamor-ized by the Al Sarena label know it as a forlorn hope. Your whitewash of the case nation, but in Oregon it is generally conceded that an obsolete mining law and political influence have been used to take a sizable bite out of our national forest . FRANK HOOVER

Rogue River, Ore.

The "dive" I chuckled over (TIME's naive-

I thought that I would never see While Al Sarena mines the trees! JOHN LOW

La Crosse, Wis.







Sam's calm as a clam now, he's found out at last That RAILWAY EXPRESS is dependably fast!

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Whether you're sending or receiving, whether your shipment is big or small, no matter where you ship . . . it pays to specify Railway Express. You'll find it makes the big difference in speed, economy, and safe, sure delivery. It's the complete shipping service, free enterprise at its best,

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TIME, MARCH 12, 1956



Sleek styling starts with special steel:

Photography turns chemist-helps produce it.

Fenders, hoods, roofs and side panels call for best quality steel—and the watchful eye of photography guards specifications and controls that quality.

Car designers' dreams come true only if steel forms well under the pressure of deep drawing operations. That takes a particular, high quality steel.

Great Lakes Steel Corporation, Detroit, Mich., unit of National Steel Corporation, makes this steel for the automobile industry. And to make sure of its high quality they use photography. For example, during production, spectrograms show chemical makes-up, insure the proper minute quantities of alloying elements. And phomic production of the crystalline structure.

Controlling quality is but one of the many ways photography is working for industry today. In small businesses and large it is aiding product design, simplifying



At Great Lakes Steel a spectrogram is readied for reading in the densitometer—one of the tests that assure quality steel.

production, creating sales, and expediting office routine.

There are ways it can save time and cut costs for you. A few ways appear in the panel shown here.

Check them over.

Eastman Kodak Company, Rochester 4, N. Y.



To create in steel, the flowing lines of today's cars, calls for metal of particular forming qualities.

... and here are 16 basic places where Photography can work for you -5 minutes with this check list can be the soundest business move you've made this year

- Management Progress photos, Stockholder reports. Record preservation, Information distribution, Control and Organization charts
- ☐ Administration File debulking, Purchase schedule, Office layout, Interior decoration, Form printing
- Public Relations-News releases, Institutional, Community relations, Public SUPPLIE
- Personnel Identification photos, Job description, Orientation, Payroll records, Employee personnel records, House organs, Health records, Bulletins
- ☐ Training and Safety-Safety campaigns, Teaching, Reports, Fire prevention
- ☐ Engineering Drawings, Specification sheets, Drawing protection, Pilot radiography
- Production-Time study, Work methods, Legible drawings, Schedules, Process records

- Product Design & Development-Styling, Consumer testing, Motion studies, Stress analysis, Performance
- Advertising-Advertisements, Booklets. Displays, Dealer promotion, Television
- Service Manuals, Parts lists, Installation photos, Training helps, Records
- Research-Reports, Flow studies, Process charts, Library, Photomicrography, electron-micrography, x-ray diffraction, high-speed motion pictures, etc.
- ☐ Testing & Quality Control-Test setups, Reports, Standards library, Radiography, Instrument recording
- ☐ Warehousing & Distribution Inven tory control, Damage records. Wavbill duplicates, Flow layouts, Packing & loading records
- Purchasing -Schedules, Duplicate engineering prints, Specifications, Component selection, Source information

- ☐ Sales Portfolios, Dealer helps, Sales talks, Price & delivery information
- ☐ Plant Engineering & Maintenance-Plant layout, Repair proposals, Piping & Wiring installations, Progressive maintenance, Record debulking



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HOW THE BIG DITCH ALMOST MISSED PANAMA

The year Rand M: Nally was founded, a trick of fate almost put the Panama Canal through Nicaragua. A colorful ex-newspaperman. William Walker, led a band of armed immigrants to Nicaragua and made himself President. His dreams of a Central American empire and a Nicaraguan canal were cut short by a countervelution.

Accidents that change the map are an old story to Rand M. Nally. In recent years we've coped with the boundary-changing habits of the Kaiser, Hiller, and Stalin, the shifting status of India and Palestine. And the cansant battle for accuracy in map making has taught us to respect the truth in other fields, in our tetthooks, so externed by modern educators. In our children's books, that parents find so trustorthy, and youngsters so entertaining. And in our worth-while non-fiction for your own lebure reading.



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Who'll bring home the bacon for your family if an accident or sickness keeps you off the job? After a month or more without a pay check, how long could you meet even your week-to-week living expenses? Think it over carefully—then think how reasouring it would be to have a MONY total disability income policy to help carry your family through such an emergency. Don't put it off another day. Find out more about these MONY policies and the coverage they provide—protection which can mean so much to your peace of mind.



TIME, MARCH 12, 1956

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Fine tobacco is its own best filter. And PALL MALL's greater length of fine tobacco travels the smoke further-filters the smoke and makes it mild. You get smoothness, mildness, and satisfaction no other cigarette can offer you. Enjoy the finest quality money can buy.

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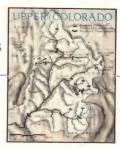
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PUBLISHER'S LETTER



Dear TIME-Reader:

AST week a branch of our Govgood for the country that the editors of TIME and I like to think that we, along with much of the daily press, can associate ourselves with this progressive step. The House of Representatives passed the bill that authorizes some \$750 million for the construction of power and reclamation projects in the Upper Colorado River Basin (see NATIONAL AFFAIRS).

Many of you will remember, I'm sure, our color pictures of this great river (TIME, Aug. 23, 1954), and the map (see cut) and detailed report on the river projects which we published in the Jan. 11 issue last year. People were talking about these Colorado River projects as

far back as 50 years ago. The plans almost reached the drawing board stage, but four Congresses in a row passed them by. Now the development of the river basin, an area larger than all of New England, will enrich our whole country. New irrigation and power dams will increase the productivity of some 360,000 acres of land, but even more important it will open up the basin's wealth of lead, gold, silver, zinc, coal, oil and uranium.

After last week's decisive vote in the Congress, we are sure we share with many other editors and publishers across the nation a sense of gratification that an informed public opinion helped to bring the Upper Colorado River Basin development to the verge of reality. Cordially yours.

James a. Linen

INDEX

gments & Prophecies27
ere



Now man can fly a plane before it's built

For many years there were problems in the design of aircraft which could not be solved practically except by trial and error—a slow, costly, often dangerous method.

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TIME

NATIONAL AFFAIRS

THE NATION

An Older Wisdom

For a generation the U.S. has been riding—and ridden by—statistics. When Dwight Eisenhower had his heart attack, the curbstone actuaries were ready with figures to show that his life expectancy had been reduced to the point where a second term in the presidency was unimaginable. Not many peo-

ple felt like betting on it, but in October it was 10 to 1 that Ike would not run. What changed?

A wisdom older than actuarial tables intervened. A leader, in the nature of his job, is often old, often ailing, yet if he is still able to do his job, the risk of his death (which young and old frisk daily) can be preferred by leader and led to his surrender of power.

The people came to this conclusion before Ike did. Early last October the Gallup poll found that only 29% of the people thought the President would run again. But in late October it was 33% in December 48% in January 56% in February 56% last week 72%.

Even when they believed that Ike could not run again, the leaders of his own party did nothing to build up another candidate. They demonstrated that the Republican Party was not yet ready for victory without Eisen-

hower. He and a substantial part of the people believe that what his Administration has done has a real weight in the scales of American destiny. Against that, the pull toward retirement (an idea of recent popularity) seemed feeble.

So Ike decided to stay on—"If the American people choose." Down the ages hundreds of thousands of leaders—kings hishops, physicians, philosophers—have gone on with their work facing the evermounting probability that they would not be able to continue for long. For who can know? Old and damaged men have lived on to do their greatest work. The President and many of the people seem content to leave the issue to Providence rather than the actuaries.

THE PRESIDENCY

If the People Choose

At 4 o'clock one afternoon last week four trusted associates of Dwight Eisenhower met at the White House and were quietly ushered into the President's office. After the men he had summoned gathered around his desk; the President made formal and final the commitment that they



THE EISENHOWERS
The people reached the conclusion first.

and millions of other people had at first hoped for and had then expected through many anxious weeks. The President told Vice President Richard Nixon. Presidential Aides Sherman Adams and Wilton B. ("Jerry") Persons, and Republican National Chairman Leonard Hall that he would accept a second term if the party and the people wanted him.

He would make his announcement at his news conference the next day, he said and explain his decision to the people or radio and television a few hours later. Then, together, the five went over an early draft of the statement the President proposed to make to the people.

Although the men thus entrusted with the great secret kept it to themselves, neatly all of the 311 reporters jammed from wall to wall in the President's news conference from the next morning were conference from the next morning were ment, and that it would be yes. No other nawer seemed possible. Nevertheless, tension crackled in the room. Reporters pering down from the balcony could see what was on the one sheet of personal "DDE" stationery the President dropped on the

desk. Printed in large letters and underlined with black grease pencil were the words Red Cross. Italians. Farm Bill, Upper Colorado. The fifth subject, doubly under-

lined, was "Personal, "That Is, Affirmative." First the President had a word to say about the annual fund campaign of the Red Cross, including the comment that "I could profitably use the whole half hour if I would try to express what I really believe about it." There was a neryous laugh in the room and a whispered "Please don't." After three minutes on the Red Cross. Ike spent a minute talking about the visit of Italy's President Giovanni Gronchi and Signora Gronchi. Then he wanted "to mention two bills that are before Congress," farm program and the Upper Colorado River development bill. By that time. under the glare of the television lights, the temperature in the room was rising

and the pressure on the reporters had risen to the breaking point. No one could be quite sure whether Ike merely wanted to get the other subjects out of the way or whether he was the only man in the room enjoying those minutes.

At 10:37 a.m. by the big electric clock on the wall, there was a pause. Then the President took a deep breath and began the announcement that the world was awaiting: "Now, my next announcement involves something more personal, but I think it will he of interest to you because you have asked me so many questions about it." But before he gave his answer, he had some tantalizing introductory remarks. He had reached a decision, but he could not experse it in a simple

yes or no, so he was asking for time on television and radio. Then, finally, he said it: "My answer will be positive, that is, affirmative."

Then the questions poured out.

Q: When had he arrived at his decision? A: I will say that I was arguing about it yesterday morning.

Q: With whom had he discussed the problem?

A: Everybody that I thought was my

friend, and some that I wasn't so sure of.

O: What was Mrs. Eisenhower's reac-

tion to the decision?

A: Mrs. Eisenhower and other members of my family, at the beginning, have said: "This is your decision. We will

conform."

Q: How does he expect the issue of his health to be handled in the campaign?

A: For my part, I am going to try to be into campaign to try to be

A: For my part, I am going to try to be just as truthful as I can be. And I believe this: I think even people who would classify themselves probably as my political enemies do believe I am honest—they may call me stupid—but I think they think I am honest.

O: What does he regard as the major

Q: What does he regard as the major issues of the campaign?

A: I have a record established before the American people: that is my campaign.

Q: Does he intend to work for election of a Republican Congress? A: The legislative and executive should properly be in the same hands, so that

there can be responsibility fixed without crimination and recrimination... But this is not to deny that I have had But and vital Democratic support in certain of the programs that I have advanced. Q: How many people were in on his

secret?

A: I think since last evening there has

been probably half a dozen.

Q: How about before that?

A: Well, there could have been no one because I didn't know myself. Q: What had influenced him most in

his decision?

A: When you come down to comparisons. I am not certain what influences

man most in this world. After the reporters, finished with their questions, had bolted for the door (see PRESS) the President went directly to his office, took a pencil and memorandum pad and went to work again on the statement he would make to the people. At noon he had a swim. half an hour's rest, lunch, and was back in his office at 2:30, only to find that it was overrun by radio and television technicians setting up for the speech that night. He took his note pad and a handful of pencils into the Cabinet Room and sat alone at the huge Cabinet table. Occasionally Ann Whitman, his personal secretary, went in for dictation of a few paragraphs. Speechwriter Kevin McCann, Aides Adams and Persons and News Secretary James Hagerty moved in and out, but essentially it was the President's own message in his own words. He read the speech aloud three times, timing himself as he did so, making changes each time.

"Suaviter, Fortiler," That night, when the President walked into his office with his final draft (which he had edited considerably with black pendi after the last typing), he was relaxed and jovial. On inchesing his period of the property of the property

On signal from Television Adviser Robert Montgomery, the President was on the air, talking to an audience estimated at

65 million.
"I wanted to come into your homes
this evening," he said, "because I feel the
need of talking with you directly about a
decision I made today after weeks of the



VICE PRESIDENT NIXON
Alone on the skyline.

most careful and devoutly prayerful consideration." Then, reversing the formula that another general. William Tecumseh Sherman, used in 1884, he said: "I have decided that if the Republican Party thooses to renominate me I shall accept the nonmation. Thereafter, if the people of this country should elect me I shall of this country should elect me I shall only the more than the condition of the control of the popular than the condition of the control of the opportunity to register their decision in this matter."

Then, the President reviewed in intricate detail the medical reports showing that he has made a good recovery, and the physicians' estimate that he is able to continue in the presidency. He pointed out that he might possibly be "a greater risk than is a normal person of my age," but

* Derived from a phrase ("Fortes in fine consequendo, el suavez in modo") used in a treatise published in 1606 by a brilliant administrator. Claudio Aquaviva, fifth Director General of the Iesuit order.

"so far as my own personal sense of wellbeing is roncemed. I am as well as before the attack occurred. A so of this moment, there is not the slightest doubt that. I can now perform as well as I ever have all all of the important duties of the presidency. I am confident that I can continue to carry them indefinitely. Otherwise I would never have made the decision I announced today."

But he would have to follow a "regime of ordered work activity, interspersed with regular amounts of exercise, recreation and This meant that some of the less vital duties that he had been performing, including some speeches, ceremonial dinners, receptions and correspondence, would be reduced. "All of this means also that neither for renomination nor re-election would I engage in extensive traveling and in whistle-stop speaking, normally referred to as barnstorming. I had long ago made up my mind, before I ever dreamed of a personal heart attack, that I could never as President of all the people conduct the kind of campaign where I was personally a candidate . .

"I shall in general wage no political campaign in the customary pattern. Instead, my principal purpose if renominated will be to inform the American people accurately through means of mass

Then Dwight Eisenhower uttered what seemed to be the key to his decision: "The work that I set out four years ago to do has not yet reached the stage of development and fruition that I then hoped could be accomplished within the period of a single term in this office. So if the American people choose under the circumstances I have described to place this duty upon me I shall persist in the way that has been charted by my associates and myself."

When the President finished, Mrs. Eisenhower stepped to his side and took his hand. Then he picked up his text, said "Thank you, byas," to the cameramen and, with the members of his family who had been in the room, went hack to his living quarters. There was no doubt that he had on that day decided denty. And most political observers felt that he had also decided the the the had also decided that he had also decided the the the the had also decided that he had also decided the

THE VICE-PRESIDENCY The Next Question

At the moment President Eisenhouser sidn be would run, another question became the No. 1 pollicial puzzle in the U.S. Will Vice President Nixon be his running mate? It was the very first question asked at the President's news conference. "As a matter of fact. Eisenhouse maswered. T wouldn't mention the vice-presidency, in spite of my tremendous admiration for Mr. Nixon. For this reason. I believe it is rundificual that the Vice admiration for Mr. Nixon. In this reason I believe it is rundificual that the Vice and the presidential candidate is nominated. So I think that we will have to wait to see who the Republican convention nomi-

nates, and then it will be proper to give an expression on that point.

Anxious as they were to get out of the room to put the big news of the President's announcement on the wires newsmen tried to get some kind of hint from the President. Had he consulted Nixon in his decision? "Oh, yes. I consulted Vice President Nixon all the time, and no later than. I think, vesterday afternoon,

What was his reaction to Nixon's charas "Republican" Chief Justice? "Once a man has passed into the Supreme Court, I would never admit that he . . . had a

political designation.

That was taken as a tut-tut for Nixon. but the President had held his ground on the general question: "I have said that my admiration and my respect for Vice President Nixon is unbounded. He has heen for me a loyal and dedicated associate, and a successful one, I am very fond of him, but I am going to say no more about it."

The Spokesman, The questions about Vice President Nixon have been brewing for a long time. Ever since the 1952 campaign he has been the main target of Democratic campaigners. It was politically logical for Democratic spokesmen to concentrate their fire on Nixon. in view of the fact that a man of Dwight Eisenhower's extraordinary popularity is difficult to attack effectively.

The political role played by Nixon in the campaign and ever since intensified the attacks. Serving under a President who stays above the hurly-burly of political debate, the Vice President became the chief-and sometimes the only-political spokesman for his party. In the 1954 congressional campaign he swung through the country with a hard-hitting attack on Democratic leaders and candidates, Democratic spokesmen hurled back at him charges of "lie, slander and smear."

Through all this, most other Republicans on the national scene remained timidly silent, leaving Nixon alone on the skyline. The partisan attacks on him were so frequent and so violent that their total impact left many a U.S. voter with an indefinable but nevertheless real doubt

about Richard Nixon.

The opposition to Nixon has no relation to the way he has performed as Vice President. Almost every knowing observer in Washington agrees that Nixon has made far more of the job than any of his 35 predecessors. Since Jan. 20, 1953 he has been one of the most useful busiest and most influential men in the Federal Government. As a direct representative of the executive occupying a top position in the legislative branch, he has become the best informed of all men on what is going on at both ends of Pennsylvania Avenue. He has been the President's stand-in, troubleshooter, elucidator, lobbyist, ambassador and often the man who gets assigned to the tough, unpopular job. He traveled around the world as the President's personal representative, spreading good will and gathering good information. President

Eisenhower has called Nixon "the most valuable member of my team.

13 to 1. Despite their failure to stand beside him in his battle with the Democratic leadership, most Republican leaders like Richard Nixon. Last week the Associated Press polled G.O.P. leaders (governors, state chairmen, national committeemen and women) across the country on whether Nixon should be kept on the Republican ticket. Those who expressed an opinion stood 13 to 1 for keeping Nixon. None of the G.O.P. leaders attacked him. Those who thought it might be a good idea to drop him merely feared that Democratic attacks had made him a political liability.

As the new furor about the vice-presidency churned up. Republican National "assumed" Richard Nixon would be the

REPUBLICANS The Mahout from Oyster Bay

(See Cover)

When President Eisenhower announced his decision to run again, the Republican elephant on which he will ride was wellfed, laden with campaign fodder, and already lumbering off on a well-plotted course toward the campaign of 1956. Around Republican National Committee headquarters in the Cafritz Building, just three blocks from the old State Department building where Ike made his announcement, there was a lively hum of activity as the President spoke. The staff numbered 125 workers (up from the offyear complement of 75), and was rapidly growing to its campaign peak of 300. In a large, pale-blue, partitioned-off room, young writers turned out speech kits and



CHAIRMAN HALL & AIDE* At the precise moment, on with the gold lke pin.

nominee for Vice President, Said Hall: "Dick Nixon was in the service. He has been a Congressman, and a good one. He has been a Senator, and a good one . . He has taken on duties in Washington no other Vice President has, and I think Dick Nixon is a great American. A great American in my opinion is a

strong candidate. Leonard Hall recognized and was worried about the total political effect of the attacks on Nixon. But he also knew that if the Republican Party dropped the Vice President, it would be creating a whole new set of problems for itself. It would be emphasizing the very weaknesses in the party that helped to put the Vice President on the spot. The hidden strength of Nixon's position lies in the fact that Ike needs a strong, outspoken, "real Republican"-and if one could be found he would certainly come under Democratic fire as heavy or heavier than that which now rakes Nixon.

campaign slogans. Researchers diligently probed the records of Democratic candidates for campaign ammunition. The committee's regional traveling men slammed in and out of the office with the latest cardiograms of the public's political heartbeat. Office boys lugged big bundles of outgoing mail; in the past month nearly 400,000 pieces of G.O.P. propaganda have been mailed to all parts of the country. Tickers kept up a sporadic jabber of political news from all over. And filed away was precious provender for 1956's electronic election: \$2,000,000 worth of con-

tracts for prime TV time next fall. The Jangling Summons. In the midst of this busy scene a burly, quick-moving man barked directions, flopped restlessly around his office from one chair to another, longed for the 41 daily packs of Vicerovs he had given up last fortnight.

³ Bertha Adkins, head of the Republican National Committee's Women's Div

conferred endlessly with associates, and paid minute-to-minute obeisance to the jangling summons of his telephone (in one normal day, recently, he received on incoming calls, not counting interoffice conversations). At 10:52 a.m., the precise moment when the President's press conference broke up, Leonard Wood Hall chairman of the Republican National Committee. fastened a gold-colored Ike pin on his lapel and made a prediction. "This," he said earnestly, "is going to be one of the hardest campaigns we ever fought. Now that Ike has done what he has done, we're all going to have to come up to it by working harder than we ever did before."

For Len Hall the President's decision was the payoff of a political bet made five wonoths ago. After Ike's heart attack, when nearly everybody else in the U.S. wondered whether the President would be able to finish his first term let alone try anyway, in the era of telecommunications, the 21-in, screen was the best political platform ever devised.

Accordingly, Hall scheduled the "Salute to Ike" dinners around the country last month (Time, Jan. 30) and raked in a neat \$4,000,000 profit, which he split with the 48 state committees-an unprecedented campaign fund to have on hand nine months before Election Day, Meanwhile, Hall shopped around for radio and TV time next fall, shrewdly reserving strategic time segments before or after such top-rated shows as This Is Your Life and The \$64,000 Question, when he could count on audiences of 50 million or more. Through the foresight of his party chairman. Ike is certain to have the greatest audiences in political history when he

goes before the electorate.

Three-Ring Circus. In his capacity as mahout of the Republican elephant. Len Hall has one of the most sensitive jobs in

FRANKLYN HALL AT SAGAMORE HILL GARDEN PARTY
A little godmother named the eighth baby.

for a second, Hall foresaw how much havoc Ike's failure to run would play with the Republican Party. "Til cross that bridge when I come to it." he said, "and when I come to it. It Jump ofi." On Sept. 26, two days after the heart attack, Hall announced: "There is no change as far as I am concerned in campaign plans and stratexy.

and strategy.

Lee Hall's uneavering conviction enaLee Hall's week ple Republican elephant
moving forward at a time when most Republicans were sucking their thumbs. Before the President had made up his own
mind. Hall decided that he just had to
run again if it was humanly possible, because there was no other Republican availcause there was no other Republican availcause the was no other Republican availcause the was considered to the concould from the Republicant and the concould never undertake another exhausting
whistlestop tour of the nation, and that,

politics. As G.O.P. chairman, Hall is the producer of a circus with three rings: the National Committee, which handles the presidential and vice presidential campaigns and maps out overall party strategy, and its two auxiliaries on Capitol Hill, the Senate and House Campaign Committees, which concentrate on local congressional campaigns.

gressonal duringsign any. Dwight Eisenhover is the suprene commander of the National Committee. He has delegated much of his authority te Hall and welcomes Hall's advice. The Capitol Hill committees, on the other hand, are run by the Senators and Representatives themselves, pretty much after their own independent fashion. Most of the top Republicass who control the Campaign Republicass who control the Campaign their own efforts during the lone Democratic years when the Republican National Committee could give them little or no help. They have maintained themselves in office by do-it-yourself methods, and they feel little allegiance to the National Committee or to Leonard Hall.

Chairman Hall would like to come to the aid of his party in two specific ways. First, he hopes to regain some of the lost party discipline on Capitol Hill and throughout the nation. His best wespon in this effort is the popularity of the President, who now numbers among his supporters some leaders, e.g., Ohio's Senator 10hn Bricker, of the party's right wing.

The other hallmark which the chairman would like to put on national politics is the extension of the two-party system into the South Hall believes that Ike will carry both Florida and Texas again this year. He is working to enlarge the two organizational task forces working in two organizational task forces working in a ctermined," says Chairman Hall, "that we are at least going to have sound, healthy

organizations in all of the 48 states. The Coachman's Son. Leonard Hall was born and bred on the North Shore of Nassau County. Long Island, a baronial strip of land that was sacred to Republicans. ("In the Hoover campaign," Hall recalls, "the finance people set quotas for the 48 states and Nassau County.") But the Halls were no landed GOPatricians: Father Franklyn Hall was the coachman at Theodore Roosevelt's Oyster Bay estate, Sagamore Hill. Leonard, the youngest of eight Hall children, was born on Oct. 2, 1900. When Len was an infant, his father's employer was elected Vice President of the U.S., and a month after the election Teddy Roosevelt noted the new baby's arrival in a letter to his old friend and Spanish-American War commander (the Rough Riders). General Leonard Wood.

"You may be amused to know that my coachman. Franklin [sic.] Hall, who has a large family of small children (including a small boy named after me, has recently been presented with another small boy, and my little girl Ethel, who acted as its and my little girl Ethel, who acted as its manne. This was done purely on her own account and I never knew of it until a few days ago, Tell Mrs. Wood,"

Before Len Hall was a year old President McKinley was assassinated, and President Theodore Roosevelt brought his conchinant to Washington to be chief mescachina to Washington to be chief mescachina to Washington to be chief mescaching the control of the control

The Hall children had a robust country upbringing. In the winters there was coasting on the slope of the high hill where their house stood, and skating on the pond at the bottom. On summer days the family often picnicked on the beach, where father Hall had built a brick oven

for feasts of winkles and horseshoe crabs. There were few luxuries, and the Hall boys chored around the neighborhood for spending money, but it was a happy, close-knit life. His mother taught Len how to handle a gun (he is still a skilled trapshooter), and tutored him in his studies so expertly that he skipped to the third grade a month after he entered school.

In 1976. the year after his father died. Len went to Washington, drawn there by Franklyn Hall's vivid stories of life in the capital. The lanky boy's life was far from vivid. He got a \$50-a-month job with the Potiomae Electric Power Co., thus managed to support himself while attending night classes at the Georgetown University Law School. It was not easy. Hall often wore old clothes ("I invented the idea of wearing pants and coat that didn's more than a nickel streeter fare. After more than a nickel streeter fare. After three years, at 10, Hall got his law degree.

Turk in Albony, Back in Nassau County he was a boyant young lawyer who made friends and influenced politicians easily. A gregarious extraver, he liked to sing in his high tenor and to mystify was soon well Known around the county, and at 56 he went off to Albany as a Republican assemblyman. Togother with a group of like-minded Young Turks, he helped overthrow the speaker, one Irvplace him with the place of the place him to the place of the place of the place him to the place him to the place him to the place him you was later; is still speaker.

Since 1932 Hall has never lost an election. He served seven terms in the assembly, broken only by a three-year hitch as sheriff of Nassau County. As a freshman in politics he met James Dowsey, also a Nassau County Republican, At Dowsey's home in Manhasset. Hall met his host's daughter. Gladys, a pretty mother of two, who was separated from her husband. After her divorce Hall courted her over the parcheesi board in the Dowsey parlor until the summer of 1933, when Gladys went to her father's camp in the Adirondacks. Lonesome Len chartered a small plane and took off in hot pursuit. In the mountains the pilot had trouble finding a landing strip, finally came down on a baseball diamond, after buzzing it until he broke up the ball game. Len made the last, 38-mile lap by taxi and boat, "When I saw him then," recalls Gladys, "I knew. And he seemed to, too." The next spring they were married.

In 1938 Congressman Robert Low Bacon died, and the G.O.P. bosses tapped Hall to replace him. That November Hall to won the first of seven successive terms in the House of Representatives. In 1944 he was one of 13 Republicans who crossed he was one of 13 Republicans who crossed by a single vote. "In questions of war and peace," says Hall, "if you think your party is wrong, you must yout your conscience."

As a party loyalist and a skilled compromiser of divergent opinions, Hall ventured into national politics. In Thomas E. Dewey's 1944 presidential race he managed the Republicans' national Speakers over the U.S. During the Soth Congress he chaired and drastically reorganized the Congressional Campaign Committee. Three years later he ran into the biggest political fight of his career by refusing to vote for repeal of the Taft-Hartley Act. William De Koning, Nassau County's racketeering labor boss, called on Hall in a rage. Hall still quivers with indignation when he recalls it: "This labor thug-he is just out of jail-came to see me to raise hell about Taft-Hartley. Finally, he took the position I had to go along with him against the Act or else. I told him to get the hell out of my office.

Then Hall learned that Russel Sprague, Nassau's Republican leader, a member of the national committee and a close friend of Dewey's, was friendly with De Koning, Hall decided to buck both the political pursue a longtime hobby. For years he has puttered happily in his basement, accumulating good tools (he values his layout at \$4,000) and turning out inlaid wastebaskets and other knickknacks for his friends and family. Over the years he has established a pleasant puttering partnership with his next-door neighbor and longtime friend, Ralph Davis, a lighting company inspector. Davis plays an Art Carney support to Hall's Jackie Gleason, and their weekend rituals usually follow the same pattern. On Saturday mornings, until recently. Hall would get up around 5 a.m. and look over at Davis' house to see if the kitchen light was on. If he decided his friend was out of bed. Hall would go next door, and over a pot of strong coffee the two would discuss big do-it-yourself projects. After another round of coffee and more planning in the Hall kitchen, they would go to work.

In their time Hall and Davis have:



LEONARD & GLADYS HALL IN WASHINGTON*
Memories of parcheesi and a taxi in the Adirondacks.

boss and the labor boss. "I attacked De Koning as a Little Caesar and directed my campaign against him. The people supported me."

Absentee Candidate, In 1952, rather than face another tough primary fight against the Sprague organization, Len Hall decided to run for the surrogate court in his county-a cushy job that paid \$30,000 a year. Just as he was getting ready to campaign, he got a call from Candidate Dwight Eisenhower's headquarters in Manhattan, "Len. barked Sherman Adams, "you're taking the train." And so Hall rode with Ike, took care of his schedules and appointments, and acted as a jovial maître d'hôtel aboard the campaign train. On Election Day, without ever delivering a speech for himself, he easily won his judgeship.

The surrogate's job, involving only a few hours' work a day, gave Hall time to

stripped down and reassembled Davis' Ford; lowered the ceiling and completely modernized the Hall kitchen; enlarged Davis' porch; built bookcases and a large storage closet in Davis' house. Nothing, from plumbing to electrical work, is too complicated or too large for the pair to tackle, "If he called me from Indiana or India," asys Davis, "I'd go. January Davis, "I'd go. January Davis, "I'd go."

The 15-Hour Doy, Hall's happy life as a judge and carpenter was short-lived. Just three months after he became surrosate, a call came from Washington. National Chairman Wes Roberts had resigned under leafter his operations as a ten-percenter were disclosed, and the party-leafter properties of the disclosed distribution over. Hall was elected on April 10, 1053. In his job Len Hall is a study in

* Playing canasta,

perpetual motion. In three years he has traveled an estimated half a million miles around the U.S., consulting the party brass, greeting the voters (he has an elephantine memory for names, faces and telephone numbers), giving pep talks to sagging local organizations, and keeping the Republican machine in good working order. In Washington he has exercised his talent for lowering ceilings by consolidating the national committee's office space, whittling down the permanent staff, thus saving \$300,000 a year in rents and payroll costs. He meets nearly every day with the President or one of the top White House aides, keeps in daily telephone touch with G.O.P. congressional leaders. Almost every problem of the party and the Administration concerns him in some way. And on top of his workaday schedule there are official parties almost every afternoon and night which the national chairman is obliged to attend.

Outwardly. Len Hall seems to thrive on his hectic regimen-and there is little doubt that he relishes his work. His geniality has not rubbed off under the stress. His singing and his original songs (sample title: The Squaws on the Yukon Are Good Enough for Me) are famous in Washington, Office staffers have learned to ignore his flagrant practical jokeslike the swollen and bloody fake finger he sometimes wears. He has to fight his weight (and at 225 lbs., the weight is winning). To the casual observer he seems to be a bald and bouncy glad-hander, as carefree as a prankster at an American

Legion convention

Rehabilitation Needed. Yet there are a few signs of the strain. He suffers from recurrent headaches. Sometimes Gladys Hall wakes up in the early morning to see her husband lying in bed. staring at the ceiling as he worries his way through the day's problems. In the months ahead. as Hall strives to keep the elephant on the path, the problems and the headaches will increase. "Are you running scared? asked a reporter last week. Replied Chairman Hall: "We're running hard."

Hall's task is much broader-and harder-than the re-election of Eisenhower. Winning control of the House of Representatives is a tough goal-and control of the Senate a tougher one. Beyond the immediate electoral objectives of 1956 lies the long-range rehabilitation of the Republican Party, reduced to a minority by the Depression and the Roosevelt-

Hall is well aware of Eisenhower's dissatisfaction with the quality of current Republicanism-its aged face, its timorous voice, its lack of political style and verve. Hall tries to carry out the Eisenhower insistence on more young faces and fresh voices in the party councils. As a man whose political ideal is Teddy Roosevelt. Hall knows well what the boss wants -and knows that the years remaining with Ike in the presidency are all the time the party may have to refurbish

DEMOCRATS

Adlai Gets the Word

In Manhattan Adlai Stevenson sat at the desk in his Savoy-Plaza Hotel room and labored over a speech for Minnesota delivery later in the week. Through a connecting doorway. Stevenson could see staffers huddled around a television set (its audio turned low so as not to disturb him, watching Arthur Godfrey's morning program and awaiting the network breakin that would bring word of President Eisenhower's press conference). Until the news broke. Stevenson believed that Ike would not run again. Yet Stevenson was the candidate for the Democratic nomination most favorably affected by Eisenhower's yes.

With Eisenhower as the Republican entry, the Democratic nomination would



CAMPAIGNER STEVENSON With the audio turned low.

certainly seem less appealing to the dark horse candidates who might have cut in on Stevenson's lead. Chuckled Stevenson's Campaign Manager Jim Finnegan: "Now they'll be sitting around hoping that lightning does not strike." This could only hurt New York's Governor Averell Harriman. who had based his "inactive" candidacy on the hope that he might be tapped after a convention deadlock resulting from a multiplicity of candidates. Harriman's age (64) makes 1056 a now-or-never proposition, and he probably will con-tinue to use his big New York delegation as a power wedge, but in actual fact the New York Daily News managed to sum up Harriman's situation in a single headline: IKE YES HAS HARRIMAN IN A WHIRL

Tennessee's Senator Estes Kefauver remained as the major threat to Stevenson, and by week's end Adlai had reason to feel confident about Estes. Flying from New York to Minnesota, where he collides

head-on with Kefauver in the March 20 presidential primary. Stevenson found the powerful Democrat-Farmer-Labor organization of Senator Hubert Humphrey and Governor Orville Freeman working smoothly on his behalf. Freeman platform-hopped about the state with Stevenson. Humphrey returned home from Washington for a weekend of campaigning, and Eleanor Roosevelt was scheduled to lend a hand this week. D.-F.-L. Chairman Ray Hemenway predicted that Stevenson would defeat Kefauver "by a three-to-one margin in most districts, and take every one of the state's delegates." Even so. Stevenson was taking nothing for granted. "I'm not sure whether it is the Lord's work I'm doing," he told an audience at St. Paul, "but I sure want to win this primary."

DEFENSE New Power in the Depths

Since World War II, the once insignificant Soviet navy has developed an ambitious new objective-wresting from the U.S. control of the seas. To this end the U.S.S.R. is building 50 to 60 submarines a year, and now has an in-service fleet of more than 400 subs. almost four times as many as the U.S.

Last week the U.S. Navy threw a new and disturbing factor into Russian calculations with the announcement that some time this year California's Mare Island Navy Yard will begin construction of the world's first atom-powered, guided missile submarine. Roughly the same size as the original atom-powered Nautilus (320 ft. long. 3,180 tons displacement), and possessed of the same cruising range. the still unnamed SSGN 587 will be capable of firing a variety of guided missiles, including the 1,500-mile "intermediate range missile, which the U.S. hopes to have well before SSGN 587 goes into

service in 1959.

For the Soviet navy (which apparently still has no atom subs) SSGN 587 was only the latest of a series of unpleasant undersea developments. Fortnight ago the Mare Island yards began work on Sargo, the U.S. Navy's fifth nuclear-powered submarine, and the first to be built on the West Coast. Shorter (257 ft.) and lighter (2.300 tons displacement) than Nautilus, Sargo will combine Nautilus' endurance with greater speed and maneuverability, and when she is commissioned in 1958. she should be the world's most effective submarine. Sargo's pre-eminence promises to be short-lived, however. By the end of 1956 the U.S. Navy will have in commission or under construction a total of nine nuclear subs. In the seventh of these. SSN 585, nuclear power will be combined for the first time with the revolutionary teardrop hull of the experimental U.S.S. Albacore-a combination that will give SSN 585 a whole new mag-

nitude of underwater speed and agility. * Already Nautilus has traveled more than 26,ooo miles without refueling or engine repairs.

FOREIGN RELATIONS

Benvenuto

The friendly-looking man behind the thick-lensed glasses peered around him at the triumphal archway, the red, white, and green Italian flags, the guards of honor, the crowds, the bands, the bannered words of welcome: BENVENUTO AL PRESIDENTE GRONCHI. Along Pennsylvania Avenue he rode at a stately pace. surrounded by the trappings accorded only to the nation's most distinguished visitors, amid the resounding music of military bands. At the White House President Eisenhower was waiting on the steps. 'So good to see you." Eisenhower greeted his visitor, "It is the first time an Italian President has visited this country. I am very delighted to have you here. It is a very great privilege." President Giovanni Gronchi of Italy thanked President Dwight D. Eisenhower of the U.S. and then inclined, in courtly fashion, to kiss Mamie Eisenhower's hand.

The Discus Thrower. For four days last week the leaders of the U.S. greeted Giovanni Gronchi with unusual warmth and attention. Gronchi had consultations with Eisenhower, dined and wined with Dulles and Nixon, talked international labor with the A.F.L.-C.I.O.'s George Meany. Guards of honor presented arms when Gronchi laid a wreath on the tomb of the Unknown Soldier, and the National Gallery of Art staved open after closing time to accommodate Gronchi's handsome signora. At the gallery Gronchi told his guides how much he admired its selections from the work of his countryman, Fra Angelico, and then he made a comment about the U.S. that was calculated to echo in Italy: "One visit like this is more than enough to dispel the erroneous idea prevalent in Europe that the American idea is to use money to get money. I find that, on the contrary, money is used to create and display beauty.

In the rose garden of the White House, fornoshi presented to Eisenhower a bronze reproduction of The Discuss Throuser and a grey granite pillar surrounced by a white marble capital. In thanks, Eisenbloss of testing and revisation. They will be, I think, extremely proud that you brought this gift to our people. All the rest of us will take a tremendous assiftsaction that it has been handed over in the hands of one who is a milliant in the world today."

The Leaning Tower, Gronchis visit to the U.S., like Gronchis conception of the presidency of Italy, was something much more than an exercise in ceremonial. In company with Italy's Foreign Minister Gaetano Martino, te twice reviewed current Italian and international problems with Essenbower and his staff, as the State Department put it, 'on a high that the warmly supported the Western alliance, that he deeply detested Communism, that his widely reported policy of



ITALY'S PRESIDENT GRONCHI (LEFT) IN WASHINGTON®

"the opening to the left" connoted not neutralism but social reform,

Although he felt that NATO should now be remeshed with more emphasis on economic objectives. Gronchi issued a joint communiqué with Eisenhower to the effect that Western defenses should be maintained at present levels. Eisenhower found himself pleased by Gronchi's open way of expressing himself. Eisenhower was also impressed by Gronchi's fervent advocacy of a pet Eisenhower project-the unification of Europe-by Gronchi's grasp of the temper of the U.S. Congress on matters of aid and Communism, and by Gronchi's enthusiastic approval of President Eisenhower's statement that Ambassador Luce would go on working indefinitely on her present job in Rome.

Gronchi moved on to Capitol Hill to address a joint session of Congress. He proudly told how Italy had managed to rise with U.S. help "out of the ashes of a painful past." He went on to define the cold war as he saw it today: "I am convinced that in the new competition of ideologies and economic assistance we cannot hope for the success of our democratic conception unless this gives concrete and factual evidence of its superiority | by removing | injustice and positions of inferiority within each national structure, and internationally . . the National Press Club, President Frank Holeman remarked of 'Gronchi that he was born in Pisa, the city of the Leaning Tower, and "he leans to the left but hasn't fallen over." Gronchi acknowledged the introduction: "I would like to be considered as a man who stands on his own

two feet and doesn't lean to the right or the left. And if there is any significance, the Leaning Tower leans to the northwest." At week's end Giovanni Gronchi headed off for a NATO briefing (by an Italian-speaking U.S. officer) at Norfolk, Va., en route for a look at Rocky Mountain landscapes. California seascapes and Manhattan skyscropers. He left in Washington the impression of a man who dimeded stand on his to be indeed stand on his to be continuing develupment of a strong, self-respecting nature. President Gronchis visit has been a warming sign of his country's resurgence toward its place among the powers.

The Climate of Aid

From Washington last week came the first statistics on the much-touted Communist economic offensive.

The big item: of a promised \$500 million in economic redits and grants-in-aid the Communists have delivered \$53,4 million—between 46: and 550 of their promises. The U.S. has sent \$37 billion-abroad since the war, including \$4,3 billion to the Middle East alone.

Other sample comparisons: Indio. Since 1950 the U.S. has made outright gifts of about \$2.56 million, pulse loans of \$7.7 million; the Communists have contracted to build a 1.000,000-tonapacity steel plant on an \$80 million to \$93 million loan at \$2.5% to be repaid in twelve annual installment.

Pokiston. Since 1951 the U.S. has made gifts of \$290 million and loans of \$65 million; the Communists have advanced 200 tons of tubing and three mobile electric stations for drilling rigs.

Egypt. Since 1952 the U.S. has given \$52.3 million in technical and development aid, recently offered \$55 million more to help start the new Aswan dam: the Communists have made several offers of aid, including "a new railway network" and a \$5.600.000 electric plant.

Indonesia. Since 1949 the U.S. has given about \$142 million; the Communists

8 With Signora Gronchi, Vice President and Mrs. Nixon, U.S. Ambassador to Italy Luce, have offered an \$8.000,000 loan to rehabilitate a sugar mill.

Despite their negliable showing on actual aid delivered, the Communists are getting political results that are far from negligible. In many underdeveloped and new countries, the climate of opinion is strongly anti-capitalist, expectally where strongly anti-capitalist, expectally where imperialism. Government-to-government aid from the U.S. does not necessarily become an argument for free enterprise. Government-to-government aid from Mascow fits ideologically into the planned of those countries.

Economically. Red aid to underdeveloped countries cannot hope to rival U.S. activity. Propagandistically, the Communists are getting a lot of mileage out of each ruble that goes abroad.

AGRICULTURE

Bales for Sale

Ezra Taft Benson called newsmen to his office one afternoon last week, happly shook hands all around, then leaned back in his leather chair and made an announcement; on Aug. 1 the Department of Agriculture will commence selling its 7,000,000-ool-odd hales of surplus cotton at competitive world prices.

Secretary Benson had cause to smile; the decision mean victory for the department in a long, drawn-out discussion with the State Department, Benson is eager to export Commodity Credit Corp. cotton at attractive prices and has felt prods from similarly inclined cotton growers and Congressmen. The State Department, sensitive to pleas from fretful cotton countries e.g., Egypt, Peru, Mexico, advised holding back the surplus lest if any of friendly countries.

At his news conference Benson emphasized that there will be no cotton dumping. The Commodity Credit Corp. has sold through bids the last of a million bales of lower-grade cotton under a special program announced last year. Bids far below the world market price are refused. The CCC will follow the same sales technique with the 7,000,000 bales of more desirable upland cotton; later it may also dispose of another 6,900,000 bales held against loans. Cotton exports, 2,750,000 bales this year, will be upped gradually to a hoped-for 5,000,000 bales a year as the U.S., whose share of the postwar export cotton trade has slumped from 39% to 20%, moves to regain

Secretary Benson's announcement came as the Senate neared a vote on the Administration-opposed measure to restore rigid price supports for basic farm crops. Democrats charged that Benson deliberately timed his news to sway Southern Democrats to flexible supports. Smiling, the Secretary of Agriculture admitted that he had called with some content of the property of

THE CONGRESS

The New Chairman

From Martin Van Buren to Pat Mc-Carran, for better or worse, the chairmanship of the U.S. Senate's Judiciary Committee has been a wellspring of power. The committee handles up to half the legislation submitted to the Senate, passes on all nominations to the federal courts (including the Supreme Court | and on all Justice Department positions requiring Senate confirmation. It has jurisdiction over all legislation on immigration and citizenship. It studies all amendments proposed to the U.S. Constitution. It handles civil rights matters. Last week, after the death of Chairman Harley Kilgore, the chairmanship of the Judiciary Committee went to a man considered by many to be the nation's most dangerous



JUDICIARY COMMITTEE'S EASTLAND
Dark warnings.

demagogue: Mississippi's racist Senator

In a Senate speech after the Supreme Court's desegregation decision. Eastland said that the Supreme Court "has been indoctrinated and brainwashed by leftwing pressure groups." Speaking last January to members of the White Citizens Councils in Columbia, S.C., he said that the Justices of the Supreme Court in the segregation decision had "prostituted both the letter and the spirit of the U.S. Constitution. The groups working toward improved civil rights "run from the blood Red of the Communist Party to the almost equally Red of the National Council of Churches of Christ in the U.S.A.'

Eastland's succession to the judiciary chair is bound to have political repercussions in the North. Last week, for example N.A.A.C.P. Counsel Thurgood Marshall. a New Deal Democrate, said: "I have terrible difficulty in separating Adlai Stevenson's Democratic Party from Senator

Eastland's Democratic Party. If I can ever separate them, I would assume I would be for Adlai Stevenson, but until I can separate them, I am against Senator Eastland's Democratic Party."

Ready for Harness

The Upper Basin of the Colorado River is 110,000 square miles of Wyoming. Colorado, Utah. New Mexico and Arizona. all thirsting for water to develop their rich mineral resources and irrigate their potentially fine farmlands (TIME, Jan. 31, 1955). For 50 years basin planners have talked about a vast power and reclamation project to bring under control the Upper Colorado, last great unharnessed river system in the U.S. Yet four Congresses passed over the plan, mostly because of the opposition from conservationists (who feared, among other things, that a dam proposed for Echo Park. Colo. would flood the Dinosaur National Monument) and Southern California power interests (who profit under the present distribution of the Colorado's water).

Last year the Upper Colorado project was sinally approved by the U.S. Senate—but its chances for House passage this year ascened doubtful. To must the crief sagers agreed to drop the Echo Park dam from the House measure. Last week, while the House debated the bill. President Elsenhower made a strong pla for the whole great, mighty Colorado River as a single entity, to treat it on a basis hasts instead of merely local and individed to the colorado of the sager strong the sager stron

Positive action came the next day: the House. by a surprising 256-to-156 vote, passed the Upper Colorado bill. It authorized spending 8756 million on four major dams and on participating projects that would irrigate 13,000 acres of new land and supply additional water to 230,000 acres acres already under irrigation. Power from the dams will be purchased from the Pederal Government by private utilities. The control of the control of the colorado and the colorado acres already under the committee. It is not to a conference committee, where differences in the House and Senate versions were to be ironed out. Other congressional work done:

¶ The House Ways and Means Committee, in approving a money-raising section of the vast road construction program. voted to assess highway users nearly \$14 billion in new taxes over the next 16 years. Among the committee recommendations: a 1¢ hike in the present 2¢-pergallon gasoline and diesel fuel tax; a 36per-lb. increase in the present 5¢-per-lb. tire tax: a 2% increase in the tax on the sales price of trucks, buses and trailers; a new annual tax of \$1.50 per 1,000 lbs. on trucks weighing more than 26,000 lbs. The Ways and Means Committee also voted to extend for one year, until April 1, 1957, the present tax on corporation earnings (30% on the first \$25,000 and

52% thereafter) and the excise taxes on

liquor, cigarettes, gasoline, etc.

JUDGMENTS & PROPHECIES

EISENHOWER'S DECISION

WASHINGTON POST AND TIMES HER-

THE decision has now been trans-ferred from Mr. Eisenhower to the people. If it were merely a question of personal popularity. Mr. Eisenhower might now be elected by acclamation. But it is far more than that. Many persons who have the kindliest feelings toward him may experience misgivings about the wisdom of his willingness to continue a burden of office that involves risks for him and for the country as well. Others will think the risks worth taking because of the benefits of continuity in the Eisenhower policies,

BOSTON POST:

THE American people have been handed a hard choice. First of all they are asked to determine on the basis of certain unevaluated clinical information whether they want a President for the next four years who cannot give his utmost to the office. Next they are asked to believe that this is a good thing for them and for the country. And they are told that the President's health would improve in the White House more than if he became a private citizen. The White House was not planned as a sanatorium or a nursing home.

BOSTON HERALD:

THE issue of health is a real one. The country is fortunate that all the facts have been put before it, and not hidden behind the kind of bravado that drove F. D. Roosevelt through the rain in his last campaign.

FORT WORTH STAR-TELEGRAM:

FOR the type of "front porch" campaign which President Eisenhower said he would wage, there is plenty of precedent. Calvin Coolidge in 1924 did no strenuous campaigning but easily won election. The President has little need for introducing himself to the voters. Nothing he could say in the campaign could add greatly to what he has already said

Columnist MAX LERNER in the New York Post:

I P to now [Eisenhower] has been candid about having to limit himself on his job. Now he asserts that he has for some weeks been fulfilling all the duties of the Presidency. The fact is that he has not. If he had, there would not have been the fiasco about the tanks for Saudi Arabia, nor the Dulles whopper about the Russian defeat and retreat all over the world, nor the deep silence about the mounting race crisis in the South, nor the complete absence of an American policy on Israel and the Middle East, If this is a test of working at full capacity, then God help America and its people in the crisis of the years ahead.

Little Rock's ARKANSAS GAZETTE:

THE voter should remember that the issue of a "part-time President" was becoming increasingly lively even before [the] heart attack last September. Mr. Eisenhower had spent more time away from the job than any other President of modern times. The voters must realize, too, that the Democrats are not being arbitrary or capricious when they concentrate much of their early campaign fire on Vice President Nixon. If there is one thing Dwight Eisenhower is supposed to have accomplished, it is the restoration of what might be called national "peace of mind." But if it is 'peace of mind" that the American people want, they don't want Nixon,

Hearst's New York DAILY MIRROR: NONTROVERSY over whether Pres-

Control Eisenhower's health is a campaign issue strikes us as silly. Of course it is an issue. Ike made it an issue, himself, candidly and honestly. Pursuing the "health issue." let us consider the effect upon the GOP ticket if the enemies of Richard Nixon succeed in shoving him aside for someone more palatable to them. That would be taken as an admission that the party really does not expect President Eisenhower to fill out a second term, and therefore is concentrating on the vice-presidency.

CHICAGO SUN-TIMES:

NIXON does not always mirror the philosophies and attitudes of Mr. Eisenhower. He is impulsive and often immature. He is an extreme partisan. He attracts the support of those Republicans-the radical right wing-who are not in sympathy with much of the Eisenhower program. Conversely he alienates those independent and Democratic voters who are attracted to Mr. Eisenhower. In urging a stronger vicepresidential candidate-one of presidential stature-we do not wish to convey that we have any special doubts about Mr. Eisenhower's ability to serve out another term. His own assurance of his confidence is good enough for us, but he

CHICAGO DAILY NEWS:

THE President is well aware of the concentrated attack by which the Democrats have sought to tear down Nixon, He also knows that a strong Republican faction would prefer another

candidate. To thrust the crown upon Nixon at this time, therefore, would simply be to increase the force of that assault. For the President to dump Nixon at San Francisco, however, would be to acknowledge that his high praise did not necessarily convey unswerving support; to confess, in effect, that he had made a serious mistake, or to imply that his desire for re-election might lead him to place expediency above right.

NEW YORK POST:

THE circumstances surrounding the President's candidacy invite the expression of deep Democratic doubts about the regency in prospect. Let it also be said, however, that such a campaign alone can hardly assure Democratic victory. There is vast popular affection for Ike. His Administration is vulnerable on many matters; but its record can only be challenged by a party which has a deep and passionate liberal faith. At this moment the Democratic Party is shadowed by the racist war of Iim Eastland, by the attempted gas "give-away" of Lyndon Johnson and by Walter George's crusade against an expanded foreign aid program.

CHICAGO TRIBUNE:

THE Democrats, or those of them whose political activity increased markedly after the President was stricken, may now lose interest in the forthcoming campaign on the theory that Mr. Eisenhower has victory in the bag, We hope this attitude will not prevail. We were not among those who believed that Republican prospects depended entirely upon Mr. Eisenhower's decision. The Republican Party is not a one-man party, and this is not a one-party country. A great many things can happen between now and November.

MONTGOMERY (ALA.) ADVERTISER:

DEEP South states are not going to get any comfort from either party, Both parties and their candidates, whosoever, are going to be aggressive and demanding in their stands on segregation. Presumably the two parties in this respect will cancel each other off.

Columnist THOMAS L. STOKES:

If the President should be re-elected, that would mean for the Eisenhower group a lease of four more years during which to try to remake the party into what is sometimes called "the Eisenhower image." By this is meant an internationalist, moderately progressive political organization which has "moderation" as its motto. It also might bring on a prolonged Republican control of government.

FOREIGN NEWS

THE ALLIES

The Old Order Crumbles

In the swirl of events, not the cold war but the decline of empires held the headlines last week. The West's two great empires-Britain and France-put in a damaging week. Bowing to the inevitable. France conceded a resentful Morocco the independence it might have granted, and thereby earned more gratitude, more than two years ago. Fighting the unthinkable, France watched in anguish and anger as its leaders fumbled and Algeria slipped away, and with it France's inexorably dwindling claim to world power.

Britain suffered its worst humiliation in years when Jordan's young King Hussein sacked the famed Lieut. General John Bagot Glubb and sent him out of the country under armed guard. In the golden years when Britain's political writ ran clear and strong through all the ancient kingdoms from Egypt to Iran, Britain created Jordan. Over the years Britain protected the new Arab nation, supported it, gave it an army that was the Arab world's finest. Britain educated its young King, helped maintain him on his throne as it had his grandfather before him. Now young King Hussein cried to cheering mobs: "I pray God will help us regain our stolen rights.

Never Again! The West's foreign ministers did not take all this sitting down. Instead, they did what foreign ministers now do when they get in a jam: hop a plane. Britain's Foreign Secretary Selwyn Lloyd, on his way to Pakistan for a meeting of the SEATO council, had planned a swing through the Middle East to shore up Britain's wobbly prestige. Glubb's ejection caught him in Cairo in the awkward moment of conferring with Egypt's triumphant Prime Minister Gamal Abdel Nasser, who has been energetically egging King Hussein on, Crowed Egypt's Minister of State: "We Arabs are no more a merchandise to be bought and sold in the market of domination and imperialism. Never again will anybody lead Arab forces in defense of honor except

the sons of Arab nations.' For the British there were other embarrassments. Cyprus, its last major Middle East bastion since the British were forced out of Egypt and Suez, is still restlessly demanding self-determination. And as Lloyd headed east to Pakistan, his plane stopped at Bahrein Island, a rich oil sheikdom under British protection, off the coast of Saudi Arabia. Foreign Minister Lloyd's cavalcade was met with a shower of stones from a rioting mob shouting, "Down with Britain.

As Lloyd flew on to Karachi, by way of New Delhi, Pakistan chose that moment to declare itself an Islamic republic and to emphasize its optional ties to the British Empire. "We accept the Queen not as our sovereign, but as the symbol of free association of the Commonwealth." declared Prime Minister Chaudri Mohammed Ali. In today's world, the British were more apt to be grateful than angry at Pakistan's action. Pakistan's formula for membership in the Commonwealth (the same as India's) may sound intolerable to empire dichards, but it actually reflects a successful transition from the old masterservant relationship of empire to voluntary partnership in equality.*

Get Together, Also flying toward Karachi at week's end were France's Foreign Minister Christian Pineau and U.S. Secretary of State John Foster Dulles. Between sessions with SEATO's other five foreign ministers, the Big Three plan to confer on



FOREIGN SECRETARY LLOYD Anguish, anger, awkwardness.

the Middle East. There the troubles were not, by any means, all of Russia's making, though the Russians are ready to profit from the divisions and hatreds,

Britain, France and the U.S. have some getting together to do. The U.S. has been fathering the impression that, all in all. things are going pretty well all over; Britain, specifically affected by the turn of events, was stunned by the latest blows to its prestige; weary France saw no easy way out of its colonial problems. An old order was crumbling, and a new coherence was still to be found.

* Emphasizing its new status, however, Paki-Louis Mountbatten, last Viceroy of India and now Britain's First Sea Lord, who planned to visit Pakistan in the course of a round-robin visit to Commonwealth naval commanders. Pakistan links Mountbatten with bitter memories of the partition of India and Pakistan Mountbatten bowed gracefully to the protests and canceled his visit.

JORDAN

The Passing of the Proconsul

A small Jordanian plane rolled to a stop on the tarmac of Nicosia airfield on Britain's island of Cyprus, and from it wearily stepped a small, stooped, grey man in a rumpled brown pin-stripe suit. The man in mufti, scarcely able to hold back his tears, was Lieut. General John Bagot Glubb, 58, for more than a quarter of a century one of the most potent and famous figures of British imperial power in the Middle East, Last week, suddenly and savagely, the Hashemite kingdom of Jordan sacked and shipped off the desert proconsul who had made its army-the British-equipped Arab Legion-the best fighting force in the Arab world.

The news shocked London. Prime Minister Eden summoned his principal ministers to emergency consultations on this latest blow to Britain's vanishing prestige in the Middle East. The Times labeled Iordan's act "the most sinister event which has occurred in the Middle East since the Egyptian purchase of arms from the Communists." Mourned the Tory Daily Telegraph: "General Glubb represents the last of that group of British individuals including T. E. Lawrence to whom Arab countries of the Middle East

owe an incalculable debt."

Desert Welcome, Britain created Jordan in the '20s to provide a throne for its World War I ally the Hashemite Emir Abdullah. Glubb arrived from Iraq to work for Abdullah's dusty, black-tent Bedouin kingdom, How, asked Abdullah's father, had Glubb traveled? "Riding a camel," said the newcomer, in fluent Arabic, "By Allah!" exclaimed the old warrior, "This one is a Bedouin!"

More Arab than the Arabs, Glubb Pasha loved to recite Arab classics, finger Moslem prayer beads (though himself an Anglican), and walk hand in hand in Eastern fashion with Abdullah in the King's garden. During interminable parleys with desert sheiks, he would pick imaginary lice from his burnoose to make his guests feel at home. Called Abu Huneik (Father of the Little Jaw) because of a bullet wound incurred on the Western front in World War I, he molded his loval tribesmen into a hard-disciplined force of 20,ooo men that helped to save Iraq from a pro-Nazi revolt in World War II and alone among Arab armies stood up to the Israelis in the Palestinian war.

But the division of Palestine and the birth of Israel flooded Jordan with hardmouthed urban refugees who knew nothing of desert chivalry and saw in Glubb Pasha only a treasonous foreigner who had declined to order his troops to charge straight across Israel. By last fall, when Britain tried to rush its ally Jordan into wildest forces of Arab nationalism, urged on by Egyptian propaganda and SaudiArabian gold, flowed through the little land. Glubb's Legion put down the rioters but only after young (20) King Hussein (who was schooled, like Winston Churchill, at Harrow and Sandhurst) had foresworn the Bagbdad pact and some of the Arab Legionnaires had refused to fight

against the mob.

Goodbye with Tonks, Within the Legion a group of anti-British nationalists formed, similar to the "Free Officers" clique that overthew Egypt's King Farouk. They found allies against Glubb in Premier Risia and in Queen Moher Zaine, who has been collecting a \$350,000 annual sushely from Soudi Arabia's King Saud to work against the British position. Last week, with antionalist sentiment running to choose between General Glubb and his own throne.

The King met with the Gabinet, also with British. Ambassador Charles Duke. Reportedly under guard of 16 tanks. Gabba has with a great of 16 tanks. The state of t

new commander.

For three days Jordanians, many of them Palestinian refugees who rioted so destructively last December, danced in Amman's streets. When the young King drove through the capital after visiting his mother's palace, citizens stopped his Mercedes and crowded to shake his hand. Later, speaking from his balcony, Hussein pledged that his first goal will be to regain Arab rights in Palestin.

After Injury, Insult. By week's end British Foreign Office men were beginning to minimize Glubb's dismissal, and to say that Jordan was still bound to Britain by a 20-year treaty of alliance. Glubb, arriving in London, went along with their line, in London, went along with their line, future of the Legion's remaining 60 British officers. The British said that Hussein had sent word that he still wanted to be friends, just as he had also sent a courier with an autographed photograph of himself to the departing Glubb. But the pubself to the pubself the departing Glubb. But the pubself the department of the pubself the

The King was already basking in Arab praise. Cairo hailed Jordan's act as a victory for Egypt's Premier Gamal Abdel Nasser, and boasted that Egypt. Syria and Saudi Arabia would shortly meet to make good on their pledge to pay the \$25 million annual subsidy that Britain has

until now furnished Jordan.

Last week's events in Jordan constituted a crushing defeat for the British and a setback for the whole Western position in the area. Israel, which used to denounce Glubb Pasha, now recognized him as a moderating force among the Arabs, and took his dismissal as a sign that the



GLUBB PASHA
Revolt in the desert.

neighbor country may disintegrate and that Egypt may install a puppet regime among the dichard Palestinian refugees west of the Jordan.

The ancient way—subsidy, British advisers, British control—had its disadvantages and was plainly out of date. But it would be hard to raise a cheer for the new way taking its place, urged on by Arab intrigue and bribe, exulting in disorder and governed by the street mobs and those who know how to guide them.



King Hussein & Mother Dancing in the streets.

SYRIA

Communist Penetration

Immediately to the north of Jordan lies Syria, an ancient land but an independent Arab nation for only ten years.* It is reagreded by the U.S. State Department as expended by the U.S. State Department as trated by Communists. Czechoslovals have already let Syria have 50 German tanks at the giveaway price of \$8,000 apiece. Last week Cairo's radio reported that a shipment of Czechoslovalkina arms, a Syrian port.

Since the Communists Jaunched their drive to penetrate the Middle East last year, six Iron Curtain countries have made agreements with Syria to ship industrial goods in exchange for Syria's surplus cotcernom plants. The East Germans a textile factory. Last week Syria voted \$33 million to build an oil refinery at Homs. Next day the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey offered to build the refinery at it sown (reportedly Sio million) that the Syrians are considering approving both projects.

Reason for Communism's easy success in Syria is the weakness that has characterized all its governments since the French pulled out in 1946. Each has been subject to the sway of Damascus' fastmobilizing street demonstrations. The Syrian army, penetrated by Communist influence, now backs the fellow-traveling Arab Socialist Resurrection Party, which noisily opposes Western policies. Syria is the only Arab country that has elected an avowed Communist to Parliament. Having long since shed the "independent" label under which he first campaigned, Deputy Khaled Bakdash last week headed back from the 20th Communist Party Congress in Moscow full of useful new

FRANCE

War by Little Packets?

In Paris the atmosphere was reminiscent of the bitter closing days of the Indo-China war. Editorialists summoned their darkest tones, politicians warned of "the line of last defense," headlines cried.' TO LOSE ALGERIA 15 TO LOSE FRANCE, Premier Guy Mollet, in the center of it all, havered uncomfortably, Once again irresolution was at the helm in France.

Minister Resident in Algeria Robert Lacoste hurried back to Paris in a mood of desperate urgency, and with a proposal that combined threat and promise. He

O Promissid independence after the Ottomas Empire collapsed in 1978. Spris was amadated to France, which claimed an "interest" in the rear dating from the Crossider kindons foundtion of the Control of the Control of the France and shift of the Control of the Control France had shift out powers to the Syrians, France had shift out powers to the Syrians, Syria was completely independent—France's first potters loss of empire.



asked for another 200,000 men to reinforce the 230,000 troops already in Algeria, and for a huge investment program in Algeria totaling \$570 million. Not until order was restored, he argued, should France negotiate with the rebels. The most influential man in Mollet's Cabi-Minister-Without-Portfolio Pierre Mendės-France, backed Lacoste's military plans, but demanded that the government open negotiations with the rebels at once.

The Compromiser, By instinct and his Socialist upbringing a pacifist and anticolonialist. Guy Mollet did not like the role he was cast in. Lacoste's 200,000 men would mean calling up French youths months early and keeping others in the army past their time, outraging thousands of French mothers with votes. On the other hand, talk of negotiations with "the murderers of French women and children" would antagonize thousands of others. For eight hours the Cabinet dehated and argued. Lacoste at one point resigned, then was persuaded to reconsider. Finally Mollet compromised on a crash economic program of \$70 million and the dispatch of 50,000 troops. These could be obtained without any special call-ups by robbing France's already skeletonized NATO forces. General Augustin Guillaume, chief of the French general staff, who as Morocco's Resident General dethroned Sultan Ben Youssef two years ago, resigned in protest. He was replaced by General Paul Ely, whose name to Frenchmen unfortunately calls up the last despairing days of Indo-China.

Mollet took to the air, appealing to the rebels: "If you lay down your arms, free and loyal elections will be organized within three months after the end of the combat and acts of violence." But "first, the guns must be silenced." He promised to discuss a new deal with the elected leaders that would respect "the originality and rights of the Moslem community, but he reiterated the familiar refrain: "Algeria is and will remain indissolubly linked to France." If these offers were rejected, "France would then be constrained to mobilize all her resources to insure by every means the security of the population.

Useless Blood. Mollet's program did not sit well with anybody. "A fake attempt to negotiate peace and half measures to prepare for war!" cried Jean

Jacques Servan-Schreiber in L'Express (the newspaper of the Mendes-France camp, which this week gave up its costly attempt to become a Parisian daily and went back to being a weekly). The leftwing Combat warned: "It is the Indo-China solution. The shameful war by petits paquets [little packets], the blood spilled uselessly, with the prospect of an increasing extension of hostilities, capped by a new Dienbienphu," The government itself was showing telltale signs of dissension, and Mendès-France was talking of

In Algeria 200 were killed in one of the bloodiest weeks in the 16 months of crisis. In theory, if it comes to war in Algeria, the odds should favor the government, which has 200,000 French soldiers pitted against perhaps 15,000 armed rebels. But as in Indo-China, the rebels can count on the encouragement, tacit support or at least the silence of 8,000,000 Algerians.

A Single People

France's two other North African territories moved nearer independence-and farther from France. For two weeks Foreign Minister Christian Pineau's negotiators had been stubbornly insisting that France could never agree to recognize Morocco's independence until Sultan Ben Youssef had also accepted terms of "interdependence." Last week France gave in, It signed a declaration recognizing Morocco's sovereignty and granting Morocco the right to maintain an army and conduct its own diplomacy. The terms of interdependence are still to be written.

Tunisia's Premier Tahar ben Amar was also in Paris to negotiate fresh concessions from the French. The day the Moroccan declaration was signed. Premier ben Amar conferred earnestly with Ben Youssef. Between them, the Moroccans and Tunisians had set up a political whipsaw which had France dodging. Tunisia was the first to win local self-government, from then-Premier Mendès-France. Moroccans promptly demanded the same thing, and with the precedent of Tunisia, no succeeding government could deny them. Now the Tunisians were back to get whatever the Moroccans got. Said Ben Youssef to Premier ben Amar with satisfaction: "North Africa is a single people. What profits one of us, also profits the other.'

Plain Talk

Two hours after the French government announced that Premier Guy Mollet had accepted an invitation to visit Moscow in May, his fellow Socialist, Foreign Minister Christian Pineau, unburdened himself of the sharpest talk any French foreign minister had directed at France's allies in years. Addressing the Anglo-American press club. Pineau declared bluntly: "I am in deep disagreement with the policy followed by the Western nations during recent years." His thesis: "We have made an enormous mistake in deciding that security problems were the only international problems we had to worry about. Of course we need security. Of course we need strong armies. But need we talk of this all the time?

Pineau pointed to SEATO's recent naval and military maneuvers off Thailand. "Do you really think that, in this atomic era, this handful of ships will give the impression that the West is the leader of the world? The Bulganin-Khrushchev tour of India was much more important. If the West does not make an effort in the direction of propositions of peace, we shall be beaten first on the field of propaganda and then on that of policy.

As for France's friends, "despite alliances, despite affirmations, there is no real common French-British-American policy today," said Pineau, He pointed to North Africa, where France blames much of its troubles on tacit U.S. support of the Arabs. "We have the impression that behind certain forms of rebellion and of propaganda there lurks the desire of certain powers to swallow up the heritage of France." Turning on the Americans present, he reproached the U.S. for backing the government of Ngo Dinh Diem against the French: "Each time you Americans do something wrong, you do



FOREIGN MINISTER PINEAU With the acerbity of retreat.

it with the best of intentions. If there had been full cooperation on Indo-China, we would not have arrived where we are today.

Pineau spoke with the acerbity of a Frenchman sick and tired of hearing only criticism from his allies. His speech made no stir in France, a nation oppressed by long years of retreat and humiliation, and all too ready to believe that the fault must be somewhere else

Exodus

One year ago Saigon's Rue Catinat was a glittering, neon-splashed midway choked with shoppers, promenaders and fun-seekers. Last week its sidewalks were all but deserted. Shop after shop stood with windows boarded up. At a cabaret once loud with the jokes and brawling of red-bereted paratroopers, sailors and the képis blancs of the French Foreign Legion, all was quiet. By the hundreds and thousands the French, with no place in the new inde-pendent state of Viet Nam, were leaving the city they had once made famous as "the Paris of the Orient"

Last week Radio France Asie, the official French broadcasting station in the area, closed down for good, and from Paris came word that the last of France's troops, some 13,000 in all, would leave Viet Nam in the immediate future. For weeks truckloads of French soldiers bound for troubled North Africa have rumbled towards the waterfront, their full-throated soldiers' songs ringing out under the arched tamarind trees like a recessional. "There is no singing now," said the French proprietor of a local bar when they had passed. "Only the voices of the ghosts of our old comrades.

Other merchants echoed his woe in the sharp decline of French imports. In the villages outside the city the French army auctioned off its surplus to local business. men, while Vietnamese shopkeepers eyed the stores and stalls of their French counerparts and waited patiently for them to go broke. "We can wait," they told the French, who rejected their absurdly low offers. "Your price will drop."

RUSSIA

O. Ekaterina

In the Soviet Union women have the same status as men, and they may be seen laboring in road gangs as well as on assembly lines. But sex equality does not extend up the ladder of achievement. "One cannot overlook the fact." First Party Secretary Nikita Khrushchey told the recent 20th Congress of the Communist Party, "that in a number of party and local government organizations women are seldom promoted to leading posts." Last week Khrushchev himself promoted Ekaterina Furtseva to be an alternate member of the Party Presidium (which succeeded the old Politburo), the highest post ever held by a woman in the Soviet Union.

In the early days of Bolshevism, leading women Communists tended to be of two kinds: either freewheeling intellectuals like the handsome and dashing Aleksandra Kollantay, sometime U.S.S.R. ambassador, who advocated free speech and practiced free love, or professional revolutionaries like somber, spectacled Rozalia Zemliachka, the civil war liquidator of the Crimea, and the white-haired oldtime Chekist Elena Stasova. Although Stalin liquidated thousands of male members of the party apparatus in the great 1937 purges, he left these and other top women alone. But Stalin did not trust old revolutionaries, men or women

Carper's Progress. Ekaterina Furtseva is the kind of woman functionary that Communist Stalin set out to create when

At 46 she wears her hair in a severe hairdo and is often seen in a dark suit with white blouse and necktie. But last November she appeared at a big party affair in a slashing evening dress, danced with party bigwigs until 2 a.m. Moscow scuttlebutt says Ekaterina is now a sports car buff, drives a speedy ZIS 112, She is also said to be married to the Soviet Ambassador to Yugoslavia and to have two children, but in Russia, where no such private details are ever recorded in the public press, neither fact is readily

Friend Nikita. One of the things that has clearly helped Ninotchka Ekaterina to power is the support of bulletheaded



COMMUNIST FURTSEVA (RIGHT) & COLLEAGUES* Since May Day, life hasn't been the same,

he refashioned the party after the purges. A minor party worker in Kursk and the Crimea, she was called to Moscow and sent to the Institute of Chemical Technology. She graduated in 1941 as a chemical engineer. But instead of practicing her profession, she and her technical knowledge were used to prompt and police other workers. As she came up through the Moscow party secretariat. her speeches rang with carping phrases: The Kirov dynamo factory is seriously lagging behind," or a local party committee "does not exercise influence on the march towards the fulfillment of the thematical plan of scientific research." She told the Physics Institute: "How can there be any talk of criticism and self-criticism when . . . 102 of the personnel are related or working under the supervision of relatives?" Stalin liked Comrade Ekaterina enough to let her make a speech at the 19th Party Congress Ekaterina Furtseva has not changed

her line, but like many another top Communist, she shows signs of being more relaxed since the death of her old patron. Nikita Khrushchev. She went along with Khrushchev on his junkets to Czechoslovakia and Red China (1954). At the May Day celebrations last year, Khrushchev spotted her standing among the crowd of party officials in Red Square and, before the onlooking thousands, came trotting down from Lenin's tomb to greet her and lead her to a place beside the great. Life has not been quite the same for Ekaterina since.

Her new importance in the Soviet world is indicated by the fact that she shares her promotion as an alternate to the Party Presidium with Red army Marshal Georgy Zhukov, Pravda Editor Dmitry Shepilov (often rumored to be Molotov's eventual successor as Foreign Minister), aging Nikolai Shvernik, longtime trade unions boss, and two party leaders from the critical Virgin Land areas, where a massive effort is being made to boost agricultural production. The whole package bears the Khrushchev stamp.

9 Nina Popova (left), head of the Soviet Wom-

ITALY

Dissidents in Red

Khrushchev's new python policy-embrace, constrict and devour-was such a change in Communist tactics that it forced the rest of the world to find new responses. But if it thus posed difficulty for everybody else, it also raised a few heartburns among the Communists themselves. The trouble was most apparent in Italy, which has the largest Communist Party outside Communist territory. In Rome last week 500 Reds, wearing red scarves and calling themselves Democratic Communists, marched through the streets shouting protests against the "soft" leadership of Palmiro Togliatti.

In Rome's swank Parioli district they gathered in a movie theater in response to a call from 39 Communist leaders. mostly onetime partisan fighters in World War II (including five expelled from the party by Togliatti and 14 with expulsions pending). These were the militants: they had read their Marx and Lenin; they believe in the inevitability of violence. They issued a manifesto accusing the party directorate of abandoning the Marxist-Leninist line, of giving up the fight against capitalism and of behaving not like revolutionaries, but like reformed Socialists who believe that Socialism may be attained by parliamentary means. Recalled the 30; "During that period after the war, when some of our comrades tried to collaborate with other parties, they . . . were unable to modify in any way the social structure of Italy."

Disavowing the idea of forming a breakaway group, the dissidents said their immediate aim was to force the party to convoke an all-Italy congress at which Togliatti's leadership would be tested by vote. But Togliatti, due back from Moscow where he had enthusiastically endorsed the Khrushchev line (a confirmation of his longtime policy in Italy), was more firmly entrenched in the leadership than ever before. The old militants were naive indeed if they thought Communist policy could change from the bottom, not the top.

GREAT BRITAIN Wastebasket Defense

After making a careful reappraisal of Soviet war potential. Sir Anthony Eden's military advisers came to a gloomy conclusion. They have now revised from ten years to five their estimate of the time it will take before Russian industrial strength reaches the point where the Communists may again be tempted to violent global conquest. Last week the Commons debated the government's preparations for war-old-style or nuclear and found the country's defense ragged.

Outlining plans to spend \$4.3 billion this year (\$32.2 million more than in 1955). Sir Walter Monckton, a wealthy and urbane lawyer, ran into heavy going in his first big speech as Minister of Defense. When he calmly announced that the

government was making plans in case of nuclear attack to evacuate 12 million persons, shouts of "Where to?" cannoned all over the Labor side of the House, "Areas of least concentration," replied Monckton lamely. Former War Secretary John Strachey dryly reminded him that his own ministry's pamphlet showed that "a homb dropped on Liverpool would be lethal as far as the east coast.

Laborite Richard Rapier Stokes, acidly observing that Monckton was the fourth Tory at the Defense Ministry in four



DEFENSE MINISTER MONCKTON Most of his aircraft were missing

years, attacked the government for failing either to coordinate effective research for tomorrow's war or to provide the weapons for today's. "There are no airplanes. he said, "and it is no use pretending that there are." A successful industrialist himself (iron foundries, etc.). Stokes asserted that British aircraft manufacturers "have been living on their failures." years, he said. Britain has spent \$2.8 billion on 166 aircraft projects, 142 of which "went into the wastenaper basket as useless." Of these 166 aircraft projects, he said, only eight proved successful,

Early this month the government, with great fanfare, set up a flying column of 2.500 cold-war troopers supposedly in in-Malaya, Kenya, Cyprus. But according to Stokes, the government lacks the planes to move them.

CYPRUS

Copper Island

Hoping to pull off a coup by personal diplomacy. British Colonial Secretary Alan Lennox-Boyd flew to Cyprus last week to try to win a settlement from the island's Ethnarch, Archbishop Makarios, The bearded archbishop was plainly in no mood for compromise. "The British," he

said, "must exclude any possibility of further retreat by us no matter how tough their stand may appear."

Self-determination for Cyprus is an issue that agitates three NATO partners. Greece, Britain and Turkey, Not so well known is an American interest there.

Scholars disagree on whether the island name from the Greek word for copper, or whether it was just the other way around. For 30 centuries before the birth of Christ. much of the copper known to the Mediclumps of almost pure metal once lay loose on the ground. Agamemnon was said to have sailed for Trov carrying a brand-new sword of Cyprian copper, The weapon Alexander the Great brandished against his enemies was the gift of a Cypriot king. Roman know-how, spreading to Cyprus

in 58 B.C., managed to squeeze a rich slag heaps of exhausted ore that are still standing today. Then, for close to 1,500 years, the world forgot the copper that made Cyprus famous.

Late Date, Conqueror after conqueror followed the Romans across the beachland, but none bothered to investigate the mineral riches that lay beneath its soil. In 1912 the chance visit of an American led to their rediscovery.

Hired by a Los Angeles engineering firm to hunt out new deposits in the southwestern U.S. and the Mexican desert, discouraged by his failure and waiting impatiently for a primping girl friend to meet him at the library, Geologist Charles Godfrey Gunther idly thumbed his way through an old volume of ancient history, His eye fell on a chapter concerning ancient Cyprus and copper. Months later, with the backing of Colonel Seeley Mudd and Philip Wiseman. Gunther began the long and finally successful search for new copper on Cyprus. Twenty years of U.S. perseverance, frugality and hardship passed before the Cyprus Mines Corp. paid its first dividends in 1036.

Uncertain Future, Today the copper mines developed by Gunther, and still largely controlled by the American Mudd family of Los Angeles, have become Cvprus' largest industry, supporting some 2,000 of its inhabitants and providing more than 25% of the island's entire annual revenue. Cyprus Mines Corp. exports nearly 1,000,000 tons of copper a year, runs an up-to-date, 65-bed hospital for its employees, has built scores of lowcost houses for them to live in, helps to run schools, sports clubs, welfare centers and summer camps for their families, and pays its employees 15% to 20% above the

Despite the contentment of its unorganized workers, the company has been a steady target for the politically conscious island labor unions, and these unions



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have the powerful outside backing of the A.F.L.-C.I.O., whose roving European Ambassador Irving Brown argues: "When we attack totalitarian systems, we can't justify an American company in Cyprus refusing its workers the right to organize."

The company now finds itself beset by pickets, by recently raised taxes (from 35% to 421% of net profits) and by the uncertainty of Cyprus' political future. Says the company's undeterred resident director. Robert J. Hendricks: "We hope to stay in Cyprus for a long time. Americans abroad have responsibilities. When we do leave Cyprus, we want to leave it a better place than when we found it.'

SOUTH AFRICA Illegal Hospitality

The Soviet Union's two South African consulates-in Pretoria and Cape Townclosed their doors last week on orders of South Africa's Nationalist government, Said External Affairs Minister Eric Louw: "The Russian consul general has cultivated and maintained contact with subversive channels of communication between them and Moscow," Consul General N. V. Ivanov denied (as the Communists always do any subversive activity, but freely admitted another charge leveled by the Union government: that Negroes, who cannot buy or be given liquor in South Africa, had been served vodka at Russian consular parties

Party at Groote Schuur

A rare smile lit the stony face of South Africa's Nationalist Prime Minister Johannes Strydom last week. After five years of relentless campaigning, this taut, thin-lipped, back-country lawyer and ostrich farmer had won the parliamentary fight to establish white supremacy in a land of 2.600,000 whites and 10,000,000 non-whites. Its Upper House now packed with 41 new, Strydom-created Senators to furnish the necessary votes, Parliament bowled heavily through a final joint session to change an "entrenched clause" in the 1909 South African constitution and strike the last 45.000 Colored (mixed blood) voters from the common voting roll. Strydom's majority: 174 to 68. Some of the younger Nationalists and

their wives thought the occasion called for a gesture of thanks to their leader. They organized a victory march on Groote Schuur (Great Barn), the vast Dutch Colonial pile, once the mansion of Empire Builder Cecil Rhodes, that is now the Cape Town residence of the Prime Minister. Around 9 of the summer's evening. a caravan of 130 cars, filled with 156 Nationalist parliamentarians and wives, drove slowly up to the great house whose grounds overlook two oceans. "We have come to sing," announced a spokesman. Mrs. Strydom invited the crowd inside. ordered the kitchen blacks to prepare coffee and Boerebiskuit (Afrikaans for shortbread) for all, As the Prime Minister



PRIME MINISTER STRYDOM

came into the hall a moment later, the visitors broke into old Boer war songsthe Volksliederen of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State. Then the Senate's only woman member, Mrs. M.D.J. Koster, spoke her thanks to the white race's savior: "Every white woman and every white mother thanks you from the depths of her heart." Deeply moved, Strydom wiped a tear from his cheek, then replied: "We must never be swerved from our goals . . . The struggle must continue."

Deathly Dagga

Lurking among the flowers and vegetables in many a South African garden patch is an innocent-looking weed called dagga. Dried and smoked like marijuana, a close relative, it induces a dreamy recklessness that can spur men to acts of terrible savagery. Nearly one-fourth of the rapes, murders and maulings that occur in the slums of South Africa's great cities are blamed on dagga.

The illicit dagga traffic has been on the rise recently, and local police have long suspected the existence of some great new source of the drug. On patrol of the foothills lying beneath the great, rugged Drakensherg Mountains a fortnight ago, a party of seven policemen discovered one such source-a vast valley planted solidly with the grey-green weed. They sent a messenger to the nearest police station to report their find, then began tearing out mountain above there came a fierce Zulu battle cry. Down the hill raced a horde of black savages, maddened with the drug and furiously waving their assagais and knobkerries. Five cops were speared to death. The other two escaped badly battered after a three-hour chase.

By the time reinforcements arrived, the Zulu dagga planters had fled to the impenetrable, distant mountains. Unable to pursue them, police returned to the dagga valley with a fleet of trucks. At week's end they had harvested and destroyed close to 200 tons of deathly dagga.

KENYA

The Terrorist

In the days, not so long ago, when the bloodthirsty Mau Mau were terrorizing all of Kenya, there was no fiercer character in all the jungle than Dedan Kimathi. a scarred, stocky ex-clerk who had fought and jockeyed his way to the leadership of all the guerrillas. Not content with his popular title, "General Russia," Dedan capped his arrogance by calling himself Field Marshal Sir Dedan Kimathi and appointing a parliament of his own to preside over. The Nairobi government put

a price of £500 on his head. With the success of British arms, and quarreling within their own ranks, the Mau Mau are now on the run. Kimathi and a rival leader split up and went their separate ways. For the past six months the activities of both factions have been confined to a few raids on local cowherds. A refugee captured by Kenya police as he left Kimathi's camp recently has provided a vivid picture of the once great chieftain in his twilight hour. Broken in health and mind. 35-year-old Dedan Kimathi now spends his days making wild speeches to the jungle trees and his nights raving endlessly. He lies on a litter of branches, blubbering and blabbering about reform in the Liberation army, while his friends search the woods for comes near, the 20 loyal henchmen (and teen-age henchwomen who still surround him hustle Kimathi into a nearby cave and gag him to keep him quiet.

SPAIN

The Big Freeze

"The rain in Spain stays mainly in the Bernard Shaw has his madeover Liza Doolittle triumphantly recite in his film Pygmalion, thus inadvertently giving modern literature its one memorable line characterizing the equable climate of the Iberian Peninsula. But there was nothing temperate about February's weather in Spain. The cold wave which had paralyzed southern Europe swept down over the Pyrenees and deposited a blanket of frost which chilled to the bone millions of lightly dressed Spaniards living in unheated homes and, far worse, ruined the crops on hundreds of thousands of olive, almond and citrus trees. Hardest hit was Valencia. where the thermometer registered an alloranges were frozen into balls of ice as they hung on the trees. Surveying the damage last week. Spanish syndicates es-timated a loss of \$50 million in citrus exports and a \$75 million loss in olive oil production, the two most essential ingredients in Spain's precarious economy.

THE HEMISPHERE

VENEZUELA

The Teen-Age Rebellion

From the lips of Venezuelan travelers to Trinidad. Costa Reia. Mexico and the U.S. last week come time the lips of Venezuelan Lips of the story behind what is a large of the story behind what is a large of the library and the lips of the library and the library and

All accounts agreed that the episode started as a protest by students of Fermin Toro high school in Caracas (pop. 1,000,ooo) against the sudden switch of examinations from the usual period in July to February. High-spiritedly, the teen-agers marched off toward the Ministry of Education. Almost any mild measure would presumably have stopped them, but the police-minded government of President Marcos Pérez Jiménez sent well-armed cops. Angered and insulted by student insolence, the police attacked with sabers and (according to some accounts) fired on the shrieking school kids. An army officer arrived in time to see his daughter struck by a cop with the flat of a saber; he shot the policeman on the spot.

Thereafter demonstrations of protesthis time aimed at the regime itself spread to schools all over Venezuela. Students wereked laboratories and stoned podents wereked laboratories and stoned podents wereked laboratories and stoned potent were the stone of the stone of the University in Carness, who also work as crowded with wounded youngsters. At one point they ran up on a flagpole what they said was the bloody dress of the slain they said was the bloody dress of the slain.

How many were killed no traveler could say; newspaper mention of the rioting was censored clear down to the burial notices. The minimum eyewitness count of the dead was two and the highest estimate was 20. Other estimates: wounded, 70 to 100, jailed, 300 to 3,000.

BRITISH WEST INDIES

Island in the Sun

"It is the fairest land that eyes have beheld." wrote Christopher Columbus when he discovered the Caribbean island of Jamaica in 1494. This winter 100,000 sun-seeking North American tourists are discovering Jamaica and echoing Columbus. The lush British colony, only three hours by air from Miami, is the Temperate Zone dweller's vision of Eden: white sand beaches and an emerald surf, blue mountains and waterfalls in the distance, a green landscape of palms, banana and sugar cane, splashed with gaudy contrasts of scarlet poinciana blooms, vellow and coral bougainvillaea vines and fragrant orchards of mangoes, limes and tangerines.

Unlike most other islands of the impoverished Antilles, Jamaica can boast of more than sunshine and scenery. By the low living standards of the Caribbean, Jamaica's 1,500.000 inhabitants are commanded to the commanded of the co

Boloneed Budget, Jamaica's moderate property is moverate property in new-found and self-made. Britain, whose absentee landlords drained fat profits from the place with regularity after the British routed the Spaniards' in 1655, did not grant Jamaica limited self-government until 1044. At that time the siland was so run-down that a visiting British commissioner called it "a dung heavy of physical abomination."

Still under a British-appointed gover-

But the Spaniards' Negro slaves, known as Maroons (from the Spanish cimarrones, meaning fugitive slaves), were unconquered, and fled to a remote area called the Cockpit Country, where their descendants still live. nor, but with an elected local Assembly running most of the islands a faffire. Ismaica has come along fast. The government is now headed by Chief Minister Norman Washington Manley 52. However the control of the contr

Fewer Imports. The once profitable banana business, almost wiped out by disease during the early '40s, was rescued by development of a disease-resistant variety, and exports have doubled in the past eight years. During and after the war, Jamaica expanded its sugar planting and built up a \$21 million-a-year British market (and a current surplus that may soon force a compulsory cutback). Rice, a staple food that had always been imported, was grown locally under government direction, and production was boosted to the point where Jamaica is now nearly self-sufficient. In trying to encourage manufacturing, the government granted special inducements to foreign capital to build local factories. Island plants now employ some 20,000 and satisfy much of Jamaica's needs for cement. shoes, clothes, soap, paint, canned goods. furniture.

While Jamaica strove to cut its imports, a rich new export was discovered almost accidentally. In Jaya a Jamaican rancher wondered why he could not grow grass on his educa near Saint Anni Buy tony of the properties of the proved that the soil was rich in basucite, the source mineral for almoint. The VLS, aluminum companies (Käiser and Reynolds) and one Canadian (Aluminium Ltd., known tocally as Ajami randed in, salaed receives, and are now-shipping more than



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Varsity-Town Clothes knows what you want in a sport coatexpert tailoring, today's styling, a look of studied casualness. This jaunty glen plaid has that and more. The touch-it-you-want-it fabric by

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CHIPS OFF THE WALNUT BLOCK

J. P. Van Winkle President Stitzel-Weller (Old Fitzgerald) Distillery Louisville, Kentucky Established 1849



Stable boy in our Kentucky town used to carve graceful little horses from a block of walnut wood. Asked for his secret, he replied, "It's easy, Boss. Ah jes whittles off the chips that don't look like hose!"

We make our old-fashioned whiskey in much the same way. From our fermented mashes we whittle away the parts that don't taste like bourbon.

Our stills are set to get the full, rich taste of genuine sour mash bourbon, with just the right conformation of muscle and sinew to ago to a smooth round finish in our charred barrels.

Were we to deepen the "cut" of our stills we'd carve away the chips that look like "hoes" and wind up with a sway-backed, spindle-legged bourbon, so weak to the taste it would hardly be worth bottling.

Knowing just what to leave and what to whittle away is an art we've learned over more than a century.

And the ancient design of our copper stills, a happy accident of Kentucky ingenuity arrived at a century ago, contributes as much to the distinctive quality of our bourbon as our Kentucky limestone water itself.

If our fermented mash were whittled to the "bone" in the still, it would emerge more alcoholic spirit than whiskey. Lean in flavoring congeners, it would fail to "flesh out" in our new charred oak barrels, and wold foll out of our aging warehouses little better than it went in.

Conversely, our OLD FITZGERALD comes through the still a pretty rugged boy, and accommodates himself to most any amount of aging. He's bottle-ripe at four, but acquires additional nuances of flavor and polish with each advancing year.

We invite you to join the inner circle of business hosts who have made OLD FITZLERALD the final choice of their mature tastes, and find it good business to share, in moderation, with associates and friends.

Bonded 100 Proof Original Sour Mash Kentucky Straight Bourbon 2.000,000 tons a year to the U.S. and Canada.

Evident Virility. More profitable by far than any other industrial development is Jamaica's great touries boom. Before than a cruise-ship stop, that profit more than a cruise-ship stop, that profit travel has increased the traffic far beyond travel has increased the traffic far beyond the island's capacity to handle if A hurst of hotel building at Monteco Bay and of hotel building at Monteco Bay and passage to 3,000 first-class rooms, priced up to \$50 a day (double room. American plant during the winter season. Even so, hatel owners turn down hundreds of aphatel owners turn down hundreds of apbeniments to do a brisk summer trade.

Space not only for tourists but for list permanent residents looms as Jamaica's biggest problem in the future. The island's population is growing at the rate of 30-100 population is growing at the rate of 30-100 population in the second population of the second populatio

Federation's Future. Chief Minister Manley firmly believes that Jamaica's economy can support the growing decomposed to the program hours a land-wide land reform program houring land from ans. With triggation project registers and new crops, he hopes eventually to make Jamaica's 2000,000 fillable acres, prosperously support 2,000,000 people.

Manley has another aim in making Jomaica a model Caribbean island. A start has already been made toward federation of Britain's Caribbean colonies (Tiase, 1900) and Manley, who returned to the colonies will be joined along the colonies will be joined in a new British Commonwealth dominin. When that day comes (probably in 1928). Chief Minister Manley wants Jation of the colonies will be colonies with incommendation of the colonies will be colonies.

GUATEMALA

Reformed Land Reform

To Guatemala's hacklands, torn by hitter years of a formunist-written land reform that set peasant against landholder, last week came a quietly revolutionary reform of the reform, Going well beyond the 'ought' to have some of the hig estates 'ought' in have some of the hig estates held by a few families, President Carlos Castillo Armas' decree aimed at raising the agricultural health of all Custemals.

The reform begun in 1937 by Red-Ide Person of the Person of the Person of the Person of the 87,000 person trainliles onto plots of their own. Some legally took over unculivated parts of confiscated estates: more, inflamed by the example, simply seized land amid scenes of bloodsheid and destruction. After Castillo Armas took power, many landlords grabbed back their holdings with



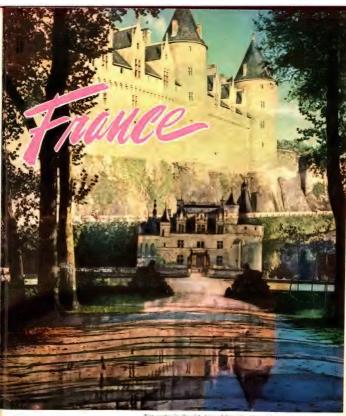
CHIEF MINISTER MANLEY & WIFF For every man an acre.

equal violence. The bulk of the 1.950.000 indifferent, largely illiterate Indians stayed unhenefited on their subsistence compatches high in the mountains.

The new law, written with the advice of

U.S. farm experts, makes many changes. Recognizing that one good solution is to get the landless mountain peasants onto fertile, government-owned lowlands (which can grow three crops of corn a year), it tempts them with homesteads at low prices. Recognizing also the popular demand for land redistribution, it provides for the well-compensated expropriation of idle parts of hig estates and their division among the landless. The new plan offers technical assistance, credit, housing and fundamental agrarian education" aimed at turning the withdrawn Indians into cash-crop farmers and cash-spending consumers. In contrast to the Arbenz regime's land reform decree, which retained a lien ficiaries voting the right way), the new law gives outright possession. To prevent estate owners from buying their land right back, it forbids resale for 25 years without government consent.

Land reform will be financed as part of a five-year, \$250 million economic development program announced by Castillo Armas last week as Guatemala put its new constitution and Congress into formal operation. The U.S. may supply a fifth of the total sum, has already contributed \$2,400,000 toward land resettlement. But other land reform funds will come from a tax that may prove to be the most revolutionary part of the law. The tax applies to untilled parts of large farms, and increases by 25% every year-up to five yearsthat the land is left unproductive, Though low (top rate: \$1.25 per hectare-2.47 acres-the first year), the tax strikes hard at the principle of holding land not for farming but as an inflation-proof in-



If you love life France!

Not castles in the air!—but real Luty tale chitenus sheaming in the verdant calles of the silver Loare! And they're waiting just for gas. Then what fan to follow your fame, down through the tagged Massif Central to the ancient troubsdoot city of Avignon—on to the face-training Roman rums of Nimes and Arless—wait the tabled bloe-and-gold Riviera to climary your crip. Also eves formidable: See your travel agent, write: Dept. 1-8, Box 321, N. Y. 10, N. Y.

The city that hid



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in the sky for 350 years



Besieged on all sides by Pizzaro's army, terrified of possible harm to chosen women, the last of the Incas fled down a valley and vanished.

A GRANDEE heading his horse along jungle banks of the Uruhamba River in Peru, back in 1535, must have felt far, far from civilization . . . vet from parapets above, he was probably watefied by a bevy of beautiful maidens!

The secret of a vast, granite city on a high ridge between two mountain peaks was well kept by Incas, who used it as a last refuge. No stranger ever set foot in Machu Piechu. No Inca virgin ever wandered away from the sky-high sanctuary. The city was stilled by tragedy—yet will live forever as a noble creation of a proud race.

Here, 8000 feet in the sky, the Inca kingdom endured 39 years after Cazeo fell. One by one the warriors were ambushed in the canyons at the base of the mountain. Finally only maidens were left. Then silence.

You can see this city in the clouds on a Skyernise of South America with Panagar and Pan American. For delays service lly El InterAmericano DC 7Bs with radar down the West Goost from New York to Buenos Aires. Betturn via East Goast of Bast DC-6Bs of The President, Pan Am's Instclass service. DC-6B fourist service, non, 'round South America. West Coast services By Panagas's youte from Bienos Aires to Panama. PAA to Mami, and National to New York, No change of plane on either cossy.

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Wish yourself away to a golden beach and hear a haunting hula melody sung to the rhythms of the sweeping surf and the strumming of trade winds through the graceful palms.

Come relax where tropic flowers weave a lei of brilliant color around starry nights and sparkling days... where the glow of matchless weather urges you to golf and deep-sea fishing, or the Polynesian playground of the sea for sunbathing, surfing or outrigger canoeing.

Fill your vacation with South Sea treasures you'll carry always ...the sights and sounds of ancient shrines and busy Oriental market places...the wondrous scenery of towering volcanoes and quiet green velver valley.

Come now, just beyond the horizon, where this lovely land lies waiting, beckoning with a friendly charm and gracious hospitality that is the heritage of Hawaii.



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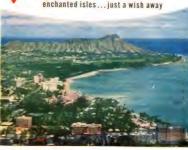
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HAWAII VISITORS BUREAU

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PEOPLE

Names make news, Last week these names made this news:

In a tremulous letter to the New York Times. Playwright Tennessee Williams debut of uptrodden Tallulah Bankhead as downtrodden Blanche Dubois in his A Streetcar Named Desire (TIME, Feb. 13). It was the morning after opening night in Miami, with three weeks to go before Streetcar careened into Manhattan's City Center, Recalled Williams: "She asked me meekly if she had played Blanche better than anyone else had played her. I hope you will forgive me for having answered 'No. your performance was the worst I have seen.' . . . I never stated publicly, to my sober recollection, that she had ruined room lingo. I was talking to myself, not to all who would listen, though certainly into my cups," According to Critic Williams, Grand Trouper Bankhead magnificently steered Streetear back on the track after that. "To me she brought to mind the return of some great matador to the bull ring in Madrid, for the first time after having been almost fatally gored, and facing his most dangerous bull with his finest valor . . . When the play was finished [on its Manhattan opening night | I rushed up to her and fell to my knees at her feet ... Such an experience in the life of a playwright demands some tribute from him. and this late, awkward confession is my

India's bustling Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru twirled by helicopter to Bombay on a sea hop from the British aircraft carrier Albion, maneuvering with Indian naval units. Before taking off from the Albion, Visitor Nehru looked a trifle



INDIA'S NEHRU & HOST Wary of a hop.



THE MARSHALLS & GUEST

apprehensive as a long-legged British admiral fussed with Nehru's "Mae West" lifejacket.

Shortly before twelve one night in Beverly Hills, earthy playwright Clifford (Clash by Night) Odets, Jo, fogglly pi-loted his new Lincoln into a parked car. The target vehicle ricochered a full 45 feet. Odets flew on. Nabbed soon, he was nigled for nine hours, rapped for drunken driving and for evasive action after a collision. sprung next morning on \$56 to ball.

The oft-kilted chief of Scotland's fardung Clan Campbell. In Double's Campbell. eleventh Duke of Argyll, came in line for a windfall of at least \$140,000 from the estate of a stranger. a Londonbour lady named Wirs. Eliza Sie, who died last December at 88. The hig clue behind Eliza's bequest, her midden name was Eliza's bequest, her midden name was considered to the control of the Clan was made to me as head of the Clan Campbell. . It was a most admirable attitude for the lady to adopt.

Asked to speak on "The Meanine of Genew" at Swarthmore College, Algor Hiss, preparing for his first public address since Dec, 6, 1954.). had the welcome mat pulled out from under him. His invitation, issued out from under him. His invitation, issued dents for Democratic Action, was vetued by S.D.A.'s parent Americans for Democratic Action, Explained an A.D.A. official?"... We wouldn't invite a concital?"... We wouldn't invite a convicted traitor.

As spring skidded around North Carolina, snow-topped Elder Statesman Bornord Boruch breezed down in his private plane for a visit with two old friends General of the Army George Collett Marshall and his wife Katherine, in Pinehurst, Marshall's haven of retirement.

At the International Topical Stamp Exhibition in Bombay, judges pored over the entries, declared New York's Francis Cardinal Spellman the winner. Title of Philatelist Spellman's picturesque display

Passing through Los Angeles on his way to Lutin America doughty General Robert E. Wood, 76. "retired" board chairman of Sears, Roebuck & Co., and a right-wing Republican, predicted a business shamp if the does not stay in the most stay of the control of the con

With the Soviet leaders now openly pledged to retwist Stalin's twisted chron-Natalia Sedova Trotsky, widow of assassinated (in 1940) Old Bolshevik Leon Trotsky, crept out of limbo in a Mexico City suburb to announce that she has sent two messages to the Kremlin. Her goading requests: 1) Whatever happened to her engineer son Sergei, last heard from in Moscow some 20 years ago? 2) When will the Soviets honestly rewrite the history of denounced "Traitor" Leon Trotsky and of his "deviationist" son Leon Jr., who died in 1938? It seemed however that Mme chiefly for the sake of the record. Said she of Khrushchev & Co.: "What can you expect from people who refused to protest so long as he was supreme?"

MEDICINE

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The snug, restful, conforting upport not priceless walking uses Dr. Scholle COPRG Stones give you are unforgetable. Their famous hard many the properties of the properties of



Precaution for Ike

President Eisenhower is receiving a new and still controversial treatment in the hope of lessening the likelihood of a second heart attack. According to Dr. Paul Dudley White, the Boston heart specialist, the President takes a pill containing a drug that "thins" the blood. The treatment is tricky because if it goes too far the blood might lose all clotting power. and a nick suffered while shaving could cause dangerous bleeding. The President's doctors make frequent tests, make sure that his blood still has a safe margin of clotting power. He was taking pills daily, now takes them only when tests indicate that it is necessary. The drug is derived

Most coronary victims get such drugs for a few weeks after the attack, but are taken off them about the time they go home from the hospital. Many eminent heart specialists have advocated longterm preventive treatment, but the most impressive data in support of their theory have not yet been published. Dr. White gave a preview of them; in a study at Detroit's Ford Hospital, the death rate among patients who kept on taking anticlotting drugs after a heart attack was only one-third to one-half what it was among those who were taken off the drugs. This evidence convinced Dr. White, who at first opposed the treatment for the President. Two U.S. Army cardiologists, Colonels Thomas Mattingly and Byron Pollock, who have both used it for years. were its advocate.

Infectious Blushing

In the rolling sugar plantation country around Pahalo on the island of Hawaii, Dr. Robert Kaufman noted that his daughter Suzanne. S. looked "awfully healthy." A week later Dr. Kaufman took a look at his son Philip, 6. and asked his wife: "Is Philip getting unossually healthy or have you been putting rouge on him?" Mrs. Kaufman laughted at the suggestion. Soon children had some malady, and he described its symptoms to Territorial Epidemiologist James Enright in Honolubu.

demiologist James Enright in Honolulu. Dr. Enright decided that it was erythema infectiosum, literally, "infectious blushing," also called fifth disease.* The Kaufmans were not alone. Soon hundreds of fresh cases were reported, most from 'the big island' but many also from Oahu.

Of unknown origin, infectious blushing causes nothing worse than a ruddy rash, perhaps a low fever, and some itching as it subsides. The great majority of victims have been children, who were ordered kept out of school for five days.

Doctors once numbered "primary specific fevers" of childhood (startlet fever, measles, German measles) and called Puke's disease (no longer recognized) the "fourth disease." They made infectious blushing the fifth. It is not to be confused with "erythema of the ninth day," a rentition to arsenical druss.

One Doctor's Choice

There was something special about some of the patients who trooped into the office of elderly Dr. Roy Odell Knapp at the south end of Akron's Main Street. They were women who did not appear ill, but wore a worried look. Many of them slipped in furtively. The doctor was kindness personified. If, after listening to a woman's story, he thought it likely that she was pregnant, he would send a urine specimen to City Hospital for a pregnancy test. If the test proved positive, and the patient insisted that her whole life would come crashing down about her if she had a baby, Dr. Knapp performed an abortion. Beginning in 1934, he did 200 to 300 a year, at \$200 apiece-which works out at



ABORTIONIST KNAPP
The medical society was "most kind."

close to \$1,000,000 taken in and 5,500 babies deprived of life.

Last week, with sagging jowls and shoulders. Abortionist Knapp sat in Akron's common pleas court and made a clean breast of it. At first he defended his acts. "This has been going on since the earliest recorded history, among both savage and civilized peoples, and it will always go on," he said, "I developed a great respect for the women I served. Many are unwed, of good family, and frantic to save their reputations and those of others they hold dear. If they can't be cared for under favorable circumstances, they will seek operations from unlicensed practitioners] at great danger to their health." Dr. Knapp testified that in 22 years he had not had a single death. Even the case that blew the roof off his abortion mill was detected while being routinely treated

at City Hospital. In his years at the game, Dr. Knapp had never had the

slightest trouble with the law or with the



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Love Letters to Rambler

Pictured while moderating an association panel discussion recently in Kansas City, Mr. Carl W. Wolff of Allentown, Pa., is the busy President of Petroleum Equipment Service and Maintenance



Company. A Lt. Colonel in World War II, he won the Croix de guerre with Silver Leaf as commanding officer of the 48th Forward Support Ordnance Battalion

in European combat zones, "keeping them rolling"-from tanks on down. Now read about his Rambler fleet that covers five states keeping his construction jobs supplied with urgently needed materials.

"In the oil equipment marketing and contracting business, our vehicles are subjected to severe service. The Ramblers that we have used were outstanding in performance and in economical operation. We are still using our 1951 Rambler Station Wagon daily, with more than 100,000 miles to its credit. Gasoline mileage is averaging 22.7 MPG and we seldom, if ever, add oil be-tween changes every 2000 miles."

. . . "You can't wear out a Rambler," is what proud owners say. That's because Ramblers are built with all-welded single unit construction that's twice as strong, twice as safe, lasts twice as long. Result: Rambler resale value is tops in the low-price field. See the Official N.A.D.A. Used Car Guide figures at your Nash dealer or Hudson dealer. And drive a Rambler, It's fun!

medical profession. In fact, he testified, other doctors had referred many cases to him, and the Summit County Medical Society knew about his activities and "had been most kind."

But when Judge Ray Watters asked "What is your own attitude toward your conduct?" Dr. Knapp mumbled apole-Dr. Knapp mumbled apologetically: "I am ashamed of it." In light of the defendant's age (72) and diabetic condition, the court suspended a one-toseven-year penitentiary sentence but ordered him to serve a purgative four months in the county jail. The county medical society, distinctly not in a "most kind" mood, denied that it had ever had any knowledge of what Dr. Knapp was doing, promptly expelled him,

Suicides & Others

For every one of the 20,000 U.S. citizens who commit suicide each year, five more try it but fail, and dozens threaten it. In an effort to pinpoint the characteristics of suicidal types, two psychologists anadepression and far-gone delusions of per-

As between those who actually attempt suicide and those who only threaten it. the latter are actually the more "disturbed," in the psychiatric sense, by guilt. aggression, irritability and agitation, Those who try it may be more withdrawn. but it often seems that the mere attempt has helped to get them temporarily back on an even emotional keel.

Capsules

¶ Dubbed "Baltimore's Water Babies" because they were born with a rare kidney disease that required them to drink up to 14 quarts of water a day, Robert Werner, 12, and brother Jacob, 10, got good news last week at the National Institutes of Health Clinical Center in Bethesda. Md.: though they will have to go on drinking abnormal amounts, they have a normal life expectancy (another 59 vears or more)

To prove their theory that tooth decay



BALTIMORE'S ROBERT & JACOB WERNER They have to keep on drinking.

lyzed the records and personalities of 64 men-half with records of suicidal impulse, half with none-who had been in the Veterans Administration Neuropsychiatric Hospital at Los Angeles, Key findings by Drs. Edwin S. Shneidman and Norman L. Farberow in Public Health Reports

It is practically impossible to pick out the potential suicide from the details of his psychiatric case history, no matter how heavily laced it may be with stress and

Although a threat of suicide does not necessarily mean that the individual will go through with it, the converse is not true-nearly everybody who commits suicide has given forewarning of it.

The only emotional illnesses that distinguish the suicidal and possibly suicidal groups from others are extremely severe comes more from a soft diet than from starches or sugars (Time, Aug. 6, 1951), Physician Hans H. Neumann and Dentist Nicholas A. Di Salvo of Columbia University betook themselves to Mexico. Guatemala and darkest Peru. They found whole tribes with virtually no cavities. though they lived on a poor diet heavy with carbohydrates. The researchers made their subjects chomp down on a dynamometer, found their bites much more powerful (166 to 184 lbs.) than those of soft-dieted Americans (127 lbs.). Their prescription; eat more hard food,

The U.S.S.R.'s Health Minister Maria Kovrigina reported that 3.500,000 Russians suffer from heart disease-43% of all the nation's invalids. Commonest victims: people in middle age, regardless of occupation; intellectuals and executives. regardless of age.

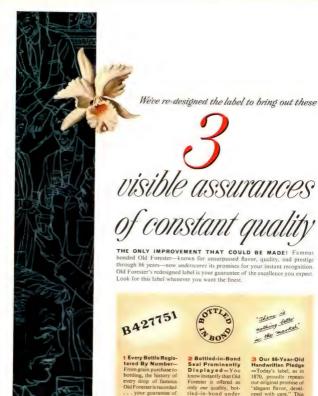


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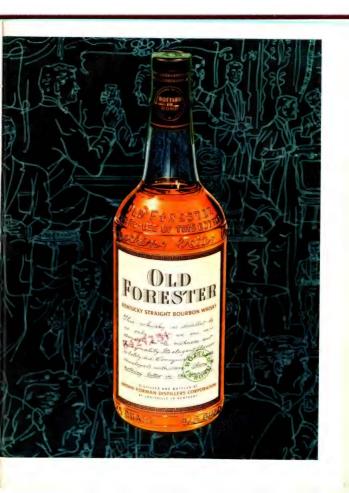
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THE PRESS

Y-Day

As one of journalism's classic suspense stories ticked toward its climax, most to avoid lagging in the rush to the newsstands. Almost everywhere, alternate front pages waited to be hustled onto the presses. Most featured a grinning President Eisenhower saying VES or a grim-faced Ike under a headlined No. Some papers even hedged with a third version: MAYBE.

To get the word, a record 311 newsmen and newshens pressed into the old State Department building's Indian Treaty Room past Secret Service men who had to turn away 40 others for lack of space. The line for the 10:30 a.m. conference began forming at 7:50 a.m., when Newman Wright of the Passaic, N.J. Herald-News arrived. Under rules set by Presidential Press Secretary James C. Hagerty to prevent any leak before the conference ended, the Secret Service men frisked some women's large handbags for signaling devices. As an extra precaution, while the conference was on, they emptied the telephone booths in the corridor outside the room; legmen assigned to hold

telephones had to wait outside the booths. One-Minute Extro. Seven tantalizing minutes after the conference began, the President ended the suspense of the historic second-term question. But correspondents had to wait another 15 minutes before they could get the news out. Then the U.P.'s Merriman Smith uttered the conference-ending words ("Thank you, Mr. President"), and newsmen stampeded for the door. Against the risk that their White House correspondents in the front rows might lose precious seconds in the crush, all the wire services stationed extra men near the door; Smith tipped his own man with a wink and a nod as he rose to end the conference. Newsmen lucky enough to have staked out corridor phone booths leaped to call their offices. But some, like Harold Greer of the Toronto Star, ran four long blocks to the National Press Building to file their stories.

The wire services clacked out the news within seconds of each other. The first take on each wire was marked 10:52 a.m. Typical of the swift reaction was the Detroit News, which got the flash from its own correspondent. Martin S. Hayden, An operator waiting at a special number for Hayden's call connected him with a waiting editor, who was holding an extra phone open to the pressroom. There printers were poised over two silent presses with plates headed IKE SAYS YES and IKE SAYS NO. After Hayden's call it took the News one minute to start rolling out extras, Elsewhere extras hit the streets in as little as seven minutes (New York Post, Long Island's Newsday) and almost everywhere within the hour.

Poor Prophets. Ike's decision made some newsmen seem poor prophets. Notable example: U.P.'s Merriman Smith who had staunchly insisted in stories that Ike would not run. A week after Ike's heart attack Columnist Joseph Alsop bet Mrs. Alice Roosevelt Longworth what he warily described as "a substantial sum" that the President would not run again. He gave her 100-to-1 odds. "Then things looked better," said Alice Longworth, "and Joe tried to buy the bet back. Well. he couldn't do that, so he got me to reduce it to 50-to-1. I was willing to do that. One must be kind to the younger generation, you know, terribly kind," the last month Alsop coppered the Longworth bet by wagering heavily on Ike

Ike's ves had been so widely anticipated

Waco, who presented the case: the press association has been used as "a blind drop for big political contributions. The indictment was the result of dig-

ging, not by a newsman but an aggrieved politician. C. T. Johnson, 45. who was roundly beaten in the 1954 primary for lieutenant governor by Ben Ramsey. advertising for Ramsey, he found little of it listed in the candidate's sworn statement of campaign expenditures. Under the Texas election code all political contributions must be cleared through the candidate or one of his campaign officials. who are required to list them. When Johnson checked further, he found that the Texas Press Association had placed at least \$11,000 of Ramsey ads-about



CORRESPONDENTS WAITING FOR IKE'S CONFERENCE It had to be yes, no or maybe.

that the official announcement sold fewer extra papers than an unexpected no might have done. The day's most offbeat headline (over a huge picture of a grinning Ike): the New York Daily News's FORE!! The most original comment ran on the Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser's editorial page. It was an uncaptioned photograph taken months ago at a prankish Arizona reception and blown up big. The picture noose around his neck.

The Nameless Advertiser

In Texas, scandals in the insurance and real estate business have given newspapers one Page One story after another. Last week the Texas papers had a new scandal to print, and this one was embarrassing, It concerned the press itself. In Waco. a grand jury indicted Vern Sanford, general manager of the Texas Press Association (60 dailies, 525 weeklies), on charges of violating the state's law on political contributions, Maximum penal-Said District Attorney Tom Moore of

St.000 more than Ramsey had reported spending on his whole campaign.

Poor Memory. Johnson sued the lieutenant governor, the Texas Press Asso-ciation and Sanford under a law entitling a defeated candidate to damages double the amount of money illegally spent on a political campaign. He also laid his evidence before an Austin grand jury. The jury brushed him off. Then Johnson went before the Waco grand jury, headed by a man with a special interest in the election law. The foreman, Dean Abner V. McCall of the Baylor University School of Law. rewrote the law in 1951.

When the grand jury summoned Sanford, he proved to have a poor memory. He admitted accepting \$11,000 to pay for Ramsey advertising in Texas Press Association papers, but he insisted that he could not remember where the money came from. Did Ramsey pay for the ads? "I am quite sure he didn't," said Sanford. Did anyone authorize the ads? "Well, I don't exactly know . . . I don't recall who may have prepared [them]." In a sworn deposition Ramsey said he could



the Eastern Townships of Quebec Province
...and you've found a perfect summer
playground. You'll swim, sail, fish, camp,

of superb natural beauty. Let your travel or transportation agent help arrange a long vacation in Canada. No passport needed. not remember paying for, authorizing or even seeing the ads in the papers. Loyal Support. After the jury indicted

Enquirer on the Block

Employees of Cincinnati's Enquires struck as off spot in the hearts of newsmen everywhere nearly four years ago when they raised \$7,000,000 to rescue the paper from sale to the opposition ownership (Thum, June 9, 1922 et seq.). Last week, though the Enquirer (size, 2004,08) is (Incinnatis' most prosperous daily, the experiment came to failure. A block of securities that ensures working the paper went on sale to the highest paper went on sale to the Trouble erupted in November, when

Reporter James Rathif Jr., who had led the employees' campaign, accused top management under Publisher Roger Ferger of feathering its own nest at the paper's expense. Rathif lost his job, but gradually began winning his demands for a management shake-up.

What gave Katliff and his friends their hargaining power was the quiet support of marble-faced old (74) Harrold L. (Harry) Stuart, head of Chricago's Halsey Stuart & Co. and one of the country's opt financiers. It was Stuart who floated to the country's which are convertible into stock. The stock would give its holderworking control of the paper.

Since the fight over management began financier Stuart has taken a dim view of Publisher Ferger, who now votes a majority of the paper's stock under a trust agreement. Once Ferger flew to see this in Chicago, and at the end of their this paper back to Ching direct or catch his plane back to Ching direct later checked Ferger's expense account for the trip, found that it did not jibs with Ferger's account to him.

But Stuart was no less firm with the Ratliff faction, and impatient with their failure to win the battle with Ferner. Las week he called in Ratliff, told him he had week he called in Ratliff, told him he had "Might as well get out while there is a chance." he said. "Under this management. I don't think the stock will ever oup." Ratliff argued—as he had before —that Stuart himself volde change of —that Stuart himself volde change he ment of the stock of the stuart himself argued—as he had no no desire to run a newspaper." he had

Stuart thought that his \$1,500,000 block of debentures might bring as much as \$3,000,000—a handsome capital gain for him, and a bargain for working control of a thriving, big daily. Control of

More than 1,000,000 lakes in uncrowded Canada ...vacations unlimited!

If this year's schedule says "seashore", Canada offers 59,000 miles of coastline. National Parks?

Canada's cover more than 29,000 square miles.

rck V as required. Please send mo The Canadian Vacation Package containing:	CANADIAN GOVERNMENT TRAVEL BUREAU, OTTAWA, CANAD
A new, 48-page, full-colour book- let, "CANADA VASTIONN UNIBILIED" describing holiday attractions in all parts of Canada. Detailed, 37" z 20", full-colour "CANADA-U.S. ROAD MAP" of all	Name PLEASE PRINT
"How To ENTER CANADA"	Addren

The catalogue of "Canadian Travel and Wildlife Films".

54



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A surprising number of people who could pay any price for a camera, prefer the Argus C-4. For in terms of results, the C-4 produces pictures that only the camera in the world which can honestly be considered its peer. If you want unusually fine pictures, and appreciate the pictures, or the pictures, and appreciate the pictures.

taking ease that this precision instrument can bring you, ask to see the distinguished C-4.

Specifications: Cintar f:2.8 lens, combined rangefinder and viewfinder, gear-controlled shutter, speeds up to 1/300 second, double exposure prevention, automatic film counter, lock-on flash unit.

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the Enginer would be a coup for the Tafi-owned Cinicinati Times-Star. which tried to buy it before, or for the Serippis-Howard Cinicinati Park, But the purtotal of 70% of the city's advertising and circulation, usuahi draw frowns from Government trusthus-ters. At week's end there were pleaty of other possible lingers, were pleaty of other possible lingers. Chicago, Gloomed Raillit. "Were licked.

Dreams for Sale

While Grace Kelly fretted over the shortage of space for guests at her April wedding in Monaco. London's brash Duily tion—for you and a friend"—on its front puges The bair in this Fleet Street circulation-building gimmick was more than just two seats in the cathedral (capacity: 400); it was also transportation to Monaco, "in your own private



PUBLISHER NORTHELIFFE.

yacht chartered for a week? plus all engenses and d.1000 (\$2,800 for pocket connext. To qualify, renders had to pay a contest only fee of two pence and list pictures of twelve weeding dresses (run laythe Expense) in order of their appeal." Last week a deluge of reader response screed the Expense to postpone picking its winner until it could sort out some 1800000 entities.

The Express had yet to figure out a way to get the lucky winner into the wedding ceremony. But it could take credit for heing gaudily abreast of the news in the contest craze that is sweeping British papers.

A Bog of Gold. It was Lord Northcliffe, grandfather of Britain's popular press, who first showed how the givenway could be used to build a newspaper empire. The first (1889) Northcliffe prize was the handsome pre-inflation stipend



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Today's luxury airliners are built to bring you the comfort of smooth take-offs, steady flight and gentle landings. Contributing to this outstanding performance is the hydraulic system containing many vital parts made of Enjay Butyl rubber . . . the versatile new material that outperforms natural and other types of rubber under exacting operating conditions.







Year after year the gentle. kindly figure of Old Grand-Dad has served to symbolize the trust and confidence in the hearts and minds of millions for this finest of all bourbons,

Old Grand-Dad



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of Li a week for life. In those primitive days the lure was sometimes as simple as gold itself: a bag of sovereigns buried in a cache to which published clues pointed the way. Through the years the prizes grew more sophisticated and attuned to the public whim. With insurance in vogue, the papers gave away policies of all kinds. When self-improvement became a rage, they offered sets of classics in fancy bindings, During the Depression the prizes took more practical shape: shoes, overcoats and pants.

The current accent in Britain is on making dreams come true. Against the Express' bubbly vision of yachts and high society, the rival News Chronicle (circ. 1.272.800) offered a dream of independence: £3.500 (\$9.800) "to help you be The Daily Mail (circ. your own boss," 2.073.766), disdaining the usual contest bait of ordinary family cars, offered "The Car Everyone Dreams About," a \$13,800 Bentley (plus £1,000 to live it up). The Daily Sketch (circ. 1,047,090) announced: "You can own the Derby winner! . . . The Daily Sketch has paid more than £5.500 [\$15.400] for a horse which is entered . . . If it wins the Derby, the reader who owns it will also win nearly £17,000

| \$47.600 | in prize money."
Nuisance, Like the job of selecting wedding gowns from the Express' dozen, most British contests are so simple that picking winners is almost an arbitrary matter for judges. Unlike U.S. papers. the British usually charge a small fee (two to six pence) for each entry. On some popular contests this enables the papers to break even-and sometimes even to

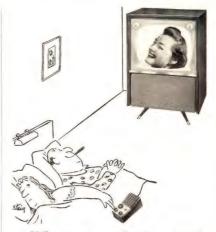
show a slight profit.

But though the contests seem to keep readers happy, the papers themselves are unwilling captives of the craze. "We're not in the lottery business," complained one circulation manager. "Contests are a nuisance, and if our competitors would stop them, so would we." Said a promotion manager: "I doubt if we've ever gained any permanent circulation because of a contest. But as long as other papers run them we have to go them one better to hold on to the circulation we have."

Camera in Court

Colorado last week became the first state to overturn the widespread legal barrier against news photographers in the courtroom. After two weeks of hearings and demonstrations of new photographic equipment (TIME, Feb. 13), the state Supreme Court unanimously gave Colorado judges discretion to permit coverage not only by photographers but also by radio and TV. Special condition: no witness or juror "shall be photographed or have his testimony broadcast over

Denver Post asked a district judge to permit photographic coverage of the trial of a man charged with robbery. That afternoon the Post front-paged a general shot of the courtroom, and the Rocky Mountain News next morning ran a picture of the defendant on the stand.



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Mrs. Kennedy's Five Pounds of Sugar

 and why she can't always have it shipped by the most efficient form of transportation

Ding-ding-ding! The cash register at the checkout counter is busy ringing up Mrs. Kennedy's groceries. A sack of flour—three cans of peaches—five pounds of sugar...

There's more than food included in every price the cash register rings up. There are distribution costs—including freight runas-portation. Everything Mrs. Kennedy buys—whether it's sugar or a new suite of furniture—must be shipped to her home town by freight. So it's Mrs. Kennedy who pays the freight bill when the cash register rings.

It is to keep Mrs. Kennedy's freight hill and yourn—as low as possible that a Cabinet Committee appointed by the President recommended that our national transportation policy be revised. If the whole business seems remote to you, maybe it will become more meaningful if we tell you the story of Mrs. Kennedy's five pounds of sugar.

Let's say that Mrs. Kennedy lives in St. Louis.

A good deal of the sugar sold in St. Louis comes from New Orleans, where it is refined. Between New Orleans and St. Louis, there are three ways of shipping that sugar – by truck, by barge on the Mississippi River, and by railroad.

Let us assume further that the railroads between New Orleans and St. Louis find that, due to increased operating efficiencies. He can reduce their freight rates on sugar and still make a profit. Obviously, the reduced rate on sugar should benefit everyone involved — the sugar producers, the grocery stores, and finally, the hundreds of thousands of consumers in the St. Louis area like Mrs. Rennedy,

But the proposed rate reduction is never put through. In this imaginary but representative case, the application for the reduced rate may be held up for months and then finally denied by the Interstate Commerce Commission. The railroads are forced to charge a higher rate than would otherwise be necessary. The reason, taken from many ICC decisions, is that the reduced railroad rate would "adversely affeet" the competing forms of transportation.

In short, in cases of this kind, government regulation shields the other forms of transportation from railroad competition — at the expense of Mrs. Kennedy.

It is precisely this kind of situation which is at the heart of the Cabinet Committee's recommendations for revision of our national transportation policy.

The Cabinet Committee was appointed by the President of the United States to make a "comprehensive review of over-all Federal Transportation policies... and submit recommendations." The Committee consisted of two other high government officials—men of such outstanding national statute that any suggestion that they would consider only one side of a case is subsurd.

The report of the Cabinet Committee was unanimously approved by its members after intensive study, during which the views of all forms of transportation were given full consideration. Among its key findings and recommendations are:

 That government regulation of rates, as presently applied, frequently denies the public the benefits of the most efficient form of transportation – with consequent financial loss to the entire nation.

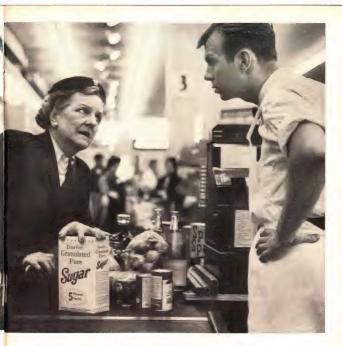
 That, in the public interest, no freight rate should be kept higher than otherwise necessary, merely to shield some



other form of transportation from the effects of fair competition.

The Cabinet Committee recommendation would apply with equal force to every form of transportation, and would give no preferential treatment either to railroads or their competitors.

The Cabinet Committee recommendations if enacted, would by no means end rate regulation. The Interstate Commerce Commission would still have power to deny proposes rates which would be above a reasonable



maximum or below a reasonable minimum, or below cost, or unjustly discriminatory. Shippers and the public would continue to be fully protected by the ICC against all abuses — including any possibility of a return to transportation "rate wars."

Every kind of freight would continue to 'mpay its way' on the railroads, which would not be permitted to carry some freight at a loss that would have to be made up on other traffic. Such a practice would be contrary to the laws of economics, of common sense, and of the United States government. There would be the widest opportunity for all forms of transportation to grow and prassper. Each form of transportation to grow and prassnatural market – hecause each has certain addinite advantages over the others. Cabinet
Committee recommendations would permit
transportation management the right to offer
the most efficient service possible — and
shippers and the public the right to choose
the one that first their needs.

Thus, the principal factor in determining the "fair share" of traffic for each type of carrier would be competition, not regulation,

The growing public support for the principles embodied in the report of the Cabinet Committee results from the recognition that they concern not transportation alone, but the vital interests of every one of us. In short. Mrs. Kennedy's five pounds of sugar are your five pounds of sugar—and they represent everything else you buy as well.

For additional information on the Cabinet Committee report and how it affects the American consumer, write for the free booklet, "Why Not Let Competition Work?"

RADIO & TELEVISION

The Mother-in-Law Joke

The most venerable cliche in U.S. humor is the molher-in-law joke. December. Beide (Mon. 9; p. p.m., CBS), which translates the joke and variations to television, has assounded the industry by elhowing its way into the top ten. Nielsen and Trendex place Beide No. 5; ARB has it tied for sixth vivil Disneyland and I'see Got a Secret, Videodex and Pulse

Pwe Got a Secreti. Videodex and Pulse report it "consistently in the top ten."
No one is quite sure why. Writer-show's success is the result of "basic sociological and psychological factors." Bride's star, fluttery Spring Byington, veteran of stage and screen, thinks "people get a lot of fun from this show.

Picuic, and when the film was on location in Kansas she got more attention from the natives than all the rest of the company. Director Joshua Logan was perplexed: he had never heard of December Bride. Rosalind Russell observed: "Tve got to look into this TY thing."

Any Bride plot is as comfortable and commoditious as an old shoe, Spring usually embarits on some de-geoding project, e.g., saving the marriage of a wretter and the saving the marriage of a wretter and the saving the marriage of a wretter and the saving the marriage of a proposal composition of the saving of



"December Bride's" Rafferty, Miller, Byington & Morgan Hold up the mirror of an angle,

hat the fun is based on good feeling. Vou get to know the family, and they are kept pretty much in character so they don't confuse the audience." CBS's Hubbell Robinson, vice president in charge of TV programming, notes that Bride of TV programming, notes that Bride help. I figured that most of the people who like Lucy would like this show too. And its competition is a dramatic show medical documentary. Presental and a medical documentary Presental and a medical documentary for the State Put.

Desirable Domes, What Bride's visioners see is a mishmah of kittenish dumestic humors. Spring Byington lives with her daughter and son-in-law (France Raf-ferry and Dean Miller); in next-door neighbor. Pet Porter, adds a welcome touch of acid as a wisecracking foe of mothers-in-law, and Verna Felton plays a low-comedy crony of Springs. Verna creently had a bit part in the movie

Lyle Talbot, Regis Toomey and Paul Cavanaugh, Says Writer-Producer Levy: "The show's message is that a woman can be attractive to men regardless of her age. It makes every dame over 45 think she's still desirable."

Actress Byington sees an even more important message. Primed by extensive off-camera reading ("Books to me are my favorite stuff of the world"), with a working knowledge in psychology that ranges from Vedanta to Karen Horney. Spring believes that her role of Lily Ruskin in Bride proves that "Lily hasn't lost her appetite for life and is now free to do ridiculous things. She can play with life much more because she is mature of heart. She isn't stopped because other people are not doing it. She drives to Mexico alone. If something appeals to the mature person, if there is no really cogent reason for not doing it, let us do it, let us not be bound by hidebound convention!"

Out of the Bedroom, Unfortunately. not all of Spring's fans get the point. The hundred letters a day the show receives are heavily sprinkled with criticisms whenever viewers think things are getting too close to life. Levy says that the audience resents the use of alcohol on the show, and so drinking is rarely shown. They are even more strait-laced about sex: "Once we played a scene that showed Frances Rafferty and Dean Miller in twin beds. Dean got out of his bed and went over to Frances. He never touched her, but we got all sorts of audience squawks asking us to keep the show out of the bedroom

Levy wholeheartedly agrees with his critics. He defines successful situation comedy as "a small hunk of life exagerated for comic purposes. If you play it realistically, it comes out drama because very little in life itself is funny. People want a mirror held up to life but at an angle so that it's humorous. People are tired of problems."

Program Preview

For the week starting Wednesday, March 7. Times are E.S.T., subject to change.

TELEVISION

Afternoon Film Festival (Wed. 3 p.m., ABC). Alec Guinness in A Run for Your Money.

Climax! (Thurs. 8:30 p.m., CBS). The Louella Parsons Story, with a grab bag of movie stars.

Perry Como Show (Sat. 8 p.m., NBC). With Dinah Shore. Rock Hudson. Ford Star Jubilee (Sat. 9:30 p.m..

CBS). Musical version of High Tor, with Bing Croshy. Julie Andrews, Richard III (Sun. 2:30 p.m., NBC).

First filming of Shakespeare's drama, with Sir Laurence Olivier. Sir John Gielgud, Sir Ralph Richardson, Sir Cedric Hardwicke, Claire Bloom, Pamela Brown (see CINEMA).

Face the Nation (Sun. 3 p.m., CBS). Italy's President Giovanni Gronchi. Omnibus (Sun. 5 p.m., CBS), Documentary on clouds, by Rachel Carson.

Goodyear Playhouse (Sun. 9 p.m., NBC). Kim Stanley in Conspiracy of Hearts. See It Now (Tues. 8:30 p.m., CBS).

Egypt-Israel, a report on the Middle East Crisis. Playwrights '56 (Tues. 9:30 p.m. NBC). Estelle Winwood in Adam and

Exening.

RACIO

American Adventure (Thurs, 9:05 p.m., NBC), Dramatization of the life of Edgar Allan Poe.

Allan Poe.

Metropolitan Opera (Sat. 2 p.m.,
ABC). Boris Godunov, sung in English by

London, Kullman, Tozzi, Gari, Philadelphia Orchestra (Sun. 2:30 p.m. CBS). Zino Francescatti in Brahms's

New York Philharmonic (Sun. 2:30 p.m., CBS). Bruno Walter conducts Mozart's Requiem.



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Then there's the "Magie Touch" of Dodge push-button driving -positive control right at your fingertips.

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Won't you take time this week to discover the difference in Dodge? It can all be yours in the low-priced Coronel Series full-size, full-styled, full-powered.

New 56

DODGE

**SHARE LEADER OF THE FORESHIN LOOK



Surest way to "Top"

It's Summer. 1953. You're a consulting engineer and you're at a portland cement plant deep in the rugged Northwest. Your assignment: To design a system for moving crushed limestone from a proposed quarry, atop the adiacent mountain, a mile downhill to the mill.

An aerial tramway had been used to haul the stone from another quarry on the opposing slope. But you have been told its capacity was too limited and it suffered frequent operating stoppages. You have also been told to eliminate these problems.

In the months that follow, you investigate all types of hadge. You gather information from far and wide, including many interesting figures on conveyor belts supplied by the G.T.M.—Goodyear Technical Man. Finally you settle on a "rubber railroad" as the best answer to the fough service.

rough terrain and severe winters.

You proceed with your plans, providing for surge pile between the main belts, to insure an unbroken stream of stone in case of accident or other stoppage at the quarry. The G.T.M. assists you with experienced suggestions on the belts, the drives and the braking and power generatin systems. The company approves and by June, 1931, the system is at work.

At first, you're naturally concerned. But as time rule is and the helts roll on, your worry subsides. After more that 18 months' operation, the special high-tensile rayon rein forced belts recommended by the G.T.M. have carried over four times the tomage realized from the old tranway sit virtually no maintenance—and at much lower cost. Yo and the company are more than satisfied.



IT'S SMART TO DO BUSINESS with your Goodyear Distributor. He

can give you fast, dependable service on Hose, V-Belts, Flat Belts and many other industrial rubber and nonrubber supplies. Look for him y in the Yellow Pages under "Rubber Goods" or "Rubber Products."



THE GREATEST NAME IN RUBBER



MUSIC

Harvest of Singers

In Denver's Bonfils Memorial Theater one morning last week, 10 young men and women nervously shuffled their feet and cleared their throats. A piano plunked to the final inquiries of a piano tuner. Solicitous friends and parents were hustled off to a far part of the theater, and the Metropolitan Opera's brisk, softspoken John Gutman turned reassuringly to the tense group. "Please be easy," Gutman said. "Be a bit nervous if you like you are supposed to be. You've probably heard of one of our singers, Miss Pons, who is sick all day before a performance. But I'm not suggesting you be sick. Take it easy. If you don't win this year," you have many years ahead of you.

The speech did little to ease the tension, for the 19 had come in search of farme. The winners of local singing contests held throughout Colorado, Wyoming compete in one of this year's seven regional eliminations for the Met's Auditions of the Air. The rewards for the winners are scholarships and for some winners are scholarships and for some the Met. For its part the Met gets an annual look at the best talent in the U.S., has in the Auditions' to years panned study to the control of the services of the colorary of the section of the colorary of the colorary of the colorary of the section of the colorary of the colorary of the colorary of the section of the colorary of the colorary of the colorary of the section of the colorary of the colorary of the colorary of the section of the colorary of the colorary of the colorary of the section of the colorary of the

Robert Merrill, Tenor Albert Da Costars.

The Newcomer, At Gutman's signal the 10 singers performed one by one—
singers performed one by one—
who is a sheet metal worker, a petite mezzo-soprano with long blonde hair, no fewer than sit tenors (more tenors than Gutman had encountered in all his audiand Chicaco port together). Almost every singer had got some of his or her basic experience singing in churches; some have sung with Denver's energetic young that the singing in churches; some studied at Manhattan's juillair's chool.

One exceptional young fellow announced himself as a bartione, and proceeded to sing Verdi's Celeste. Aida, one of the most lamed arias for high tenor. Said Gutman with mild sarcasm: "Since you are a bartione, perhaps you would like to offer something from the bartione repertorie," if have nothing from the bartione repertorie," if have nothing from the only started singing two weeks ago."

When each had sung two numbers, Gutman retired to study cryptic marks on his score papers, then came back with his decision. It had been a "very good audition." he said. He found some language weakness, most of the German and Italian was "atrocious." but to his surprise he found the French excellent.

* The Met points with particular pride to its Da Costa, who entered the Auditions as a baritone, took the judges' advice, studied until he became a tenor, and won. This season be made a fine showing as Walther in Wagner's Die



MET OPERA CONTESTANTS IN DENVER
Forget the Liebestod complex.

The Most Demonding, He noted one dilling that is so common he has an abbreviation for it. "Ltc" in Gutman's shorthand stands for "Liebestrad complex." and particularly women, to choose the most demanding music. "They seem to think they haven't got a chance unless they sing something loud and dramatic," said Gutman. These youngeten ty- to repertoise for another five or ten years."

The winner was William L. Black, 30, of Bel Air, Md., a husky, 6-ft. Army captain stationed at the Rocky Mountain Arsenal. One of several considerations in Gutman's choice was the fact that Black is a tenor. "the hardest kind of singer



Composer Milhaud Room for side dishes.

to find." He took up music at college (Gettysburg), went to Juilliand for further study, made his first professional solo appearances with the Greater Denver Opera. His prite (provided by the Met's National Council) will be \$300 and to the control of the control of the state of the control of the state of the control of the state of the stat

Trim Symphony

Chicago music lovers got a treat last week: the first U.S. performance of Symphony No. 7 by Darius Milhaud (pronounced me-lo). Performed with clarity and spirit by Conductor Fritz Reiner and the Chicago Symphony, it turned out to be one of Milhaud's most appealing works.

On first hearing, the Seventh is not a work to seize its listeners by the ears or by viscera either. Instead, it sounds neat, trim and attractive, with an overall flavor bland enough to permit the savoring of delicate, sonic side dishes. The first movement is sunny and almost muscular. the slow movement an exurbanite pastoral whose plaintive tune (in solo strings and winds) is accompanied by brassy grunts and then by vague and charming countertunes. This movement also contains an enigmatic episode: a sudden passage of smashing violence, gone as suddenly as it came. The finale is in jocose, carnival spirit, but a carnival whose details are as vaporous as a dream, only solidifying as the music nears its end.

The Chicago audience, a generally conservative one, did not demonstrably go for the Milhaud work; in fact, most of them did not go to hear it, but got it as a bonus with the star attraction, Jascha Heifetz and the Brahms Violim Concerto. But, in time to come, Milhaud's piece should win hearers on its own merit.



Jet airliners shrink globe ...

When you and your family board these new jet airliners, you'll be stepping into a completely new era of transportation designed to get you where you are going faster, more comfortably and more dependably. To appreciate the progress that has been made, following are some exclusive jet problems that had to be licked and some original answers to those problems worked out by Bendix Aviation Corporation.

For example, the starting, generating and ignition systems used on reciprocating engines were not applicable on jets. One of our new Bendix jet starters, small enough to put in a breadbox, produces 450 h.p. to crank a giant jet engine 1800 r.p.m. in three and a half seconds

Igniting a jet is like lighting a match in a tornado. An ordinary spark has no chance. New Bendix jet ignition produces a super spark that fires jet engines immediately. Jets are fuel hogs with very

ADVANTAGES OF THE JET AGE WILL BE JET PROBLEMS - HAS

COMPLETE TRANSISTORIZED NAVIGATION AND CONTROL SYSTEM Includes automatic pilot capable of automatic

landing approaches; Flight heading reference systems.

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MIDDLEDITCH & "SUNFLOWERS"

Kitchen Sink School

The latest thing among younger British pointers is a yolent swing back to realism. Like their young contemporary. French Produig Bernard Buffer (Trus. Ech. 27, they are concerned with the drah reality of everyday life. Their Isvorities subjects of everyday life. Their Isvorities subjects on top of the kitchen table. Hence their collective title: "the Kitchen Sink School."

Until last week the Kitchen-Sinkers were resounding critical successes but financial flops. The first of the New Realists to win cash along with credit is Edward Middleditch, 32, Time & Tide's critic noted that Artist Middleditch's current exhibit at London's Beaux Arts Gallery "seems to be continually attempting things that have not been done before and rated him "the most original and interesting of the younger men." The Observer agreed, found it difficult to name a British contemporary "so exciting and fertile." The buyers backed the critics: Middleditch wound up his show with a near sellout, collected £1,700 (\$4,760).

Britain's New Realism about as delicate as a cockney costermonger's anedote, has been rated a "cult of squalidity" by some proper Britons, who think crockery should remain belowstairs. But to date it has already produced a burgeoning landful of new talent. Among Painter Matchild of new talent. Among Painter

¶ Bearded Jack Smith, 27, first to rate the crities' recognition (Thme, July 26, 1954), who says: "A bottle is a bottle, and it's quite different from a cucumber. I want to get this across." An admiring critic found in his bold brush strokes "a passion reminiscent of Van Gogh's during his Patata Euters period."

C John Bratby, 27, who brought gallery-

ART

goers up short at his last show with his bluntest tour de force: two stark paint-

¶ Derrick Greaves, 28, specialist in everyday drama in the city's back streets, similar to the U.S.'s own turn-of-the-

century Ashcan School,
Middleditch's own orbit ranges from
vigorous, sweeping outdoor scenes that
left one observer feeling that a ripening

visorous, sweeping outdoor scenes that left one observer feeling that a ripening wheat field 'might start rippling before colored still life selection of the colored still life selecting such mundane subjects as a bucket on a stool and a bunch of sunflowers (see catt. Says. he: "The point about us is that we paint that we sea around us, But we try to give with the see around us, But we try to give with the see around the sum of the selection of

Dallas Armistice

The running battle between the Dallas Museum of Fine Arts and a band of vociferous Texas patriots came to a temporary halt last week. The winners, on points: Dallas Museum trustees, who refused to ban from an art exhibit the works of four painters who were locally suspected of Communist-front activities.

At issue this time was the traveling "Sport in Art" show (sponsored by Sports ILLUSTRATED and the American Federation of Arts), which is due to open in Dallas this month, centually wind up in Australia for the Olympics, under the auspices of the U.S. Information Agency. The four pictures in dispute: the Addison Gallery of American Arts Saderes by the

late Vasuo Kuniyoshi; Cleveland Museum of Art's The Park, Winter, by Leon Kroll, 71; Manhattan Museum of Modern Art's Fishermen by William Zorach, 69; and National Pastime, by Ben Shahn, 57.
"The Reds are moving in upon use," warned Colonel Alvin Mansfield Owsle,"

67, a past national commander of the

American Legion (1022-231, who accused

the four painters of being Communist

sympathizers, "Let us hold together . . .

Let those who would plant a red picture

supplant it with the red, white and blue. White for purity, blue for fidelity, as blue as our Texas bluebonnets." Speaking for 16 Dallas societies, banded

Speaking for 16 Dallas societies, banded tugether as the Dallas County Patriotic Council, Owsley demanded that the muscum reimpose the ban it had temporarily clamped down on art by Communists or suspected Communists after a similar ruckus last year. (Truct. May 2). But this time the museum held fast, it also not the lacking of the Dallas Morning, Versu ("The issue is not the allegainee or sympastic theory of the size of the description of the size of the description of the size of the description of the size of the s

Last week the Patriotic Councils at tempt to go over the museum's head was stalled by the Dallas park hoard, which passes on city (under for ministenance of the museum. Said the board. "We see an in whole or in part, of the enhibit." But after Colonel Osseley's angry query. "Has fire Tolonel Osseley's angry query. "Has the park hoard pre-sident Ray Hubminist." Park Board Pre-sident Ray Hubfar from being settled for good. Said he: "The issue of Communist art in the museum may come up for review again."

HOME TO CATALONIA

O'XE of the world's richest private collections, amassed by Spain's late Francisco de Assis Cambo, was back home last week after a 34-year tug of war between Arsentian and Syain, so the cream of the collection was readied for langing in Barcelona's Muses de Arte de Cataluna, Spainards discovered that be prize was well worth the hanging. Spread out before them was an eye-dilline feast of masterpieces by Spaniards Zurisuran. Murillo and Goya and such other masters as Rubens. Cranach. Tepolo, Botticelli and Correggio.

The man who spent a lifetime collecting this treasure-frore was a proud bantam-sized Catalian who exploded not the political seeme in 101 as founder of a Catalian regionalist party, rose to fame as an ardent spokesman for Catalonian autonomy. Hand in hand with Cambo's political success went his reputation as a financial wizard and "the Andrew Mellon of Spain." When Cambo's political party went down to defeat at the polis on the verge of Spain's civil wave. Cambo wisely decamped, ended up in Buenos Aires, where he lived hand-omely on the returns of his insurance and electric companies.

At his death in 1442 Cambo left most of the cash in his 525 million fortune to charity; the bulk of his sart teasures, speraed out over the six houses he owned in Europe, Argentina and New York, were willed to his home: city, Barcelona, When Barcelona claimed the junitings, sarcering to pay 556, gain death olities Periols government slapped on embargo on the old masters in Cambo's political Bueron government slapped and the company of the company of the company of the politic distribution of the company of the company of the company of the company point, did Argentina referi.

Easily a favorite in the whole Cambo bequest is Goya's classical allegory.

Cubid and Psyche. It displays against the neoclassic decor the same kind of full-hosomed, dark-haired beauty that Goya showed as his feminine ideal in his famous Nude Majar. The scarlet-draped Cupid, with muscular body yet almost feminine features, complements her as the idealized lover.



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Read in the column at the right uhv it is better glass for you.

TI Cortey Borel, San Dicco. Architect George R. Wheeler, San Diego



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COMPARE the reflections of the unsidedown signs in the mirror of conventional plate glass (left) and the mirror of Parallel-O-Plate* (right).

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SCIENCE

Round-the-World Tracer

The Japanese public does not like radioactive fall-out, whether it comes from U.S. or Russian nuclear tests, but Japanese scientists have learned to put it to work. While visiting New York last week. Dr. Yasuo Miyake of Tokyo's Meteorological Research Institute told how radioactive air masses created by the tests are timed measured and analyzed. Then they are used as tracers to plot the circulation of high altitude winds.

Usually an air mass labeled with radioactivity shows up in Japan a short time after vibrations in the earth, sea or air have disclosed a Russian test in Siberia or a U.S. test in mid-Pacific. But on one occasion last year, a mass crossed Japan



that had seemingly got lost. It arrived from the west, dropping radioactive rain on much of Japan and radioactive dust on the northern island of Hokkaido. A sample sent to Tokyo proved to be ordinary dust from the Gobi Desert, which often falls on Japan. It must have got its radioactivity from a "hot" air mass that passed near the Gobi.

1,000 Miles a Day. All this made the radioactivity look at first glance like the product of a Russian test. But Japanese scientists were certain that no Russian test could be blamed for it, and the only other recent tests had been in Nevada. two weeks before and 5,500 miles away in the wrong direction. Since air is not known to cross the North Pacific from east to west, the labeled cloud could not have come direct from Nevada. The only other possibility was that it had traveled three quarters of the way around the earth

To test this theory, Dr. Miyake and his colleagues studied the world's weather maps. The wind pattern looked encouraging for the theory. On the day the radioactive material rose above the Nevada desert, there was a powerful wind waiting



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aloft to carry it eastward. The most probable route would take the atmospheric tracer across the U.S., the Atlantic, Europe, Central Asia and China. It should travel about 1,000 miles a day and should reach Japan in about the right time: two weeks (see map).

weeks (see mab). Rain & Fogged Film. To find out whether the air mass actually traveled around the earth, the Japanese wrote to scientists along its theoretical route asking if they had seen any signs of it. Confirmation came from Paris, where radioactive rain had fallen. The fission products from faraway Nevada had also fogged photographic film as they drifted over Europe. Dr. Miyake is sure that the rest of the trajectory mapped out for the "tracer" is also accurate. The north-and-south waviness of the route is characteristic of the high altitude winds that blow around the earth in north temperate latitudes.

Now Japanese scientists are waiting for the U.S. nuclear tests scheduled for April in mid-Pacific. Any labeled air masses that they send to Japan will be welcomed (meteorologically at least), whether they travel direct or by circumpavigation.

Humans in Space

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Unmanned space flight is almost in the bag, Rockets have already risen to the edge of space, and no one in the rocket business doubts that unmanned satellites will soon be revolving on orbits around the earth. Manned space flight is much more difficult hecause of the vulnerability of human crews. Last week a symposium at the University of California discussed some of the problems.

The human body is adjusted to mild cosmic ray bombardment at the earth's surface, but no one knows what will happen to humans who spend considerable amounts of time above the sheltering atmosphere. At last week's symposium, Major David G. Simons of the Air Force's Space Biology Laboratory, reported that recent experiments have been somewhat reassuring. For five years Holloman Air Force Base, N. Mex. has been sending mice, guinea pigs and monkeys on 24-hour balloon flights. Enclosed in pressurized and air-conditioned capsules the animals rise as high as 100 000 ft. Two of the monkeys have had 63 hours of flying time above 90,000 ft., where primary rays are rampant.

Genetic Damage. Their exposure to the cosmic rays did not seem to damage any of the animals. Some of the black mice grew a few white hairs, presumably caused when cosmic rays passed through hair follicles. No other hodily damage was noted. Major Simons admits, of course, that cosmic rays kill tissue cells, but he does not think any part of an animal's body is seriously damaged by the loss of a few cells. Genetic damage is another matter. If a cosmic ray hits a reproductive cell (sperm or ovum), it can cause the birth of an imperfect individual. Major Simons cannot guarantee at present that all his high-flying mice and monkeys will have normal descendants. Less romantic than cosmic rays is the

74



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TIME, MARCH 12, 1956



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problem of food and air for space voyagers, but Dr. Nello Pace of the University of California considers the problem no less interesting. A normal man has a water turnover of about 5 lbs. a day. Since the spaceship must conserve every possible ounce of weight, this water must be recycled: condensed from the air and extracted from urine and feces, Food cannot be recycled without making the spaceship a flying farm, and Dr. Pace is not even sure that preserved food will be satisfactory for a long voyage. No preserved ration, he said, has been developed that can be tolerated for more than a month or two without had effects. So the spaceship may have to be big enough to carry frozen fond lockers.

The spaceship's atmosphere is a problem too. Its oxygen will have to be replaced as it is consumed, and the carbon dioxide from the crew's lungs will have to he disposed of. Both jobs can be done at the same time by green plants, which separate oxygen from carbon dioxide. With this system in operation, the spaceship would be a miniature of the parent earth, where plants and animals, acting together, recycle the atmosphere,

The experts are not sure what the spaceship's atmosphere should be made of. Pure oxygen might be all right if its pressure were low enough (at atmospheric pressure, it is poisonous), but nitrogen also may be necessary for human health. In any case, the pressure in the spaceship should not be too low. If a meteor punctured the skin, a good thick atmosphere of oxygen diluted with nitrogen or helium would not be lost as quickly as a thin one of oxygen alone

Zero Gravity. The most baffling puzzle of all is the effect that lack of gravitation will have on the crew. They will float around the cabin, of course, and will have to drink through straws instead of from glasses, but such things are minor. The

Humans have three orienting mechanisms: 1) vision, 2) the balancing apparatus in the inner ear, 3) the "kinesthetic" sense, which reports tension and pressure in the skin, muscles and viscera. All except vision fail when gravity falls to zero, and there is an excellent chance that vision alone cannot tell a man whether he is right side up. Special instruments crews artificially.

Zero gravity cannot be created on the earth, except momentarily, as in a stunting airplane. One suggestion for simulating it is to use a congenital deaf-mute with no inner-ear balancing sense and put him in a diving suit where he would be made 'weightless" by the water's buoyancy. Under these conditions he will react like a man on a gravity-free spaceship. Another suggestion, which may be followed up by the Office of Naval Research: put animals on a merry-go-round that subjects them to double-strength gravitation. After they have become adjusted to life at 2 gs. they can be returned to normal at 1 g-and studied to see how the change affects them.

vitamin (vitamin; vita), n. Also, in. Also, in

sources vitamin A. C₂₀H₂₀OH, occurs cap, in fish-liver oils, butter, and eggs, it plays an important role in vision and also is essential for the integrity of certain cells; its lack causes mght blindness and hardening of certain tissues and failure of young animals

ingrow.

vitamin B, (the vitamin B complex)
includes a large number of substances which have different chemical structures and actions. They are
grouped together because all are
soluble in water and can be obtained from the same sources. This

group includes.

(I) vitamin Bi, amerine, or thannine
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eerasls, nuts. yeast, and animal for the
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proper utilization of carbohydrates.
A sesse et himmine deletiency states
called beriben. It is characterized
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gastromectinal systems. (2) vitamin B₂, vitamin B₃, vitamin B₄, vi

month.

(3) Nicotina acid, or maero, a crystalline acid, C.,H.aNO₂, and its amide meotinamide, or nineir amide, C.,H.aN,O, which present pellagra; found in meats, milk, lealy green vegetables, peas, and beams—calide.

abo the "PP. (pelluge-purcentity) fatto". Nicotinamide is an essential part of the enzyme system concerned with histogene transport (osidation) in the living cell, Jeffugra, the de histogravity of histogravity, and state of the control of the control state of the control of the control state of the control of the control parts of the bost, muslimes, longer infress, morbid lears, and vertigo (f) vitamin Bg, addressor, production.

or the "rai antidermativis Eaton; CJR₁₁NO₂, essential to human nu trition, found in metal, Ishi liver, wheat germs, etc. Pytholoxine plays an important role in protein me tabolism, by transferring, ammo groups from one compound to another. This vitamin plays an import lant role in antibody productions at the control of the protein of the sumed to be resential to man, this bas only recently been proved. The rature of pytholoxine was determined after a series of infants had convulsions when fed a formula in which sterilization had destroyed the pyridoxine. However, when a heat stable formula pyridoxine was added to the formulas the trouble was corrected.

(5) Varmin B₁₂; solutamed from here tractions. It wis full some med with the production or red blood cells the Failure of the body to utilize this vitamin results in pernicious ame into and other disturbances of the blood and nervous system. It is nexessarts for normal tissue formation and its back interferes with growth (0) The "chick antidemantia bactor." ciency has not been observed in man and there is no exidence to suggest that this substance is a dictary cowritial in man surface. (C.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervtamin a cut. C., (L.) as corbin need, or cervcervation in man.

so a source of methyl groups for the synthese of amme acids and apprecursor of acetylcholine. It also bottes the emression of neutronic sources to phospholipids in the liver. This aids in the transport of Laty acide in nucleo continuous acide in the continuous acide in protein protein metadolion, possibly continuous of sisting in the formation or utilizasisting in the formation or utilization of thymine and other purious and pyrimidines. Folic acid and vitamin B₁ pay sevential rolevitamin B₁ pay sevential rolenume acod. (4,14), the autisoributive stamus, as boundarion freely fruits, e-pe, citrus fruits, romatoes, and vegetables, and octura in air and vegetables, and octura in air ain in C. causes soures—a condition theraterized by sweakness, amenia, aponty guines and a tendency to bleed early. Mild hormon of this condition of the co

stramin D, is antirachitic and regulates the phosphorus-calcium metaboleus. There are everyal surriers, such a surriers are everyal surriers, such a surriers and surriers and surriers, surriers and surriers and surriers and surriers profit, Call, Jull, I. an adouble formed, sizamin D results in lossed radioin stramin D results in lossed radioin stramin D results in lossed radioin stramin D results in lossed radioin and phosphorus and in the domestic stramin D results (received in a stramin D promose received in a dulls. In moderate amounts, vitamin D promose received in adults, in medicate and surriers an

mation of bone vitamin E (formerly called vitamin X), whose back in animal causes intertility and muscular atrophy, is abundant in the leaves of many plants and in oils from seeds. Its role in human nutrition has not been established.

vitamin K is the antihemorrhagit vitamin, the variety vitamin K₁. C_B(H_BO₂) occurring in the leaves of allafafa and other plants, vege tablos, boli made, see vitamin K₂ is similar to it. Evidence suggests that vitamin K is an essential component of the enzymesystem controlling the formation of profitembin in the formation of profitembin in the fixet and its conversion to the active clotting agent thrombin.

The terms vitamin P and extrn have been applied to a substance (now believed to be a mixture of flavones) isolated from lemons and paprika, thought to promote the resistance of the capillaries to hemorrhage

Imong the 800 products produced by The Uppoin Company (available at your pharmary) is a complete-line of vitamin preparations designed so meet the exacting sequirements of the body from infancy to old age.



in partialteria acid, ("AlfyND., a substance variety lion various or game tissues, and promoting growth a of veste Pariodienia (a) dissoral lion toon in cellular metabolium, part of which isomorpounti, actectation. Partiodienia acid also plays an important role in the centryme action of cells as it is a component of contryme A. Pantonhema acids a also important in the with sea.

(7) Bindro (former)s called sitamin H). C₁₀H₂₈N₂O₂N, an acid that is a growth promoting factor, occurring esp. in yeast and liver. The hin chemical role of bindin max deal with protein synthesis, earling in systell fastion, and transamination (8) para- (or p-) aminobermoic acid. (2-pH₁N₂O₂ a growth-promoting fat.

C₂H₂NO₂, a growth-promoting factor, found esp, in yeast and bran, It is a unit in the structure of folic acid and may function in conjunction with that vitamin, PABA defectors.

and maintenance). Folic acid delitrency may occur secondary to gatro-mestiand list-asculaciofailurein conversion of various folicacid conpugates ingested in food into the free state or the failure in converting the vitamin to risk active foliogical form folinic acid—a process which requires sacrobia eacid (vitamin C)

(11) Inoutol is tensurively classified as a B vitamin. Inositol is required in the diet of animals for their proper nutrition and growth.

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matic, plus new five speed manual transmissions.†
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tires, standard on all models . . . more powerful brakes on heavy-duly models . . . new colors . . new cab interiors. Your Chevrolet dealer will be happy to show you all the news in these great new trucks! . . . Chevrolet Division of General Motors, Detroit 2, Michigan.

Vs standar in LCF, and Series same and towns models extraord option in a other modes, electropost options distributed as some of models three-good transmission standard in Some cut trains.



Big Bang

New addition to the list of track and field events officially recognized by the Physical Culture and Sports Commission of Red Chine: the hand grenade throw. The Red Chinese (and presumably world) record, as claimed in the commission's latest progress, report; 255-90 ft.

Two for One

In Madison Square Garden the Knights of Columbus games jumped and jogged along like any other indoor track meet until the announcer called through the tobacco smoke for starters in the Columbian Mile. A slim, sharp-featured six-footer, whose jersey proclaimed 'U.S. Marines.' got the track almost to himself.



MILI WINNER SANTEE Too tilted to face.

Because he was embroiled in a lawsuit, Lieut, Wes Santee, top U.S. miler (4:00.5), could get no real competition. It was not Santee's talent that scared the other good milers off. It was his tilted condition as an amateur. Only two weeks before, the A.A.U. had suspended Santee for life from amateur racing (Trme, March 5) for cashing in on his expense allowances. Santee had gone to court and won the right to run this once, without prejudice to the court's right to side with the A.A.U. and declare him a pro. That was fine for Santee, but it meant trouble for other runners with reason to protect their amateur standings. Even if the courts finally overruled the A.A.U., the International Ólympic Committee might still declare all who ran with Santee to be automatically tainted for competing with a pro-

Lawyers' arguments and legal decisions aside, the pompous Olympic authority shared the A.A.U.'s disapproval of Santee's casual approach to amateur ethics. Every miler at Madison Square Garden had heard the LO.C.'s toploity President Avery Brundage's ominous pronouncement: "If I were a runner, I would not be running tonight against Santee."

No Way to Train. The only competition the K. of C. could round up for their star attraction was the Air Force's Ed. Kirk, a runner who made his reputation as a half-miler at Georgetown, and the Amyly Ed Bhas. a former E.C.4-At twoharely worth watching. Showing no sense of pace. Santee chuaged home in 4131.8, the slowest time for the K. of C. mile in nine years. Before the race he had littledy announced that he had kept in shape, was ready to turn in the race of his life. On second thought Santee excourtroom is not the best way to train."

The meet authorities could not bring themselves to waste the mile talent close at hand. They added a non-Columbian mile. Santee might have thanked the AA.U. for keeping him out of competition with Villanova's Ron Delany. XY.U.S George King and Oregon's Jim Bailey. All three looked sharp enough to run him into the boards.

Those three dominated the race. Irish Ron Delany simply hung back and watched the others work. His head hob-ling in rhythmic jerks, his spikes scratch-ling in the property of the property of

With two laps left Delany turned it on, moved past Bailey, and King with impressive case, finished in 4:11.8. Behind him King edged out Bailey for second. The lans, quick to boo the announcement of the special mile, were just as disappointed with Delany's heady race as with Santee's competitionies one. They with Santee's competitionies one. They performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance by a runner who can jurned him to be the performance which is the performan

"Just Banter, Old Boy"

steadily on, always within reach,

Exportine English culture as energetically as Britions ever did in the palmy days of Empire, cricketers of the staid old Marylehone Cricket Culb began their tour of Pakistan this winter by roughing up some hotel servants in Karachi. "A bit of tomfoolery," said the diplomatic hotel manager. Then the ambasmatic hotel manager. Then the ambasmatic hotel manager. Then the ambasbot purpose the participation of the where they squirted such water over other bot guests. Politic Pakistani Jauphed it all off as mere youthful enthusiasm. Last week, the Pakistani stopped laughing.

Smarting from a series of defeats, the men of Marylebone moved to Peshawar, where they were promptly whipped again, The losers were galled, less by the score than by a series of "leg before wicket"s decisions awarded to Pakistan's star bowler by Umpire Idris Beg. Back in their rooms at Deans Hotel, the cricketers got themselves sufficiently stimulated to hire tongas (horse-drawn rickshaws) and hunt down Umpire Beg. When they found him they politely invited him back to Deans for "a little private party." Beg refused so the players took him anyway-according to Beg-dislocating one of his arms in the process. At Deans, the Pakistani recounted later, the cricketers doused him with water and forced him to swig some whisky, a beverage which he, as a Moslem. had never tasted voluntarily. Not until a team of Pakistani cricketers heard about Beg's ordeal and descended on the party was he rescued from his hosts. Next day the test match continued

next day the test match continued and Idris Beg faithfully turned up-with



MILE WINNER DELANY Too talented to waste.

his arm in a sling—to umpire. Marylelone men blithely dismissed the night's adventure: "Just banter, old boy. Pure banter." But Pakistani students paraded in the streets shouting. "M.C.C., go back! Long live Idris Beg!" Police searched spectators for weapons, and stood guard over the visiting Englishmen during play.

Even a topheasy Pakistani victory by seven wickets did not smooth Pakistani feelings—nor did a formal apology Britains Septury High Commission—er J.M.G. James to Governor General (now President) Islander Mirza, who is also the Pakistani cricket board president. "English players" defeats have upset their mental balance. "said Labores" (Fivil and Military Gozette, "Britains")

© The umpire may call a hatsman out of "L.B.W." if, in his opinion, a missed ball-blocked by any part of the hatsman's hody except his hand, would otherwise have hit the winter



to eat out -at least once a week!

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ON TIMES SQUARE AT RADI

sportsmen show irritability, and resort to indecorous behavior in defeat." added the Pakistan Times. At home the English press called the cricketers "graceless boors . . . bad losers . . . bullies." Said the London Times: "Hooliganism has blotted Britain's reputation for sportsmanship.

Through it all. Marylebone's men kept a stiff upper lip-and kept on losing.

The Great Bonehead Play

McCormick trots home, the merry villagers flock on the field to worship the hollow where Mathewson feet have pressed, and all of a sudden there is doines at second base.

-New York Times, Sept. 24, 1908 The "doings" that so spun the Times's sports reporter that September afternoon cost the New York Giants a pennant and started an argument that may live as long



Who's on second?

as baseball: Did Fred Merkle really pull a

bonehead play that gave away the game? Bare percentage points on top of the National League. John McGraw's Giants had just dropped the first two of a threegame series with the second-place Chicago Cubs, managed by Frank Chance. In the ninth inning of the final game, the score at the Polo Grounds was tied. 1-1. There were two outs when the Giants' Outfielder "Moose" McCormick beat out a single. Long-legged Fred Merkle, the Giants' first baseman, sent him to third with another single. Shortstop Al Bridwell lined a clean hase hit over the head of the Cubs' Second Baseman Johnny Evers, McCormick scored. Merkle did not bother to touch second; he trotted out to the clubhouse

In a similar situation in Pittsburgh



toward Intercontinental TV

An important advance has been made in microwave radio! It's called "over-thehorizon" transmission.

Until recently, microwave was limited to line-of-sight distances, signals being beamed directly from one antenna right at another. However, engineers knew that a small part of the signal "drops off" the heam, or is "scattered" in the troposphere. A whole new concept was visualized, requiring new, specially-designed caupinnent.

equipment.

Now, with the new technique, the signal is beamed far out over the horizon with tremendous power. Huge new "highgain" antennas capture the "scatter," and

a special IT&T electronic system keeps the signal steady for highly reliable communications.

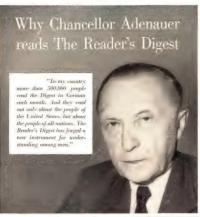
Thus "over-the-horizon" transmission promises to span truly long distances... a big step toward the day when TV may cross the occans. For telephone and telegraph, faesimile, and telemetering, great henefits can be made available today.

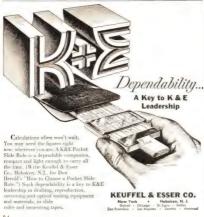
ITaT engineers were the first to introduce microwave communications, 25 years ago. And, by the development of unique equipment, they have made a major contribution toward making

"over-the-horizon" microwave commercially practicable.









three weeks earlier. Evens had called for the ball, touched second base and claimed a forced out. Umpire Hank O'Day had overruided him, mul the leasure president had not allowed the Clubs present. The control of the

Until the day he died in 1923 the Ginnts' Manager McGraw insisted that Evers had made the out-our with a phony ball. According to McGraw, he first-base coach. Old Pitcher "Iron Man" McGinnity had grahbed the ball hit by Bridwell and heaved it into the stands. Evers of course, told a different version, and the league decided that this time Evers was

Merkle played on in the big leagues for 18 years—with the Giants, the Dodgers, the Yankees, and even the hated Cubs. A cruck first baseman, he was a hussler in the field and had a sharp eye at the plate. Even in those days of the dead ball, he often hit close to 300. But until The week at 67—Frederick Charles Merkle week at 67—Frederick Charles Merkle never escaped the memory of that coincidence of time, place and official fickleness that came to be called "Merkle's bonehead play."

Scoreboard

¶ For half the game at the State University's big field house in lowa City, Iowa's Hawkeevs matched the University of Illinois Whik Kids, second-ranking team in the U.S., in the battle for the Big Ten Land Couple of feather-soft shoots that started somewhere around his hares and gave his couple of feather-soft shoots that started somewhere around his hares and gave his complete of the property of the propert

¶ Finishing fast in the stretch. Rex Ellsworth's brown colt. Terrang, half-brother to 1955 Kentucky Derby Winner Swaps, caught Llangollen Farm's Social Climber, won the \$13,8.50 Santa Anita Derby ly more than a length, and probably carried a chance to carry Ellsworth's colors in this year's Kentucky Derby.

E Long Island Investor Alstair Bradley Martin recovered just in time from a virus infection, showed his familiar form -severe cut shots, accurate backband, unbeatable railroad and side-wall services -at Manhatinh's Racquet and Tennis Club to overpower Robert Grant III and win the amstern court tennis championman to hold the title longer. Einaneir 124 Gould, champion from 100 to 1056.



whatever the job . . .

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a gofssson agons company



The Los Angeles Freeway is one answer to our urgent need for better roads in congested metropolitan areas, where 50 percent of the nation's traffic is concentrated.

Why We <u>Must</u> Have Better Roads Now!

An authority gives facts and figures on America's imperative need for action on better roads in 1956—

"Few people

realize how

much our na-

tion depends

upon roads to

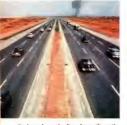
keep our ex-

panding econ-

omy moving

goods to mar-

ket and men



Such roads as the New Jersey Turnpike keep traffic on the go. An estimated 25 percent of the gasoline consumed in cities is wasted waiting for traffic to move.



to and from work."

This is the frank opinion of Congressman George A. Dondero of Michigan, member of the Public Works Committee of the House of Representatives.

"Just listen to these figures. Approximately, 85 percent of all food products reach their first market by truck. In fact, trucks move 75 percent of all tomnage in this country, And 85 percent of travel by people from city to city is by our highways."
Quite clearly," Dondero says.

"the health of our people and our economy depend on better roads for the better cars, trucks and buses of the future."

Why roads are dangerous

Most of America's highways were not designed for today's volume and kind of traffic. Dondero observes.

"Frankly, our roads are at least 20 years behind our economy. Many are dangerously narrow and poorly constructed, by present standards, to handle the increasing load of passenger and commercial vehicles.

"Many highways are worn out. They're obsolete. This is due mainly to the four-year moratorium on construction and improvement of our roads during World War II." What better roads will mean

"Good roads and automobiles are married. They cannot be divorced. They cannot even agree to a separation. They are forever united."

As is well known, the automobile industry has made enormous strides in safer motoring through continuing research and the introduction of lifesaving, accident-preventing innovations. But as Dondero points out, "While our cars, trucks, and busehave improved tremendously, our This need not be it should not be Good roads will pay for themselves in the saving of life, property and cost of operation."

How can we help remedy today's appalling situation?

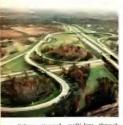
"It is estimated," the Michigan says, "that upon compensant says, "that upon completion of a 40,000-mile interstate says the main highway saystem main highways connecting 42 state capitals and 90 percent of all cities in the United States with more than 50,000 people we will save \$5,000 lives in the first decade after completion, or about the equal of a year's national traffic toil."

We must act now

"Unless we meet this challenge now and improve our roads, by 1965 approximately 55,000 people will be killed each year on our inadequate roads," the Congressman continues.

"Today, with 60 million registered cars on our highways, there is one car for every three people. Currently, 40,000 people are killed annually on our roads.

"What can we expect by 1965 when it's predicted 80 million cars



Safety-engineered, multi-lane through highways (such as the new Ohio Turnpike) pay for themselves in the saving of life and property, and in reduced cost of operation.



Latest link in our expanding network of express highways, the Ohio Turnpike is a hig hoost for safer motoring , , , just as strong, durable steel (98 percent of an automobile is steel) contributes to the ever-increasing safety of motor vehicles.

will be using our highways? Most certainly without better roads the tragic record will be worse than the present toll of more than 100 people killed and 3.000 injured every day."

National's role

As safety-minded citizens and forward-thinking businessmen, we at National Steel are vitally interested in better roads for our nation. The future of our nation's economy, our national defense and the lives of our people demand more and better roads. National Steel through two of its major divisions: Great Lakes Steel at Detroit, Michigan and Weirton Steel at Weirton, West Virginia—is a major steels used by automobile manufacturers. Our constant goal through research and concentral goal through research and concentral to make the steel of the state greater safety, strength and economy in cars and trucks today and tomorrow.



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RELIGION

80th Birthday

The audience that assembled in the Vatican's gold-ceilinged Consistory Hall one morning last week included no cardinals, bishops or diplomats. When Pius XII entered, 203 children from 17 nations gaily waved wands of lilies,

The Pope, declining his throne, motioned to his personal servant to place a chair for him on the floor "so that I won't look too big," Behind him, a blue-smocked boy and a white-smocked girl laboriously lit the 80 candles on a dove-dotted birthday cake bought by the children themselves. Then, with the blazing cake before him, the Pope found himself the center of a dancing ring-around-a-rosy. A tremulous child chorus burst out: "Happy birthday to you, happy birthday to you, happy birthday. Holy Father, happy birthday

17th anniversary of his reign. Special missions from 25 countries will join in a Special Pontifical High Mass in St. Peter's. and there will be outdoor ceremonies for some 80,000 representatives of Catholic Action and other groups. As an extra tribute to the Pope, who has done so much to bring his church to the workingman. the cornerstone will be laid for a new church in Rome, dedicated to honor Pius' Soth birthday. The name Pius chose for the church: Gesù Lavoratore (Jesus the

The Saint & the Poet

"We do not know how we get along," Dorothy Day's Catholic Worker confessed to its few readers in 1934. "We keep simple books . . . We only know that the printing bill is getting paid . . . and so too, the expenses of feeding our friends,



DOROTHY DAY AT HER HOUSE OF HOSPITALITY Somehow the bill gets paid.

to you." On the way back to his apartment, the Pope found 17 cardinals waiting for him in the Hall of Popes. They wished him an informal happy birthday

in their turn Outside in St. Peter's Square a crowd of 10.000 assembled for Pius XII's birthday blessings shouting "Viva il Papa!" and "Auguri!" (best wishes). There were presents, too, fit for a Pope: a volume chronicling the Pontiff's achievements in chapters titled "The Pope as Writer." "The Pope as Jurist." "The Pope of the Virgin Mary" (by Thomas Merton), "The Pope's Works for Peace." etc.: another book dedicated to him by the Pontifical Academy of Sciences titled Galileo, Unjustly Condemned; a Steuben glass cup from U.S.

The major occasion was saved for March 11. Sunday-a combined celebration of the Pope's 80th birthday and the

Twenty-two years later Dorothy Day's books were still as simple, but the bill was not getting paid. She was unable to pay for modernizing her House of Hospitality, a haven and a source of food to the derelicts of Manhattan's Bowery but a firetrap to Manhattan's Fire Department, Even more pressing was a \$250 fine imposed by the City of New York for her failure to comply with the fire regulations.

Dorothy Day, a woman of tranquil faith and fierce independence, approached the problem in her usual direct manner. She got up one morning last week, prayed for help to St. Joseph, patron saint of workers, then walked out of the House of Hospitality to persuade the judge to set aside the fine. Outside the hostel, where daily she feeds some 200 to 300 and nightly shelters 60 men and women, a rumpled. seam-faced man stepped from the knot of drifters and pressed something into her



THE CAPITOL TOWER. home of hi-fi Capitol records, cost \$2 million, Architect, Welton Becket; contractor, C. L. Peck.

First circular office building in the world, the new Capitol Tower in Hollywood, used RAMSET' FASTENING SYSTEM to anchor pine, conduit and air conditioning. That's because RAMSET is faster, stronger, cheaper, better than old-style fastening methods.

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We hope you all will pahdon ah but if the Mason Dixon line were extended to the coast, we'd be well



CHALFONTE - HADDON HALL

on the Boardwalk, Atlantic City, N.J.

todaya Woman's place is in the know . . .

AND THATE HELPS THEM KNOW THE NEWS

hand, "I just read about your trouble," he said. "I want to help out a little bit. Here's two-fifty." She thanked him, but it was not until she was in the subway that she noticed she was holding a check not for a mere \$2.50 but for \$250. It was signed by the prestigious British-born U.S. poet, W. H. (for Wystan Hugh) Auden. Poets do look a bit unpressed, don't they?" she mused happily.

The judge, learning belatedly that the House of Hospitality was a charitable enterprise (an outgrowth of Convert Day's pacifist-inclined and anti-industrial Catholic Worker movement), cooperated by set-

ting aside the fine.

Anglican Auden's \$250 became the start of a fund to remove the House of Hospitality from the city's firetrap list. The total was expanded to \$950 at week's end by a rash of contributions from newspaper readers. That still left some \$27,000 needed to pay for the job. but Dorothy Day was unperturbed. "We'll just go ahead with an architect and pray," she said.

Surplus Surplice

All that was needed at brand-new St. Paul's Church in The Hague was a statue of St. Paul. Rotterdam Sculptor Jan Vlasblom was commissioned to create a statue of the saint, to stand on a pedestal above the main entrance. But when Sculptor Vlasblom unveiled a full-sized clay model, the bishopric's Roman Catholic Liturgical Commission turned thumbs down. The clerics objected to a hugely exaggerated surplice that engulfed the saint's figure. It "will give superfluous occasion for wonder instead of admiration," complained the commission report. "Believers could never recognize this fig-

ure as their patron.' When the decision got out. Dutch Catholic publications unanimously rose to defend the sculptor's exaggeration, argued that it suggested a frail mortal burdened and glorified by his heavenly mission. "Isn't wonder worth more than admiration?" wrote one commentator. This week the sculptor planned to meet with church authorities to urge them to change the commission's verdict. "This is Paul." Vlashlom maintained. "the man directly in the grip of God." But the commission seemed adamant and the huge clay statue. still uncast in concrete, began to deteriorate in its wrapping of old rags and oilcloth, "It can't hold out much longer, said Mrs. Vlasblom sadly. "Soon the fingers will begin falling off.

Comic Cleric

Where will David Crane's first parish be? Will well-born Virginia want to marry him when she finds out the rugged truth? How will Boulder Bluff's cow country characters take to the tall, blond, young minister fresh from divinity school?

These are the questions posed in 101 U.S. newspapers this week by a slick new comic strip, or "fiction panel," as the trade knows unfunny funnies. David Crane follows in the soapy footsteps of those other vocational do-gooders. Rex Morgan, M.D., Steve Roper, wholesome



THE HAGUE'S ST. PAUL Thumbs down.

news photographer, and Mary Worth, motherly meddler.

The Rev. David Crane and his wellrounded bride (he marries Virginia in strip No. 17) struggle to beam the Light of the World on what the Hall Syndicate calls "an average sort of town filled with average sort of people, all of whom have warm, human stories." Differences in faith, doctrine and observance are passed lightly by, though later sequences are planned to build up a priest and a rabbi came from Robert M. Hall, president of the Hall Syndicate, though many another syndicate had considered and rejected it as too controversial to handle. Apparently, the hero is a minister simply for the sake of credibility in presenting spiritually centered man "against the heavy materialistic stress of modern life," explains the syndicate, "Only in such a person, motivated by moral rather than financial con-

siderations, could faith triumph. David Crane's creator is Canadian-born Artist Winslow Mortimer, 36, who lives in Carmel, N.Y., collects guns, goes to Drew Methodist Church. He is aided by Hartzell Spence, son of a Methodist minister, who wrote One Foot in Heaven, and



VIRGINIA & DAVID Chin up.



What's Television got to do with national Air Defense?

TV, as home entertainment, seems far afield from the problem of identifying unknown aircraft over our country. But some of the electronic techniques which make modern television reception so good make Air Defense better, too.

The white-coated engineer in the picture above is evaporating aluminum on the screen of a 19-inch tube. This will not go into a home receiver. This electron optic tube, sold under the trademark Chrusterow⁵, is used in "SAGE"... the Continental Defense System for air surveillance and is easily adapted for civil air traffic control as well.

A typical "picture" produced by this system is shown at the left of the illustration above. Here is shown the air above San Francisco, California, along about 3 o'clock in the morning. The groups of letters and numbers on the face of the tube are the system's "read-out" of information gathered by radar. There are 54 sircraft overhead—3 unknown, but circled as such, and 31 completely identified, in code, as to type, identification, direction of flight, speed and altitude.

In one glance, the observer can see and record a mass of vital information formerly handled by passing on radar readings to a manual plotting system. Charactron can display the position of several hundred planes at once. Its speed is fantastic!

We build Charactron. We also apply similar electronic skills to home-front problems of business. Any time you've a need in Electronics or Communications, probably we could help.

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Marquette's markets are growing



Marquette for more than a decade has provided an annual average of 12% per cent of the portland cement consumed in its marketing areas. It took shipments of only 3% million barrels to keep pace in 1945, but it took over 12% million barrels to maintain the pace in our expanded 18-state area in 1955.

This growth with the market has been achieved economically. Since 1945 we've been able to acquire, rehabilitate and increase the production of four well situated plants at relatively low cost, to consistently expand our other facilities with prudent expenditures, and more recently to start construction of two additional new plants in major markets where demand is proved. Realistic capital investment has brought increased efficiencies and volume-representing the kind of growth that creates corporate strength.

Mark Warquette as a company to watch for sound growth.

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MARQUETTE CEMENT MANUFACTURING CO. . SO N. WACKER DRIVE . CHICAGO S. ILL.

Operating eight cement producing plants in Illinois, Iowa, Ohio,

and some 3,000,000 additional barrels on the way

Missouri, Tennessee, Mississippi and Georgia - and two more on the way

ANNUAL CAPACITY 13,600,000 barrels

Billy Graham will get a few thousand 'decision' cards signed. There will be a great hullabaloo on radio and television. And the church will again sink into 'in-

effort is such a great boon, that the price of presenting Christianity as a series of

Billy & Babylon

as the bad.

"We dread the prospect," says the current issue of the Protestant fortnightly Christianity and Crisis. The prospect: Evangelist Billy Graham's next crusade in Manhattan, scheduled for some time in 1957. Christianity and Crisis, edited by Theologians Reinhold Niebuhr and John C. Bennett, gives its reasons:

who serves as idea man and general consultant for the strip. Between them the -how to make the good as interesting

Billy Graham is a personable modest and appealing young man who has wedded considerable dramatic and demagogic gifts with a rather obscurantist version of the Christian faith, His message is not completely irrelevant to the broader social issues of the day, but it approaches

"If Billy Graham were coming only to warm the hearts of the faithful and to effect a few genuine 'conversions' among those whose lives are confused and disorganized and who are sorely in need of a confrontation with the living God as revealed in Christ, we would not feel apprehensive about Billy Graham. But he comes with a well-organized team of publicity experts who will use all their talents and his to 'put him across' on radio and television and all the organs of mass communications.

"He will constantly present the 'Christian message' to an entire metropolitan center. This is of course a Babylon, whose 'sins' invite the denunciations of any 'prophet.' But the question is whether the prophet is able to discern the real sins of such a Babylon, or to appreciate the virtues of such a vast conglomerate community in which all peoples and racial stocks live in comparative brotherhood . .

'The embarrassment of a Graham campaign will be heightened by the fact that the Protestant people are very much in a minority in this Babylon. The Catholics and Jews outnumber the Protestants, and there are, besides, a great number of secularized Jews and gentiles, who have some vague connection with a traditional faith but who cannot simply be put into the category of the 'godless' who must be reclaimed . . . Not only will Graham's 'message' be unable to reach these people at any significant point . . . but the Graham revival will actually accentuate every prejudice which the modern 'enlightened,' but morally sensitive, man may have against religion . .

nocuous desuetude,' from which it hoped Billy would rescue it. Haven't the Protestant leaders of the city thought of these hazards? Or have they decided that a little publicity and organized evangelistic simple answers to complex questions is a good bargain?"

This piece of candy demonstrates

"more work per typist"

Why? It weighs about two ounces. Which simply means that it takes less weight than this for her to press down one key on the new Royal Electric.

It only takes three ounces to press the carriage return key.

So, it's thirteen times easier to do these jobs on the new Royal Electric than on a non-electric typewriter. Stands to reason, doesn't it, that she's going to get a lot more work done in a day. Stands to reason she's going to like that kind of easy work, too.

And you'll find that it's much better-looking work

in the barge in clean, clear-cut, neat as a pin.

Phone your Royal Representative. Together, you can analyse your set-up, taking into account salaries, days worked per year, hours typed per day and production rates. You can expect savings. You'll be surprised by the amounts.



standards • portables • Roytype * business supplies
The Royal Typewriter Company, Division of Royal Mether Corporation





To get more for your money









Clock parts made of Kaiser Aluminum are economically fabricated because aluminum gives far more parts per pound than most other metals.



Screw machine parts made of Kaiser Aluminum. in all sizes and shapes, cut cost of finished products



money for operators because its light weight lowers operating costs, increases payload,



Dashboard trim made of Kaiser Aluminum takes a pleasing lasting finish at low cost. Costly chrome-



Typewriter housings made with Kaiser Aluminum can be quickly fabricated at low cost by die-casting. One-piece units reduce assembly time.



Petroleum pipe made of Kaiser Aluminum is more economical than steel pipe. And its lightness saves on handling, transportation, installation,

think of Kaiser Aluminum

 $I_{ extsf{F}}$ YOU'RE looking for a metal that will pay you back with interest, the one to bank on is aluminum

Aluminum is light, saving money on material. It's workable, saving on production. It's strong and corrosion-resistant, assuring years of extra service

These advantages, combined with many others, make aluminum the most versatile of all metals . . . and explain why it is replacing other materials in industry after industry - bringing you better products at lower cost.

Today, more and more manufacturers think of Kaiser Aluminum - the nation's fastest growing major

aluminum producer-for unsurpassed quality and customer service.

We now produce close to 30% of all the primary aluminum made in this country . . . and we are continuing to expand. For we believe that the future uses for this modern metal are

We are eager to work closely with any manufacturer who wishes to hitch his wagon to aluminum, "the brightest star in the world of metals." Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Corporation, Room 197 Consumer Service Division, 1924 Broadway.

FOR AN EXCITING PEEK INTO YOUR FUTURE WITH ALUMINUM - VISIT OUR EXHIBIT AT DISTIBILITY IN ANAHEIM, CALIF.



BENEDICT SPINOZA on freedom under law

Artist: Richard Lindner

The man who is guided by reason is more free in a state, where he lives under a general system of law, than in solitude, where he is independent. (Ethics, 1677.

Container Corporation of America



EDUCATION

Round Two in Alabama

With the cry of the bailiff one morning last week, the jampacked courtroom in Birmingham's Federal Building fell silent, stood as Judge H. Hobart Grooms, lanky weteran of more than a quarter century of practice as a Birmingham lawyer, took his place. Beyond the closed courtroom doors, in the corridor, latecomers waited patiently, hoping for a chance at seats.

The main question before the court: Negro Student Autherine Lucy's contempt-of-court charge against the trustees and president of the University of Alabama for having barred her "for her protection" after the riots that followed her admission (TIME, Feb. 201, But Authorine's lawyers, all connected with the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, had also: 1) charged the trustees and other university officials with conspiring with the rioters, 2) accused Dean of Women Sarah Healy of contempt for barring Autherine from unifiled contempt charges against four men, not connected with the university, for participating in the riots.

Thurgood Marshall, counsel for the NAAACP, made the first move. After a more thorough examination, he told the court, his investigators had found no evidence to support the conspiracy charge. He asked leave to withdraw if. Over the drew J. Thomas Judge Grooms approved also allowed Marshall to withdraw charges against the four rioters, three of whom had already been arrested. After that, the case settled down to the basic issues: 1) Had the university been justified in suspending Autherine for the sake of take her back?

Why the Cadillac? Lawyer Thomas tried his best to prove that 26-year-old Autherine Lucy, far from being a woman merely in search of an education, is something of a conspirator herself. In an obvious attempt to establish her as a paid tool of the N.A.A.C.P., he asked her why she had come to class in a Cadillac, and who was paying for her attorneys. Judge Grooms sustained objections to most of this questioning, and Thomas moved on to other ground. Witnesses for the university testified that during the riots Autherthere were even cries of "There's Autherine, kill her!" Other witnesses insisted that university officials and the police in Tuscaloosa had done all they could to protect her.

In cross-questioning, Marshall led J. Jefferson Bennett, assistant to President Oliver Cromwell Carmichael. to admit that the protective efforts of the university could hardly be called vigorous. No students were arrested. The mob threatening Autherine had been told only to "move," and the fire truck on the scene had not been used to hose down and had not been used to hose down and thus disperse the crowd. Assistant to the Dean of Students Henry Sikir agreed that he had seen no action taken against the mob other than "talking to them." Asked Marshall: "Have you reported lany student! in that group to any-hody." Sad Sikir: "No. I haven't."

Folie & Semidolos. Thaven the monoplude Grooms was ready, with his decision. He announced that he 1) was taking under advisement the contempt charge against Dean of Women Healy, and 2) had found that throughout the riots the trustees and officials had acted in "good faith. But, he added. The court does not order in this state have broken down, or that the law enforcement agencies of this doclared herself "shocked by this latest um of events." But the university's artition was only one cause for shock. Last week the four men against whom Autherine's lawyers filed contempt charges for participating in the Tuscalossa riots slapped Autherine with damage suits amounting to \$2,000,000. Meanwhile, the Alabama legislature went into a frenay of activity, produced a whole series of reso-cativity, produced a whole series of reso-cativity, but the continuence of the NAAC-P's buttle against segrecation.

¶ A house resolution ordering Autherine to appear Monday as the first witness in an investigation to determine whether the N.A.A.C.P. is "directed or controlled by the Communists."

 A house resolution demanding that the university's President Carmichael furnish the names of all students who signed a



LAWYER MARSHALL & CLIENT LUCY

state are unwilling or inadequate to maintain law and order at the university. The court is therefore of the opinion that the order of suspension or exclusion of the plaintiff Lucy should be lifted . . . "

At first glance, the decision seemed to

be a clear-cut victory for Authorities and the N.A.A.C.P. But the conspiring charge, although probably a lawyer's stratagem to make a complaint as broad as possible, proved to be a blunder. It not only inflamed white opinion against Autherine, it also stiffered the attitude of the trustees, cuede her of making "false defamatory, impertinent, and scandalous charges," and ordered her permanently expelled. Whether or not Autherine fully understood the legal complaint drawn and filed by her legal complaint drawn and filed by her on her alone. She was treatees for

Legislative Frenzy. Before leaving for Manhattan with Lawyer Marshall for a rest and medical checkup. Authorine Lucy petition asking that Autherine be readmitted to the university.

¶ A senate resolution calling for federal

funds to resettle Southers: Negroes in the North and West "where [they] are wanted and can be assimilated."

¶ Bills to cut off state funds from Tuskegee Institute and from the scholarship fund to send Negroes to school outside the state, should any Negro gain admittance to any white college in Alabama.

Another house bill to require all applicants to the university to have character and fitness references from three graduates. Should the bill become law, Negro applicants could hardly be expected to find the necessary documents.

In all the furor over the Lucy case, one thing seemed certain. The N.A.A.C.P. was fighting a united and determined opposition in Alabama, and it could ill afford either the tactlessness or the impatience it has shown in some of its recent actions. Yet there also seemed to be a good deal in what Lawyer Thurgood Marshall cases.





said when he insisted that neither Autherine Lucy nor the N.A.A.C.P. were the real losers of this latest round, "You." he told a reporter, "and other American citizens have lost."

Alfa, Bravo . . .

For U.S. servicemen in World War II. the pronouncing alphabet (Abb.e Baker. Charlie, etc.) was well suited to rolling off the American tonzue. But not so for servicemen of other lands. Since the French for instance, have no such sound for so as in able: the word comes out in the control of the sound of

Dog to Delta
Easy to Echo
Fox to Foxtrot
George to Golf
How to Hotel
Item to India
Jig to Juliett
King to Kilo
Love to Lima
Nan to November
Oboe to Oscar
Peter to Papa
Queen to Quebec
Roger to Romeo
Sugar to Sierra
Tare to Tango
Uncle to Uniform
William to Whitkey

Baker to Bravo

Yoke to Yankee Zebra to Zulu Only old faithfuls that oldtimers would cognize: Charlie, Mike, Victor, X-ray.

Report Card

¶ For those worried about the small number of bright pupils going into science or engineering, the National Merit Scholarship Corporation had some encuuraging news of the 5.000 semi-finalists in the corporation's first annual talent search: 50% of the boys intend to become sciences. Another hopeful significant or engineers. Another hopeful significant is not supported to the control of the boy announced that he wanted to become a general.

Where a survey of half the school population in the state, the Kansas state hoard of health told just how perilous life among the school-aged can be: "On the average, one school-aged Kansan was killed every 2½ days of the year." Chances were 4 to 1 that the victim was a boy. Main causes of death: traffic accidents (60%), drowning (60%), firearms (60%).

Gift of the week: to Chatham College, formerly Pennsylvania College for Women. \$3,500,000 from the A. W. Mellon Educational and Charitable Trust. The gift, which must be matched by July 1957, will go into permanent endowment.

Appointment of the week: Psychologist George D. Stoddard. 58, former president of the University of Illinois, to succeed Ernest O. Melby. 64, next September as dean of New York University's School of Education.



It's not very likely . . . but, if an oiler ever should attend a board meeting he might tell management some things they should know. He might tell of problems in keeping vital machines lubricated ... of keeping them running at peak efficiency. He might tell of lost manhours and machine downtime. He might tell of hidden losses that executives would recognize as symptoms of old-fashioned lubrication. Maybe your oiler could tell you of losses in your plant. Think it over! And if you decide

that your production costs are too high because of "lube" problems, you might find it interesting to learn

how Alemite can help you. Modern Automatic Alemite Lubrication. A Mid-west manufacturer cut

costs \$20,000 a year. A paper company saved \$3,000 a month. And a textile firm ended substantial production wastes.

The answer: Modern Alemite systems that automatically feed exactly the right amount of oil or grease to every lubrication point . . . that keep machines running longer with less downtime...that eliminate oil waste and product spoilage.

Take a look around your shop, Ask yourself if an Alemite lubrication expert might not recommend an inexpensive solution to your lubrication problems. Wherever you are, there is an Alemite representative ready to serve you.

---- FREE! NEW BOOKLET! ----

Alemite Div. of Stewart-Warner, Dept. A-36 1850 Diversey Parkway, Chicago 14, Illinois Gentlemen: Please send me my free copy of "An Executive's Approach to Labrication Prab-lems." No obligation, of course.

ALEMITE

This trading stamp 3,076,910 customers



Top Value Stamps are given free, one for each dime spent. Colorful Gift Catalogs and Stamp Saver Books are also available free. Get them at any store displaying "Toppie" the Top Value elephant.



13,076,910 families began saving Top Value Stamps to get extra luxuries without spending extra money. For through the Top Value Stamp Plan (one stamp free for each dime spent*) thrifty consumers are able to fill Stamp Saver Books and exchange them for free famous-brand gifts at local Redemption Stores.

Everybody praises Top Value Stamps: Customers who share in free gifts every week of the year . . retailers who see their sales mounting weekly . . . manufacturers who supply Top Value.

Everybody benefits by Top Value Stamps. Like air conditioning, parking lots, or good lighting, Top Value



A choice of over 1000 famous-brand gifts of all kinds are offered free for Top Value Stamps, often luxuries customers think they cannot afford. Gifts from G.E., Westinghouse, Eastman and many others.



104 Top Value Redemption Stores were opened in only eight months . . . more have been added since . . . and only Top Value Stamps are taken in exchange for nationally known gifts.



...won the loyalty of almost overnight

Stamps pay for themselves in the extra business they bring into participating stores. It's as simple as that: sales increase, fixed overhead remains the same, and normal margins pay the bill.

Over 20,000 retailers display "Toppie" the elephant and give their customers more for their money—fine merchandise at lowest possible prices plus Top Value Stamps.

Top Value STAMPS

The modern business incentive plan that pays for itself EVERYBODY LIKES TOP VALUE STAMPS

Here's what they say:

"I think saving Top Value Stamps is an excellent idea. My first stift is as nice as can be and I'm saving now for more free stifts."—Mrs. Alvin Wells, Indianapolis, Ind.

"Most everybody I know saves Top Value Stamps, and it doesn't take long for a gift. The Top Value Gift Catulog is just tike a book of wishes." —Mrs. Jeanne Jarrett, Philadelphia, Pa.

"Any time we can give our customers it more for their money than our competitors, we are interested, And Top Value Siamps enable us to do just that." "Dick Strait, Phillips 66 Service Station, Oklahoma Gity, Okla.

Mr. Merchant: There are some franchises for Top Value Stamps open in all parts of the country. If you are interested, send for complete information today.

Top Value Enterprises, 126 S. Ludlow St., Dayton 1, Ohio

Top Value Stamps are now given by over 20,000 food, drug, hardware, dry goods, service stations, and other stores in all lines of business . . . and the number is growing every day.





82% of families save trading stamps where Top Value Stamps are available. And they are loyal to the better merchants who give Top Value Stamps with every purchase.



BUSINESS

STATE OF BUSINESS

A Fine Climate

Though U.S. businessmen were shaken by President Eisenhower's heart attack last September, it actually made little difference in their corporate planning. They had based plant expansions and product additions not on politics but on a growing population, an expanding economy, a rising standard of living, Republic Steel, for example, reviewed growth plans after the cardiac break, but changed nothing.

In the last few weeks before Ike's announcement, businessmen became confident that he would indeed say yes. Thus, when the final decision came last week, the news had already been discounted, and it caused little stir in the business world. The only flurry was in Wall Street, where small investors bought heavily. At week's end the Dow Jones industrial average broke through all previous records to a new alltime high of 488.84

There was little doubt that a "no" from Ike would have hit business hard. "A lot of businesses," said Edward Eagle Brown, board chairman of Chicago's First National Bank. "would have cut back on their expansion plans." What Ike's "affirmative" answer did was to convince U.S. industry that governmental encouragement of free enterprise would continue. Said Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. Board Chairman P. W. Litchfield: "Our economy does better when the political climate is favorable to giving the American system of free enterprise a full chance to produce. The three Eisenhower years have provided this improved climate, and business has responded by producing and selling more goods, hiring more people, paying higher wages and benefits than ever before.

INDUSTRY

Fifty Years of AGE

The world's biggest privately owned power producer is American Gas & Electric Co., a seven-state utility network whose twelve major plants turn 10 million tons of coal a year into power for nearly 5.000.000 people from Lake Michigan to the Tennessee Valley, Last week AGE announced a program to grow still bigger; it will spend \$700 million to boost its 4,000,000 kw. capacity (enough to light 7.000,000 homes for a year) by 65% in the next five years, the most ambitious five-year expansion ever tackled by a private U.S. utility. The program will give AGE more generating capacity than all the hydro capacity built by TVA in its 23 years. The outlook was so good that AGE last week recommended a 3for-2 stock split. The company thus hoped to widen ownership of its stock and make it easier to finance its expansion program. AGE, long since withdrawn from the

gas business, reported a 12% increase in domestic electric power consumption last year in the 2,310 small communities (none over 150,000 population) in its market area. But AGE's hungriest customers are the power-consuming plants that have been lured into the area by plentiful, low price power, e.g., the Atomic Energy Commission's huge Portsmouth. Ohio, project whose round-the-clock 1.800,000 kw. appetite is met by AGE (38%) and 14 other utilities that combined to form the \$400 million Ohio Valley Electric Corp.

Scholarly Powerhouse. In its 50 years of operation, AGE has consistently shown that a privately owned utility can do a



PRESIDENT SPORN For industry, a lure.

good job of competing with public power. AGE helped modernize the backward areas of the Ohio Valley in much the same way that TVA has enriched the Tennessee Valley, and it lured many heavy industries that might otherwise have settled in the Northwest, where government power is cheap, e.g., Henry Kaiser's new \$120 million aluminum reduction plant at Ravenswood, W. Va.

The powerhouse behind AGE's expansion is Austrian-born President Philip Sporn, 59, a scholarly, hard-driving executive who started his utilities career as a lamplighter while still in high school in Manhattan, After graduating from Columbia University's school of engineering, Sporn went to work for AGE in 1920. served as the company's chief engineer for 14 years before he became president in 1947. A music and art lover with an engineer's eye for form (he patterned AGE's transmission towers after the Eiffel Tower), Sporn likes to punctuate his conversation with frequent calculations on a slide rule, deals only in precise figures. He has doubled the company's capacity since 1949, hiked operating revenues an average of \$15 million a year to \$258 million in 1955. He also shaved the price of power to residential consumers from 3.15¢ per kw. in 1947 to 2.4¢ (at least .2¢ lower than the 1955 national average). He accomplished this chiefly by pioneering many technical advances in the industry. In 1947 Sporn helped develop AGE's 330,000-kw., high-voltage transmission lines, the most powerful (and therefore most economical) in the U.S. Sporn will soon start operating the first U.S. power plant (Philo, Ohio) in which ultra-high-pressure steam is used to generate power.



AMERICAN GAS & ELECTRIC'S SPORN PLANT IN WEST VIRGINIA For the backwoods, a lamplighter,

"Project, Achieve, Project," Since the next revolutionary change in power plants may come from the atom. Sporn has may come from the atom. Sporn has the pt. Sa uthorities on industrial uses of atomic energy. He went to Geneva as a member of the U.S. delegation to the atomic-for-peace conference hast summer. Inc., a utility-baseded atomic research organization that is contributing \$15 million in research and development to Commonwealth. Edison's 180-000-kw. reactor monwealth. Edison's 180-000-kw. reactor description of the project of the pro

Since AGE is in the coal-rich heart of the U.S., Sporn is confident that atomic power will not be economically competitive to his company for at least 20 years. Nevertheless, he insists that the company must constantly "project, achieve, then project further." Sporn's own projection is that AGE's present capacity would be doubled by 1965, quadrupled by 1975.

The Mighty Mite

The newest wonder in U.S. industry is the transistor, a sliver of germanium or silicon no bigger than a shoelace tip, with wisps of wire attached. It is the missing electronic link that is making possible a host of new devices, e.g., a wrist radio, a hearing aid so tiny that it fits inside an eyeglass frame. In a jet fighter the use of transistors cuts 1,500 lbs. from the plane's weight. Last week the mighty mite had the electrical industry racing madly to expand transistor production: Motorola is putting up a \$1.500.000 plant in Phoenix; Westinghouse is building in Youngwood, Pa. and Sprague Electric in Concord. N.H.; Phileo bought a 100.000-sq.-ft. factory in Spring City, Pa., RCA is moving into a 120,000-sq.-ft. factory at Bridgewater, N.J.; Texas Instruments Co. is planning a plant on a 250-acre site near Dallas; and Raytheon is expanding its Newton, Mass. facilities.

The transistor was developed only eight years ago by three scientists at Bell Telephone Laboratories. It amplifies electrical impulses just like the vacuum tube, but is free of the vacuum tube's limitations-fragility, bulkiness, high power consumption, short life. The transistor needs no not life. The transistor needs no warmup time, saves space, weight, heat and power, lasts 150 times as long, uses a little as one-thousandth the electric

current v. Venity. But at \$5,50 apiece it was so expensive that its was so expensive that is first commercial use was in hearing aids. In 1932 Sonotone brought out the first transistorized aid at \$229,902 it swept the field, and the race was on. Today option of the model selling for \$50. As transistor production climbed from 100,000 in 1932 to a rate last week of 9,00,000 a year, the price dropped to about \$5 apiece. Though they are still more expensive than most conquering market after market theless conquering market after market.

Auto radiomakers are turning to transistors because they eliminate the bulky tubes, perishable vibrators, rectifiers and

TIME CLOCK

FOOD PRICES are at their lowest in five years. On the Government's price index, the average cost of food in January tumbled 6% below the 1952 peak, with meat 22% cheaper.

FARM MACHINE SALES are slipping sharply from their 1955 level. With lower farm income and rising dealer stocks. International control of the stocks of the s

CRUDE OIL OUTPUT by the free world is smashing all records. Though Middle East production declined alightly in December, zooming U.S. production of 7,155,000 bbls. aday. Bestimated Communist blooproduction: 1,600,000 bbls. aday.

ATOMIC TOWNS built by the U.S. Government will be opened to private ownership. The AEC has decided to sell 10,000 houses, hundreds of commercial buildings and vecant lots in Oak Ridge, Tenn. and Richland, Wash., will give present residents priority, but will also sell to other homeowners and business interests. Assessed value: 389.5

FREE LIFE INSURANCE is the newest pitch by automakers to lure customers into the showrooms. American Motors will give every Nash or Hudson buyer a \$12,500

accident policy (\$25,000 if both husband and wife die) on their lives while they are riding in one of the company's products. Studebaker-Packard will kick off a similar program; it will up the policy to \$20,000 for buyers, but will not extend the insurance to the owner's spouse.

NEW JETLINER will be designed by Convair as competition for Convair as competition for four-jet, 580-mph, aircraft powered by General Electric J-79 engines. Convair's pure jet will be smaller than the 125-passenger Douglas medium-range (up to 2,000 miles) routes. Projected delivery date: sometime in 1960.

OIL IMPORT POLICY will do an about-face. After ordering a 7% cutback in imports last year to bolicate the state of Defense Mobilization plans to boost imports 10% for residual fuel oil, mostly from Venezuela. Reson: an unexpected drain on oil stocks because of the cold windustrial control of the cold windustrial cont

REDIGHT RATE BOOST will give US, raitroads another \$400 million in revenue annually. After looking at spiraling costs in the raitroad industry, the Interestate Commerce Commission has grant-and reasonable" increases, ranging up to 6% on a wide range of products from coal to lumber; however, a 5% increasures will be held to a 5% increasures will be held to a 5% increasures.

tube sockets. Transistorized radios are now standard on Chevrolet's Corvette, optional on the Chrysler and Imperial, and are likely to be standard in most cars by 1958.

In a jet fighter the transistors for radar amuch as vacuum tubes doing the same job, but the mighty mites do not require cooling, as do the tubes. This saves some \$50,000, the cost of additional power plant and airplane structure to carry the cooling apparatus, as well as cutting the weight of the plane.

Transistors have opened up a whole new radio market. Nine years ago manufacturers sold nearly ten standard home radios for every portable; now the margin radios for every portable; now the margin radios for every portable; now the margin narrowing, Radio's transistorized reawakening began when Regency brought out the first Tradio in late 1934. Raytheon and G.E. followed, and today the industry battle since the early postwar years. The buttle since the early postwar years. The outcome, said one busy manufacturer. "boils down to who makes transistors."

Missiles & Doctors. There are as many other uses for transistors as there are electronic devices. Transistors are automatically switching 14,000 of New York City's street lights on and off, Doctors making their rounds in Manhattan's Mt. Sinai Hospital receive messages through transistor sets in their pockets. Transistors are already in partial use in Admiral TV sets, and CBS expects to market an alltransistor portable set in five years. They are going into guided missiles and giant brains; I.B.M. predicts that all electronic computers will be transistorized. Says Texas Instruments, one of the largest producers: "They truly are the basis for the electronics of the future.'

There are still some problems. Transistors are hard to produce unable to handle high frequency impulses, and vulnerable to extreme temperatures. But week to strengthered and made more cheaply. This month G.E. will take transistor production out of the semi-handicraft stage of its delicate influxey, put it on a semidiatory to the control of the control times. In a few years transistor production is expected to total 3g million a year.

-AIRCRAFT PROFITS-

Too Big or Too Little?

THE U.S. aircraft industry gets by I are the biggest alice of the defense dollar—and no industry gets. In turn, a more careful check from Congress. The allegation before the current House investigation (headed by Louisana's F. Edward Hébert) is that the industry's profits are too big. The manufacturers pose a larger question: Are profits big enough to let the industry do the vital defense job cut

Even in the current boom, most US, military planemakers feel that they are in a precarious position. In 1793 US, aircraft companies profits after taxes were 3.5% of sales, v. 6% for all manufacturing. Furthermore, on military business, the profits of poughas Aircraft, for example, were less than half the profit of civilian to the composition of the comp

Many planemakers feel that they do
not keep enough money to do the job.
For example, both McDonnell's Navy
Falf fighter and Air Force F-101 were
held up from four to ten months because McDonnell lacked funds for
computers and wind tunnels. had to
wait in line to use the Government's.
Said McDonnell's Executive Vice President Robert H. Charles: "If we had
more money for development facilities, we could save millions."

Another big trouble is the feast-orfamine nature of aviation. While the current long-range procurement policy is a vast improvement over previous policy, airmen still remember what happened after World War II. North American, for example, went from a million operating loss in tagz. Then it had to crank up to high speed again to produce F-86 Sobre jets for Kores.

As a result, North America and other planemakers currently lease much of their expanded plant space from the U.S. Government, use it on a rent-free basis. They have been criticated planemakers have never had enough money to expand as fast as the Pentagon wants during an emergency, would go broke trying to build the plants themselves. Furthermore, military contracts an preservious, carcellations can be considered to the property of the plant to the plant to

Actually, the debate over rent-free leases is academic: to pay rent would merely add to the cost of planes, in effect transfer Government funds from one pocket to the other. However, it still gives rise to an argument that planemakers make too nuch money in relation to their net worth. Thus, McDonnell's 1954 pre-tax profit of \$14 million looks big beside its \$34 million net worth. But the industry argues that the cold statistics take no account of the enormous investment in designers, engineers and production men, give little credit for years when

Many planemakers think a fixed price plus incentive bonus for producing, cheaply works best, feel that they are been been seen beth see the U.S. money and make more themselves. Vet only age of all contracts are bonus incentives; most are straight fixed price or cost plus fixed fee, depending on what the Pentagon prefers at the moment. Says building the present of the present of

No manufacturer can be sure of his profit until it is approved by the Government's Renegotiation Board, Airmen complain that the board, which still has 3,500 cases on its docket. works too slowly. Under a fixed price plus incentive bonus contract. Boeing estimates that it saved the Air Force \$23.2 million on B-47 bomber production in 1952 by producing lower than estimated prices. In doing so, it won itself an additional \$5.800,000 profit. But last fall, three years later, the board decided that Boeing's 1952 profits of \$54.5 million before taxes, on sales of \$730 million, were \$0.800.000 too high, ordered the company to hand back the money.

Many planemakers think that the board's methods for determining a fair profit are vague, sometimes unfair, profit are vague, sometimes unfair, while most businessmen gauge profits in relation to sales, the board puts heavy weight on a company's net worth, along with such other factors as character of the business, extent of of assumed risk and subcontracts, and inventive contribution. Even the Hébert committee recognizes that the renegotiation law is too vague.

tiation law is too vague.

In most businesses, the most efficient company usually makes the most money. But planemakers feel that the stress on profits in congressional investigations tends to punish the most efficient. And with all the harping on profits, they fear that the Renegotiation Board will clamp down still harder, squeeze earnings lower, and hurt the industry when the U.S. most needs to speed its technical advance.

RAILROADS

MoPac Wins Its Freedom

Six months after George H. Moore became a judge in St. Louis Federal District Court in 1935, he got his first big case: the Missouri Pacific reorganization in hankrupsey, already in its third year. Last week, 20 years and two months and gave the final O.K. to MoPac's reorganization. At the last minute a group of bondholders holding only one-third of 1% of the total claims against MoPac went to court to block the plan, but Judge Mores wenge assiste their objections. Missouri Pacific sixth longest U.S. rail Missouri Pacific sixth longest U.S. mill Missouri Pacific sixth longest U.S. and Missouri Pacific sixth longest U.S. and



MoPac's NEFF First in, last out.

into private hands. The first major railroad to go into reorganization under Section 77B of the Bankruptcy Act, it was the last one out.

MoFac had wrecked itself by going too fast. After World War I it merged other roads into its system and issued securities to pay for them. When the Depression hit and traffic was cut in half, the road million. Unpaid interest rose to \$8.1.5, million, and the road ran out of working capital. More than a dozen classes of security holders and debtors clamored for recognition. Other iclaims, among them rambunctious. Rothert R. Young, who had when he bought the Allechany Corp.

Neces and cought the Attegrany Corp.

Slowly MoPar began its comeback under Trustee Guy A. Thompson. In 1941 the road went into the black for the first time, and the following year piled up a profit of \$30,63,668. As the road grew stronger, so did the arguments among the bondholders and stockholders over who should get the fattening prize.

Three times after 1940, the ICC ap-







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my Weber; Pierre Soulat

THE HIGH WAIST blossomed out into spring's biggest fashion trend, not only in Paria' perfumed salons but along Mamhattan's market-minded Seventh Avenue. Patterned after styles of the Ropoleonic era, the new fashion was created by American and French designers independently, but simultaneously. Last week: Clairs McGardeli, champion of the American Look, showed off a cotton hostess gown (left) with a black, bust-lifting bedies and full-flowing white skirt. Lanvin. Castillo (central) go the same look by tying a wife era stur rib-surface and the same for the same for the same for his mass and the same for his mass of the same for his wife with the same for his mass of the same for his case.

proved reorganization plans, but each plan was hung up by Bob Young in court because it favored bond or preferred stockholders and excluded common shareholders (TIME, Dec. 10, 1951). The approved Plan No. 4 for the first time gave common stockholders a share in the reorganized company, won the approval of twelve out of 14 classes of creditors and stockholders.

holders, including Young.*
The Missour Pacific that emerged from court last week looked stronger than ever. The road is rooky diseaseled, with \$5,42 million worth of new cars. Iocomotives and 1955. He has netted more than \$11 million in 1954, and its freight cars are younger than the national average. Appointed as new president: Paul J. Neifl. and Missourian who has been with MoFac or its substidiaries since 1976 and who has as chief executive officer.

The reorganization plans gives holders of the \$58,589\$ shares of old common stock some \$0.500 shares of new Class B common in a \$106000 energy of the common in a \$106000 energy of the common in a \$106000 energy of the common in a sew Class A common will receive 1,000,000 energy of the common for unpud dividends. Both classes have to unfair glabab, but with 1,00000 shares of the common for unpud dividends. Both classes have twinting shales, but with 1,00000 shares of the common for unpud dividends in the common for unfair the common for another dozen types of securities are to be reduced to the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common for the common for the same for the common for the common for the common f

INSURANCE

Giant's Progress

One out of every five persons in the U.S. and Canada is a Metropolium Life Insurance Co. policyholder-Last week, in its 1055 annual report, the world's No. 1 insurance company told its 38.3 million psycholders how it and they are doing. The proposition of the proposition of the control of the proposition of the prop

in the U.S. Writing policies is only part of its job-The other is investing its \$13.0 billion in assets, the largest accumulation of private capital ever assembled by any financial institution anywhere. Metropolitan has been making great changes in where and how it invests its money. Its portfolio now contains 34% in industrial investments v. only 3.1% in 1929; it now has only 5% in railroad bonds v. 21% in 1929. To a great extent it has become a major source of risk capital for U.S. and Canadian industry. In 1955 Metropolitan supplied \$48.4 million of the \$145 million for Hollinger-Hanna's huge Labrador-Quebec ore project and financed some of Stavros Niarchos' giant oil tankers (TIME, Feb. 13). It also put up 50% of the capital for the 36-in. Texas-to-New York pipeline of the Transcontinental Gas Pipe ine Corp., and helped Republic Steel and Armco finance the Reserve Mining Co, to develop Minnesota taconite. Metropolitan plans no further expansion in housing. In the last 35 years, it put \$350 million into eight huge housing projects in four cities, but it now complains that with rent ceilings and rising maintenance it can do better elsewhere with its money. Metropolitan's industrial and mainly in city real estate, netted the giant company a comfortable 3.2% after taxes in 1955.

PERSONNEL

Changes of the Week

¶ Alexander ("Soa") Calder Jr. 39, sepped into his father's shoes as president of Union Bag & Paper Corp., biggest U.S. maker of paper bags (1955 sales: a record \$3.23 million). The elder Calder, and the calculation of the

¶ General Anthony Clement McAulife, Sr, retting commander in chief of the U.S. Army in Europe, onetime (1930-191) commander of the Army Chemical Corps, famed for answering a Nazi surrender ultimatum at Bastopee with "Nuts." was recruited by American Cyanamid Co. as chief of its new Engineering & Construction of the Constructi

CORPORATIONS

Slugging Operation

When Financier Leopold Dias Silberstein started to move in on Fairbanks, Morse & Co. in January, President Robert H. Morse Jr. predicted that he would "run into a buzz saw." Last week Silberstein got cut up. The New York Stock Exchange agreed to list 141,890 new shares of Fairbanks, Morse stock, giving the Chicago company the additional shares it needed for a stock trade with Canadian Locomotive Co. (TIME, Feb. 6), which it already controls. Thus President Morse, whose family and management own nearly 350,000 (of 1,228,590) shares of stock in the 98-year-old company, hopes to offset the 200,000 shares that are claimed by Silberstein's Penn-Texas Corp. and friends,

In addition a U.S. District Court threw out a suit of Silberstein, president of Penn-Texas Corp., to block the Canadian

Nickel Progress Report



Once only "waste rock"... now a new source of Nickel

How Inco's mine engineers utilize a panel-caving method in order to recover nickel from huge ore deposits that formerly were not practicable to mine

Panel caving is one of the newest mining methods put into use by The International Nickel Company.

The tonnage of ore handled by this method is immense. Sometimes a single block measures 200 by 800 feet. It may weigh as much as 1½ million tons.

As these heavy masses move downward they break into pieces small enough to drop through chutes and into machine crushers deep inside the mine. From crushers the ore goes a quarter mile by conveyor to hoists that lift it to the mine head.

From there, the ore is milled as fine as sand. The concentrate is then pumped to the Inco reduction plant 7% miles away.

Panel mining; new concentrating machinery; new, continuously improved operating practices; pipeline transport. Add them together and you can see how they make possible



Panel caving is one of two bulk mining methods which account for 70 per cent of the company's total nickel output.



Diagram of panel caving in Creighton mine. The heavy panel of ore and rock sinks, breaking up as it moves down.

Which Mining Method is BEST?

There is no one best method of getting ore out of the ground. Type of ore; type of rock; even the location of the mine must be weighed. Inco uses five underground mining methods at Sudbury:

Square Set Cut and Fill Shrinkage Blasthole Panel Caving

production of nickel from ore deposits once only "waste rock."

Inco has prepared a full-color sound film-dhing for Nickel-that shows the operations of modern mickel mines. Home prints are loaned for showings before technical societies, engineering classes of universities and industrial organizations, write The International Nickel Company, Inc., Dept. 43c, New York S, N. Y.



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Lacomotive-Fairbanks. Mores stock swap, Rudel Judge Joseph Sam Perry: Penn-Teras "looks like a conspiracy of some type to raid the stock market. . . A slagging operation." After hearing testimony of the properation of the properation of the proferable stock market. . . A slagging operation." After hearing testimony of the properation of the properation of the Kapping operation of the properation of the galley worse the shares it claimed, bestein has much to learn show legitimate American business."

But Silberstein, with an acknowledged minimum of 112,000 Fairbanks. Morse shares, had already won the right to seat one director at the company's stockholders' meeting late this month. Last week he filed an opposition slate of directors for the seats to be voted at the meeting.

BUSINESS ABROAD

As a child in Paris half a century ago. Marcel Dassault read science fiction and daydreamed that he would some day be a great inventor, turning his ideas into merent control of the contr

flight jet fighter, the swept-wing, transon-

ic Mystère. Last week Dassault, now 64,

showed off his latest marvel, the Mirage,

a lightweight, 1,000-m,h. interceptor. The delta-wing Mirage is powered by two 2,000-lh-thrust Viper engines. designed by Amstrong Siddeley and made by Dassault. The plane carries a rocket with 3,000-lh thrust for extra bursts of speed, can take off or land in less than five tons (n. eight tons for the Mystêre), but it is sturdy enough to operate out of rough

fields. The Mirage has a price tag of \$300,000, about two-thirds the cost of the Mystère.

Foris to Buchenwold. Dassault, the son of a Paris physician, studied at France's top technical schools. He sold his first propeller design to the War Ministry, and set up a small aircraft factory. Even after France nationalized its avaition industry in 1936, he was permitted to keep a small plant at Saint-Cloud, where he turned out variable-pitch propellers until France fell in World War. II. Because he was a few the Nazis, he was arrested and eventually taken to Buchenwald.

Broken in health by 1945. Dassould nevertheless returned to Saint-Cloud to rebuild his factory (the aviation industry was then partially denationalized). With Marshall Plan aid he set up a modern plant. In two years he turned out 300 years he turned out the Owagan (hurricane) jet faghter, landed a French air force and nasy, Next he turned out the Owagan (hurricane) jet faghter, landed a French air force order for 350, and began building the first of five



PLANEMAKER DASSAULT
After the Hurricone, a Mirage,

new factories. When he brought out the Mysteler (Tust, March 17, 1951). U.S. Air Force officers classed it with the F84, Air Force officers classed it with the F84, march 18, 1951. U.S. Mill-15, and from France, NATO, Israel and India came orders for more than foo of the Mysteler series. With roll, and an additional 10,000 working in the plants of his sub-contractors. Dassault now provides employment for more than one-half of all Frances aircraft than one-half of all Frances aircraft

Politics & Housing. Being boss and sole owner of the nation's biggest privately owned aircraft company did not satisfy Planemaker Dassault. He turned to politics and was elected as a Gaullist Deputy from the Alpes-Maritimes department, served until he was defeated by a Socialist in last January's elections. As a Deputy, Dassault proposed to the National Assembly that he solve France's critical housing shortage by mass-producing prefabricated. low-cost (\$5,000) homes, to be financed with 80% mortgage loans from the government. Though "Maisons Dassault" settlements sprang up in his own constituency. French bureaucracy soon blocked

But Dassault had a hatful of other new ideas. To help his sub-contractors modernize their plants, he set up the Banque Commerciale de Paris with \$2,000,000 in capital, made such a success of it that he soon attracted \$21 million in deposits. To help plug his ideas, he bought control of Paris-Presse, the city's second biggest afternoon paper, poured millions into a new and well-edited picture weekly, Jours de France. In his magazine Dassault propounds his belief that France is no dying nation, but is in desperate need of statesmanlike leadership. His newest dream: to irrigate the Sahara Desert, mine its uranium, oil and gold, thus create a "France Nouvelle stretching from the Channel coast down to the Congo."

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Here's a page from our 1955 Annual Report. In this report is the record of another year of service to some 12,500,000 people—and hundreds of industries—whose roots lie in the seven states where Columbia operates. If you would like to read this report in its entirety, write to: Information Department-

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TIME, MARCH 12, 1956



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MILESTONES

Morried. Pacharabul Pibulsonggram. 22, daughter of Thailand's Prime Minister P. Pibulsonggram; and U.S. Navy Lieut. (j.g.) Ralph Perrotta, 22; at Quonset Point Naval Air Station, R.I.

Divorced. Johnston Murray, 53, onetime (1950-54) Governor of Oklahoma, son of gallus-snapping, tobacco-chawing ex-Governor "Alfalfa Bill" Murray; by Willie Roberta Murray, 47; in Oklahoma City.

Died. Robert Mitchell Lindner. 41. topnotch psychologist, author of the case study Rebet Without a Cause, which was adapted last year by Warner Bros. for a fallend of the same title; of a congenital heart condition; in Baltimore.

Died. Gustave Stubbs Lobrano, 53 who as *The New Yorker* magazine's managing editor for fiction since 1941 did much to set the tone and style of the plotless "New Yorker story"; following an operation; in Chappaqua, N.Y.

Died, Harley Martin Kilzore, 63, senior Democratic Senator from West Virginia chairman since last year of the Senate Judiciary Committee; of a brain hemorrhage; in Bethesda; Md. A workhorse New and Fair Dealer, Kilgore sponsored measures favoring tighter monopoly controls, more social security coverage, looser roba, more social security coverage, looser from his state to be elected to three consecutive terms.

Died. Elsie Janis (real name: Bierbower). 65, bright star of Broadway and the London music halls during World War I and the early '200, fart bile-name American entertainer to perform for U.S. troops in Prance ("The Sweetheart of the A-E-R"), oldlime cinemattess (A Regutation of the Company of the Company of the Cetters of an Actress); (allowed the for perforated ulcers; in Beverly Hills Calif.

Died. Elpidio Quirino, 65, President of the Philippines (1948-54); of a heart attack; in a suburb of Manila.

Died. Fred Merkle, 67, oldtime New York Giants first-baseman famed for a pennant-losing blooper in 1908 (see Sport); in Daytona Beach, Fla.

Died. Eugenio Zolli, 74. onetime (1940-45) Chief Rabbi of Rome. who became a Roman Catholic after World War II. changed his first name from Israel to Eugenio as a gesture of gratitude to Pope Fius XII (Eugenio Pacelli) for his sympathetic attitude toward the Jews during the Nazi and Fascist persecutions; in Rome.

Died. Samuel Fickel, 81, oldtime editor of the Anti-Saloon League's official publication. The American Issue; of pneumonia; in dry Westerville. Ohio.

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CINEMA

The New Pictures

Richard III (London Films: Lopert) the chronicle of England's last Plantasente* king (1452-851), is one of the most some powerful yet one of the clumsist and least peetic plays that Shakespeare wrote. It is magnificently produced in this film not only directed the picture with taste and skill of a high order, but also "monkeyed around" with the Shakespeare script cytting, transposing, and sometimes just

and the state of t

The play begins, in the Olivier version. with the coronation of Richard's elder brother Edward IV. The camera peers at the proceedings past a huge head of glossy black hair. The head turns, and suddenly a long, coldly intellectual face stares straight at the spectator with an eye that catches him like a fishhook. This is Richard-lame leg. hunchback, "weerish withered arme" and all-and he is a frightening man indeed. A minute later the moviegoer is alone with the monster. "Why." he confides, as the thin lip writhes with an impish humor, "I can smile, and murder while I smile / . . . And wet my cheeks with artificial tears . . . / Can I do this, and cannot get a crown? / Tut! were it further off, I'll pluck it down!'

Next instant he is wooing the widow of a prince he recently killed "in my angry mood at Tewkesbury," and wooing her with cold precision and success even as she kneels by her husband's corpse. He plots his brother (Gielgud) into the king's disgrace, and has him murdered in the Tower-drowned, as a matter of gruesome legend, in a butt of malmsey wine, And while he waits for the aging king (Hardwicke) to die "and leave the world for me to bustle in." the "bottled spider" can teasingly tongue-tie the opposing faction ("Cannot a plain man live?") and make a lot of pious tut and pother ("I thank my God for my humility") at the deathbed of the king.

On fiercely then to royal power. The bloody buddy-buddy with Buckingham (Richardson) decapitates the opposition, and Richard III is crowned—but shall we wear these glories for a day?" He sends two little princes, his nephews, to a strangling bed, and sheds Buckingham as coldly as last season's skin ("None are for me, That look into me with control of the property of the property

* The House of Plantagenet (so called because a French count of Anjou, who sired the line, wore a spring of broom—la plante de genêt—

OLIVIER AS RICHARD A bloody buddy-buddy.

siderate cye"). The rebellions beein, and Richard is slain at last on Bosworth Field. As cinema. Obliver's Richard is little As cinema. Obliver's Richard is little hough it is photographed (in VistaVision) with the frequent and wonderfully invery feeling that the events have somehow been caught candid. In the film sense how been caught candid. In the film sense itings often smell too much of the theater, and the score by Sir William Walton is seldom better than appropriate—Richard is much more idiomatic and natural than subject it can never match the swallow?



BLOOM AS THE QUEEN A case of hemi-Ophelia,

verve and sudden tumbling heartbeat of his Henry V.

The triumph of Richard is the triumph of sheer mummery-though inevitably the applause will not go to all the actors in equal measure. The women are excellent. Claire Bloom, as Richard's wife, has no choice but to portray a pallid case of hemi-Ophelia, but her softness is a fine contrast to the hard shape of Richard. Pamela Brown as the king's mistress, a role tellingly interpolated by Olivier, is magically effective; she says but four words ("Good morrow, my lord"), but she hangs in the offing like a sensuous portrait by Rubens, and fills the court with just the kind of sexual music Shakespeare meant when he spoke of "the lascivious pleasing of a lute.

The men have more to do, and do it sometimes with less skill. As King Edward. Sir Cedric Hardwicke is properly cardiac and feetless, but Sir John Gielgud dilutes his Clarence with so much milk of human kindness that the observer cannot really credit him with the murder he because and the state of the point of his big scene mans, and so the point of his big scene constant to the control of the point of his big scene control of the point of his big scene constant to the constant of the point of his big scene control of his big s

Whatever the inadequaries, Olivier more than makes up for them. His Richard is an elemental force, the principle of evil itself. The feral face (modeled, Olivier says, on the features of Bradway's Jed Harris and France's Francis 1) allures the eye as a great serpent might. And Richard's ruthings in the amazing scene of the widow's seduction, is a slimy, cold convulsion.

At some junctures. Olivier's Inspirations cannot be explained at any point abort of genius. His transition from the Huter equipment of the Huter equipment equipme

Olivier sees marvelously much, but there is something vital he overlooks that there was warm blood as well as cold in Richard's melicial veins. By playing it completely cold in the first half of the play, he forfeits much of the sympathy that is due Richard in the second. Never ablete. the best actor of his time has there, the best actor of his time has there, the best actor of his time has Richard of this generation. In Shakespeare's words: "The king enacts more wonders than a mis-

The Ladykillers (Ronk: Continental) is another Alec Guinness romp, in some ways even funnier than his 1951 Lavender Hill Mob. It is also a refreshing parody on the current rash of U.S. films, e.g., The Desperate Hours, The Night Holds Terror, in which humble citizens are terrorized by hooddums.

A little old lady (Katie Johnson) lives in a little old house in London. One soft morning Alec Guinness rings the bell, and she flutters prettily as she shows him the

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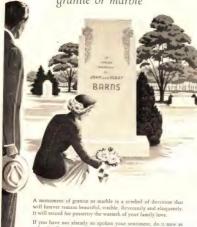
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room she has for rent. Guinness oozes all the maniac charm of Jack the Ripper. False upper teeth give him the fleering smile of a criminal mastermind; his askew eyes gleam with demented intelligence: his secondhand clothes and yards-long scarf bespeak the professor of the streets. He has some musical friends, he breathes confidentially. May they drop by occasionally for a recital? The little old lady squeals her pleasure, and in troop the friends-a bull-necked prizefighter, a synthetic major, a knife-carrying thug, a sharp-suited spiv-carrying their instrument cases as though they were submachine guns. Soon the strains of one of Boccherini's 124 quintets for strings are floating through the house, and anyone but Katie Johnson would instantly recognize it as a record. While she sits entranced downstairs, the gang huddles in a second-floor room plotting an epic caper



ALEC GUINNESS & KATIE JOHNSON A loth with heart of oak.

-the theft of £60,000 from an armored car-which includes a starring part for their innocent landlady.

The snatch comes off with split-second perfection, and the duped Katie sets out in a taxi to collect the loot that has been indeen in a trunk at King's Cross station. She succeeds, but also gives some hints of her power to complicate the simplest of tasks. After eluding the police net at the station, she discovers that she has left her station, she discovers that she has left her by the station, she discovers that she has left her by the station, she discovers that she has left her by the station, she discovers that she she first her by the station, and the station is a station of the station in the station in the station is a station of the station in the station in the station is a station to the station in the station in the station in the station is a station in the station in the station in the station is station. The station is station in the station is station in the station in the station in the station is station.

By now, the gauging gannatures need to clutthe each other for support, Stuffing the money in an empty cello case, refusing Katies persistent offers of tea and cakes, they take their hysterical leave. A loose strap catches in the door, In wrenching it free, the cello case bursts open, and the doorstep is bursed in an ankle-deep drift of banknotes. Showeling the money back into the house, the 'frantic badmen



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Cherry Heering



IT'S YOURS



realize that the little old lady must be turbled out. But she stubbornly resists erasure, and the film spirals to its conclusion in macabre twists and turns as the old lady matches wits with the mob. The script by William Rose and the direction by Alexander Mackendrick have the same high polish as the film's stars. Alec Guinness has etched another memorable comic character, but, good as he is, he is topped by the character, but, good as he is, he is topped by the character of the control of the control of the of one of the control of the control of the control of one.

Forever Darling (M.G.M) takes almost that long to tell its garbled story. It stars TV's Lucille Ball and Desi Arnaz, but not until the final reels does Lucy get around to taking the pratfalls that are her

television specialty. Desi plays a scientist dedicated to creating a better insecticide. Lucy is his discontented wife, whose major problem seems to be that he won't take her to the movies often enough. Naturally, a marriage as heaven-sent as this one must be rescued at all costs. Its savior turns out to be James Mason, disguised as a guardian angel. Or perhaps the guardian angel is disguised as James Mason; the script is not too clear on this point. Lucy greets the apparition with her customary triple O's of widened eyes and exclamatory mouth, but when she fails in an amorous attempt to wrestle Mason into submission. she reluctantly takes his advice and goes this solves all their problems.

CURRENT & CHOICE

Picnic. William Inge's play about a husky athlete (William Holden) who bounces around a small town like a loose ball while the ladies (Rosalind Russell. Kim Novak) (umble excitedly for possession (TIME, Feb. 27).

The Night My Number Come Up. Thirteen people are caught in a dream that starts to come true: a low-voltage shocker from Britain, with crackling good performances by Michael Redgrave, George Rose (Time, Jan. 2).

The Man with the Golden Arm. Nelson Algren's tale of a hot dealer who deals himself a cold card: heroin. A painful, powerful story of human bondage, in which Frank Sinatra is unforgettable (TIME, Dec. 26).

The Rose Tottoo, Anna Magnani. in her first Hollywood film, gets the year's loudest laughs as she demonstrates way. Italian ham is a delicacy (TIME, Dec. 19). Umberto D. A man walks the plank of old age, and the Italian realist cinema dies with a gentle curse: Vittorio De Sica's most careful lifm (TIME, Dec. 12).

Diobolique. A wonderful little horror comic in French, with a moral: you can't lead a corpse to water, but you can't make it sink (Time, Dec. 5). Guys and Dolls, Marlon Brando, Jean

Simmons. Frank Sinatra. Vivian Blaine in Samuel Goldwyn's \$5,000,000 version of the Broadway musical. It's a beaut, but Sam made the prints too long (Time. Nov. 14).

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Greene Hell of Indo-China

THE QUIET AMERICAN 1249 pp. - Graham Greene-Viking (\$3.50).

At first glance. Graham Greene seems to have changed his theme. His recent novels-The Power and the Glory, The Heart of the Matter. The End of the Affair-were religious dramas about the human soul struggling amid gin-or-tea trivialities between salvation and damnation. In his latest novel, he writes of individuals who stand for worlds and nations-the U.S., Britain, Asia-struggling amid blood-and-opium enormities between relative degrees of misrule. Yet in a sense, the heart of the matter is still the same. Whatever uncozy corner Greene chooses for his settings, whether West Africa, Mexico, Indo-China or England, the climate is always adultery and guilt. And the source of drama is always the fact that the damned cannot surely be told from the saved, that both are often driven side by side to the brink of hell.

Bertrand Russell. Britain's most astute rationalist, once wrote an essay called "The Harm that Good Men Do." In this book, that is also the theme of Roman Catholic Convert Greene. He saw the French debacle in Indo-China as correspondent for LIFE and the London Sunday Times. Out of Saigon, he wrote of the doomed Vietnamese, the touchy, defeatist French and their absurd allies like the Caodist "Pope," who had female cardinals and canonized Victor Hugo. Most significantly, he wrote in his diary: "Is there any solution here the West can offer? But the har tonight was loud with innocent American voices, and that was the worst

disquiet .

Now, in The Quiet American, he has translated his journalist's impressions into one of his novelistic moral conundrums. The attempt of the U.S. to find what he calls a "Third Force" between French colonialism and military Communism, is personified in Alden Pyle, member of a U.S. economic mission. He is the "quiet American"-a Harvard man, young, innocent, good, humorless, a Unitarian, He speaks in the hortatory Emily Post style which all British novelists since Max Beerbohm seem to think is the native speech of proper Bostonians. He eats "Vit-Health" sandwich-spread that his sandwich-spread that his mother sends him. He is courageous and dedicated, but his eager virtue turns into fumbling crime. His idealistic dabbling in Indo-Chinese politics-he furnishes a plastic bomb to a local faction-becomes real blood on his shoes. "I must get a shine before I see the Minister." says Pyle, after his bomb explodes, killing the

wrong people. Crusader & Dog. Against this figure Greene pits a tired, cynical neutralist, a British newspaperman named Thomas Fowler. He is a man of the past but with no faith in it. Back home are a dissatisfied High Church wife, debt, a dull

desk-in short, the Graham Greene country of mildew, cabbage water, fraved cuffs, bad dentistry and unmade beds and all the other seedy physical metaphors for "weeping multitudes [who] droop in a hundred ABC's."

In Indo-China, though. Fowler has Phyong, an ex-taxi dancer, "the most beautiful girl in Saigon," coiled on his bed "like a dog on a crusader's tomb," who lights one of his four onium pipes a day. He knows many things from Greene's moral chapbook: that "pride [can be] like a skin disease," that the passion for truth means nothing in the East-it is "an Occidental passion like the passion for alcohol." He sneers at the innocence that made a crusader of Pyle-and knows



NOVELIST GREENE Between opium and ice cream sodas. that his own knowledge has made a sad

dog of himself. An Irish Stew. The manner in which Fowler and Pyle are brought into moral contest is a masterpiece of Greene narrative technique. The lovely Phuong's morally neutral body is the apparent issue between them. Only slowly the reader comes to understand that the background is also a morality play. There are the sad, wry French, each year losing a class of Saint-Cyr in a war in which they have lost hope, and the most loutish collection of war correspondents since Evelyn Waugh assembled Shumble, Corker, Pigge and Wenlock Jakes to cover the invasion of Ethiopia. There are the dead who fill the canals through the paddies like "an Irish makes his point that the public-spirited innocence of a Pyle and the morally dead wisdom of a Fowler are both irrelevant to the martyrs and zealots fighting from

village to village. Greene is saying with Yeats of the world conflict: "The best lack all conviction, while the worst are full of passionate intensity." Yet in the end, the cynic Fowler mourns the American-and perhaps himself: "I wish there existed someone to whom I could say that I was

The phenomenon of U.S. good will has baffled, beguiled and infuriated many minds; it is one of the great facts of the 20th century. It is doubtful whether Author Greene understands this fact, though his tortured sensibilities can touch on it and make it into first-rate fiction. But Greene would have written a far better book if his anti-Americanism* had not led him to the absurd extremity of suggesting that ice cream sodas are the opium of the people-as, to people like Fowler, who prefer opium, they possibly are. Whatever theologians make of his morals or critics of his prose, the Kremlin alone might pretend to believe that American Government officials abroad are prone to fool around with bombs-though even Krokodil might boggle at his suggestion that American air conditioning will cause sterility.

Sub Sighted, Sank Same

THE ATLANTIC BATTLE WON (399 pp.)-Samuel Eliot Morison-Atlantic-Little. Brown (\$6).

In May 1945 the German U-boats steamed back from the Atlantic flying the black flags of surrender. In all, 181 Uboats gave up, and another 217 were destroyed by their crews. During the course of the Atlantic war, 699 more had been sunk by the Allies, and another 82 had been lost through accidents of war. They had been Hitler's best bet to keep the U.S. from sending effective help to Europe, and for a time in 1942 and 1943 it had looked as though the bet would pay off. Together with Italian subs, they had sent more than 3,000 Allied ships and 40,000 men to the bottom

In Volume X (The Atlantic Battle Won) of his huge history of the U.S. Navy in World War II, Harvard's Professor Samuel Eliot Morison writes: "The Atlantic, which since the dawn of history has been taking the lives of brave and adventurous men, must have received more human bodies into its ocean gravevard during the years 1939-45 than in all other naval wars since the fleets of Blake and Van Tromp grappled in the Narrow Seas." And Rear Admiral Morison, U.S.N.R., adds: "Sailormen all, and passengers too,

we salute you!

Author Morison's Atlantic is itself a crisp, readable salute to the U.S. and British flyers, seamen and scientists who met and smashed what may well have been Nazi Germany's toughest and most

* A possible contributing factor: in transit from Haiti to London, Greene told immigration officials in Puerto Rico that he had been a member of the Communist Party, which automatically barred him from the U.S. under the Greene had joined the university branch as "a prank" in a students' attempt to subvert the subversives.



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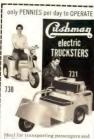


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ruthless service. The measure of U.S. unreadiness can easily be taken by anyone who remembers the near contempt with which German subs sank ships in broad daylight within sight of the East Coast. How quickly Allied brains and guts turned the contempt of the coast of the coast

A certain portion of Atlantic is necessarily given over to a workmanlike description of: 1) Allied naval organization. 2) German Admiral Doenitz' changes of strategy and tactics, and 3) Allied changes of pace and weapons to meet them. Right up until the end of the war, there were new types of subs abuilding, and Doenitz still hoped to send the bulk of the U.S. war effort to the ocean floor. But for the most part. Historian Morison recites the details of battle after battle, sinking after sinking, with a sailor's relish that keeps the pages turning at a speed uncommon for readers of sound history. Several writers-notably Commander Edward L. Beach in Submarine! (TIME, June 9, 1952) and Run Silent, Run Deep (TIME. April 4)-have graphically described the fearful strain and special terrors of the submariner's life. Author Morison, with his painstaking accuracy and his historian's gusto, is a ship of a different class, Disdaining fiction, and finding his excitement in verified facts, he reaches port, ties to his berth and reports: mission accom-

"Never the Twain . . . "

Some INNER FURY (255 pp.)—Kamala Markandaya—John Day (\$3.50).

The East to West flow of novels has swollen from a trickle to a stream in the past 15 months. From Japan have come Some Prefer Nettles and Homecoming, together with a reissue of The Honorable Pienie, A Chinese woman living in Hong Komg drew a partrait of present-day China used American and Nextor in a Sirsen, the latter by the author of the latest Indian entry, Some Inner Farry. The bulk of these mines themes the same themes that the same free that

For the first three-quarters of her novel. India's Kamala Markandaya, 32, chronicles this head-on culture clash on the purely domestic level, but in the last part Some Inner Fury is rocked by the ferocity of an India passion-bent on independence. In the eye of this hurricane is Author Markandaya's heroine, a grave-eyed, gentle-born girl of 16 named Mira. When her brother Kitsamy brings an Oxford classmate. Richard Marlowe, home with him after graduation, Mira is so blushinghold as to beg her mother to let her go on an unchaperoned swimming party with the handsome blond Englishman. Mama quickly scotches that outing, and British officialdom does the rest by ordering Richard off to his colonial duties.

East-West tensions tug more severally at brother Kit. When Manu nulnearhes the marriage brokers to round up a suitable bride for him, Kit balks: "How can I marry a girl I have not even seen? Sleep with her, call her my wife?" But after Premala, a devoted homebody with a sweet disposition, lives with the family for a few months, even Kit can think on good reason for not marrying her.

Within the year, the newlyweds invite Mira for a visit to their big-city home. In due time she meets Richard again. With India's sun-scorched earth and evergreen-crowned peaks for a backdrop,



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their illicit love affair is a many-splendored dream. They wake up to the manmade India riven by hate. In a tragedy of errors. Kit and Premala are murdered by nationalist extremists, and as the episode ramifies. Mira and Richard find that not even their love can break through the socio-cultural barrier.

Author Markandaya lives and writes in London, and her book has the drawbacks of the contemporary English novel in which the writer's gentlemanly reach never exceeds the grasp of a meticulously tailored talent. However, the personal relationships of her characters have a tenderness and warmth noticeably above Anglo-Saxon room temperature. When East and West finally do spill blood in Some Inner Fury, it is not stanched with muffling allusions to history-on-the-march, but flows with the startling immediacy and open-faced surprise of an accident in the family kitchen where homely, familiar objects sometimes rise up and deal the unkindest cuts of all,

Ode to the Expatriate Dead

THE MALEFACTORS (312 pp.) - Caroline Gordon-Harcourt, Brace (\$3.95).

The spiritual hangover of the Lost Generation has gone on for a quarter of a century now, and the pain is beginning to settle in the neck of the reader. Novelist Caroline Gordon, 60, a onetime expatriate (class of '29-'30) varies the familiar symptoms slightly by making hers a lost-and-found generation novel. In the pages of The Malefactors, the mourning after the big Paris binge becomes a kind of purgatory on the road to religious serenity. In keeping with its semiautobiographic overtones (Author Gordon and her poet-critic-novelist husband. Allen Tate, are recent Roman Catholic converts), this book is one of those Mary McCarthy-like exercises in intellectual cattiness in which one claws one's literary

The novel's hero. Tom Claiborne, is a burnt-out Southern poet who keeps trying to fire up the clinkers of his talent with alcohol. His wife Vera is a moneybags and a ninny with whom he has been out of love for a decade or more. While Vera breeds Red Poll bulls on their Bucks County. Pa., farm, Tom holds a running bull session with. 1) the spirit of his rakehell father, 2) the voice of his moral and artistic conscience (it speaks in italics), 3) the bittersweet memories of expatriate days centering around a Dionysian, suicide-bent poet named Horne Watts, who is clearly modeled on the late Hart Crane.

Cocktail Houri, Bobbing and weaving about the premises are a passel of New York glitterati. There is a highbrow editor of a popular magazine who is keen on starting a new literary journal and wants Tom to round up a staff of "topnotchers" and decorated veterans from the little magazine wars ("You did publish Holloway's first stuff in Spectra, didn't you? There is Tom's cousin George, a wouldbe painter turned psychoanalyst, and

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James May and Customer: "Tuxedo for a fishing trip . . ."

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George's wife, whose mind is an ambush out of which Freud continually jumps ("Can't the Cross be a phallic symbol?" All the "malefactors" are somewhat mystified by one of their hellcat playmates from the old Paris days, who has dropped their cultish enthusiasms, become a Roman Catholic, and is running a kind of cooperative flophouse hostel for Bowery bums. Tom pooh-poohs this project and is much more susceptible to a cocktail houri and budding lady poet named Cynthia Vail, who shows him a few of her lines. Before Cynthia is through with Tom,

he realizes that she is a literary climber who plans to use the prone bodies of her name-brand intellectual lovers as social steppingstones. By that time, Vera has joined the flophouse choir of ministering angels, and Tom, in an uncharacteristically humble mood, is ready to see the



NOVELIST GORDON A generation lost and found.

light of salvation. He sees it in a piece of transcendent silliness and highly dubious analogizing by a nun who tells Tom that his fellow poet's drunkenness, homosexuality and suicide were simply signs of his perietyid search for God, roughly compersable to the query and anguish of St. Catherine of Siena. At novel's end, Tom goes off to enlist in the growing army of flophouse saints.

Gertrude or P.T.? Apart from such embarrassment as it may cause the author's immediate friends, the moral and intellectual striptease is a legitimate novelistic device for baring some universal truth. In The Malefactors, it becomes an end in itself, exposing only cliquish gossip. Written with sensibility, if dehatable sense, the novel inadvertently reveals that the Lost Generation may not have been lost at all, just born to be led astray and taken in. Was its christener, Gertrude Stein, its patron saint after all, or was it P. T. Barnum?

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commissions, inventories, payroll, extending invoices, percentages, operating statements.

Exclusive Mult-O-Matic lever gives you completely automatic multiplication from one simple set of nu-

meral keys. You multiply figures as you would write

them—only the multiplicand, multiplier, and answer, properly identified by symbols, are printed on the tape.

Automatic Constant remembers for you. A touch of the lever—that's all—lets you multiply the same figure any number of times without re-entering that figure each time. No need for mental calculating—no extra

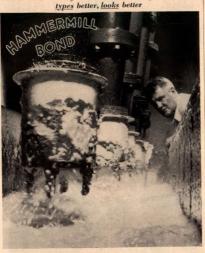
Exclusive total transfer button lets you retain a total in the machine so that it can be multiplied by another

Don't wait. Call for a free tryout! Look under "V" for Victor in Adding Machine section of your classified phone book. Or write Victor.



TIME, MARCH 12, 1956

Another reason why Hammermill Bond prints better, MISCELLANY types better, looks better



IT TOOK A HAMMERMILL INVENTION AND \$500,000 -but now your Hammermill Bond is cleaner than ever

Now YOU CAN sign your letters on Hammermill Bond with added pride.

Hammermill Bond has always been scrubbed cleaner than a small boy going to a party. On its half-mile trip through our plant the pulp is washed and screened and bleached and washed again. That's why in the past you've found so few specks to mar its brilliant blue-whiteness.

Now a Hammermill invention makes Hammermill Bond even cleaner than before. The equipment, shown above, gives our blended fibers one last "bath" just before they go on the papermaking machines

The pulp fibers are pumped, whirling, into those cone-shaped pipes. The dirt particles, being heavier, are flung to the outside and carried away so they can never get into the paper. That white froth you see is actually "dirty" pulp. The clean fibers rise to the top, are piped immediately to the papermaking machine. There they become paper for the cleanestlooking letters you ever signed

This invention took Hammermill four years to develop, half a million dollars to install; a huge investment just to make your Hammermill Bond "cleaner than clean

Yet it's merely the newest in a long line of technological advances that make Hammermill Bond 1) print better -ask your printer, 2) type better-ask your secretary, 3) look better-see for ourself! Hammermill Paper Company, Erie, Pennsylvania.

Printers everywhere use Hammerm papers. Many display this shield.



and actually less than many ather watermarked papers

Hothead. In Salt Lake City, arrested for willful destruction of property, Norman Doyle Curtis was charged with setting fire to the city jail.

French Leave. In Hartford, Conn., arrested with a large bag of shoplifted clothing, Marie Sequin explained that she was merely collecting for the "underprivileged children of France."

Report Card. In Cleveland, a 13-yearold boy jauntily admitted in court that he had fired a shotgun blast through the bedroom window of School Superintendent I. L. King, explained: "I just didn't like the guy, in school or any place."

Vox Populi. In Washington, New Hampshire's Senator Norris Cotton received a fan letter from a high school girl: "All my friends are saving pictures of movie stars and I want to be different, so please send me photos of twelve senators, but pick carefully, even the best are sort of funny looking.

School Daze. In Middletown, Ohio, Bob Boring, convicted of reckless driving, was ordered to attend four sessions of an auto school as part of the sentence, was arrested when he ran down a pedestrian while driving to his third class.

A Winter's Tale. In London, Architectural Student Patrick Huggins took aim, hit a passing policeman, was fined £1 (\$2.80) for "wantonly discharging a missile, to wit, a snowball, to the damage or danger of persons in Kensington Court."

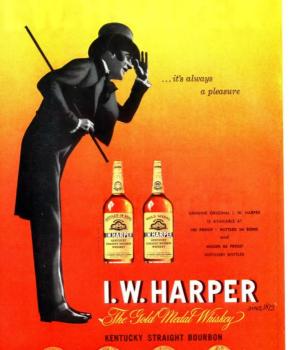
Poetic License. In Boise, Idaho, police looked for the thief who stole the hubcaps from John Zeltner's auto, left a note on the front seat: "Roses are red, violets are blue. Oldsmobiles are nice, and I like hubcaps too.

The Rustler. In Omaha, police looked for the man who rang Irwin Chapman's doorbell, pointed a pistol at him, growled, "I want that," made off with his son's rocking horse.

Twist of Fate. In Newark, Leroy Bonner, 24, confessed that he had robbed a local gas station and diner, told the cops that he had turned to crime because he just couldn't make a living baking, bending and selling pretzels.

Aficionado, In Paris, Cab Driver André Daniel was sentenced to an eight-month prison term despite his explanation that he stole five cabs in one week only out of "love for the taxicab business.

Reconstructionist. In Hazard, Ky., Oliver Cole, 40, was arrested after neighbors phoned the cops, complained that he stood in the street pounding on a garbage can while loudly campaigning for another term for Abraham Lincoln.



THE PARTY MADE WAS ASSESSED. TO SELECT A SECURITY.



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